NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXX. No. 23105. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

NOTIFICATION

No. 5106.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Transfer Books of the Municipal Loans will be closed from June 16 to June 30.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, June 1, 1939.

13218

GOVERNMENT BILLS, ETC.

Tenders for Dollars local currency for Telegraphic Transfer on the War Office, London, up to and for the sum of £10,000 will be received by the Area Paymaster, until 11 a.m. on June 7, 1939.

The tenders to state the total amount (in pounds sterling). No telegraphic transfer will be made for less than £100.

The tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the Area Paymaster, Embarkation Staff Office, 1st Floor, 24 Central Road, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills, etc."

The right is reserved (1) to accept or reject any or all of the tenders and (2) in case of equality of rate between tenders amounting in all to more than the total sum required, to give preference to any tender received from the Bankers to the Treasury Chest.

Persons tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that having regard to the Provisions of the Acts 22 George III Cap. and 41 George III Cap. 52 the acceptance of any such tenders is subject to the express condition that no Member of British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the Contractor thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills).

The provisions in question do not apply to contracts entered into by any incorporated company in its corporated capacity and made for the general benefit of the company.

J. S. EYNON,
Major, R.A.P.C.
Area Paymaster, Shanghai
Area Pay Office, Shanghai.

13297

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. George Talbot has relinquished his partnership in this Company, and that he will not be responsible for liabilities, prior to or hereafter this date.

THE PRINTING PRESS,
184 Weihaiwei Road

-8058

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Captain G. H. Price has left our service and that in his place Mr. W. C. Kent has been appointed Wharf Manager of the Roosevelt Terminal.

WILLIAM HUNT & COMPANY
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June 1, 1939. 13293

NOTICE to CONSIGNEES

Damaged cargo ex ss. Conte Verde and m.v. Monte Piana will be examined by Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy on Friday, June 9 at 9 a.m. at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Pootung.

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13288

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Issue of 5½%
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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture Transfer Register in respect of the above issue will be closed from June 16 to June 30, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
J. B. ETHERINGTON,
Secretary.

Shanghai, June 5, 1939. 13296

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Residence: 253 Rue Maresca
Flat E, Telephone 76793

-7992

To-day's Events

JUNE

7 Jumble S., Limbless Fund, U.C. Hall
7 Norway and Sweden separated (1905)

Coming Events

JUNE

8 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
8 B.U.S.C., 'The Age of Spenser,' by H.G.B. Perry, Esq. 24 Rte. Ferguson, 5.15
8 Royal Asiatic Society Lecture, 5.30
8 Vocal Concert, Bergmann, Broadway Theatre, 9.15
9 Miss J. Rubinraut's younger pupils, Station XMHD, 5
9 Y.W.C.A. Musical Tea, 5
9 Shanghai Camera Club, Meeting and Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
10 "B" Coy., S.V.C., No. 1 Platoon, Monthly Dinner, S.V.C. Club, 8
10 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
12 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, Y.M.C.A., 3
14 K. Orlovskaya's gala performance 'Mlle Nitouche,' Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
15 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
16 'Mlle Nitouche,' Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
16 Show and Dance, Polish Women's Association, A.W.C., 9
18 'Mlle Nitouche,' Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
22 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30

JULY

4 B.U.S.L.C. garden p'ty., 425 Haig, 5.15

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PHOTOGRAPHS

Presentation to Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Young
Naval and Military Parades
Memorial Day Observance
H.M. Ambassador's Return
Farewell Receptions to Admiral and Mrs. H.E. Yarnell
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

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Today's News

World Radio Page 2

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Check Up on Your Printing

Stationery supplies and other printed matter are often the responsibility of a junior in an office. However excellent he may be it is unreasonable to expect him to realize the importance of this duty.

It is impossible to over-estimate the psychological value of printing with quality in its production, and an unwise assumption that all that interests any printer is the price. If possessed of sound commercial foresight he is also concerned in the return his craft makes to the purchaser, and the reputation of the office responsible for its production.

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and marked "Letters to the Editor"

That Bus Token: How Much is it Good for?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—If it had not happened three times, I would not have believed it. I would have thought: Oh, just another day dream—now when the weather-man has turned on the heat. A puzzle for any national economist! And, as a national economist is supposed to know everything, what an enigma for an ordinary bus-rider in these dog-days!

Some time before our War, the C. G. O. Co. Ltd.—China General Omnibus Company to the poor riders re-issued a sort of token-money for the benefit of all concerned. Handy little coins, silver shining and showing a number 5, loftily floating in the air,—really a nice and rather artistic piece of *à jour* work. At closer inspection, it could be seen that the five was not actually floating in the air, but was discretely fixed at a kind of saturnal ring upon which a device was inscribed in clear block-letters: "Good for Five Cents"—and that *comme un rocher de bronze*, impressed and impressive as "God Save the King!" This token-money was a nice and practical institution and anyway much better than the burden of five dirty copper-cents which it replaced. Then it disappeared from circulation, but recently it re-appeared in the market—only, and this is the puzzle, it is—believe it or not! Yet-it is dealt with an agio of 1 copper! Who has ever heard of such a thing? Token-money dealt with an agio!

I had to take a ticket for 6 cents, handed over a note of 10 and get back a token for 5! "Good for 5 cent!" I protested, being an honest man. The little conductor said with charming smile: "No, belong only 4 coppers!" I had to take another ticket for 5 cents, offered innocently my coin "Good for 5 Cents," but the little conductor sparkled black fire from his eyes: "You must pay 1 cent more"—I felt myself already a cheater and not even good for 5 cents, guaranteed by the C. G. O. Co. Ltd., as solemnly inscribed on the rear of the medal.

Now, I beg to ask: Where is the possible sense in it? How can a private token-money, a chip, a metallic "Obligation to Bearer" — for that it is juristically: "An obligation to bearer is an instrument by which the bearer may claim from the maker a prestation according to the tenor thereof" (cf. C. C. C. Art. 719)—I ask, how can a token-money be made dependent of the depreciation of the currency in question regarding to another exchange? For, such is the explanation offered to me, at the third occasion, by the controller of the tickets. Said he: "You see, the Chinese Dollar dropped so much, so the "value" of the token-money has also dropped quite naturally!"... Now I wonder and wonder: How much is good for...?

ALOPEX.

Shanghai, June 5.

Shanghai Traffic: Road Lines Ignored

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—At most street crossings the S.M.C. have thoughtfully demarcated the pedestrian fairway either with studs or white painted lines and, in many cases, a large and perfectly clear "Stop" in English and Chinese is painted on the road on the approach side of these crossings. This is excellent in theory and would be of inestimable advantage to the harassed pedestrian if the slightest notice of either lines or "Stop" sign were taken by the hooligans riding bicycles, pushing barrows, driving motor trucks and, I regret to say, sometimes even private cars. Time and again the pedestrian attempts to cross the street, with the green light, and his limbs at least are endangered by a surge of traffic piling up across, and several yards beyond, the safety zone supposedly reserved for him.

Cannot the police on point duty be instructed to enforce the ruling that, when the red light is switched on, traffic must draw up behind the line and give the wretched pedestrian a chance? A few convictions for this offence would, I believe, work wonders and you, Sir, will perhaps use your very considerable influence to secure some amelioration of the unhappy pedestrian's lot.

What is supposed (by the Traffic authorities) to be the fate of the unwary pedestrian who finds himself, quite legitimately, half-way across the road when the lights change? The amber warning light, giving a brief but adequate interval for traffic both ways, wheeled and pedestrian, to clear should be installed at all crossings. In the congested state of the streets nowadays this is clearly an essential and without this safeguard the pedestrian can expect no mercy or consideration from Shanghai's traffic.

SHANK'S MARE.

Shanghai, June 6.

Rubbish Dumping: A Chinese Complaint

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—On the wide road surface by the side of the Soochow Creek on the Markham Road rubbish has been and is being dumped to such an extent that as a daily passer-by by trolley-bus route 16, 19, or 21, at least four times a day amongst thousands of others, and as a near-by resident paying a large amount in respect of the S.M.C. taxes, I got so much "fed-up" with the extremely strong stench the other day that I at once vomited and fell ill. Now, Sir, I shall greatly appreciate if you will kindly reply to the following questions:—

(1) Why is rubbish allowed to accumulate there to such an extent and for so long?
(2) Why is it not cleared away every day?
(3) Whose fault is it?
(4) Who is held responsible for the deplorable state of affairs?
(5) Why do the authorities concerned not find a lonely place to dump rubbish?

Is it because no European lives near the dirty place that nobody cares anything for the filthy, unbearable, insanitary condition? I wonder whether the Commissioner of Public Health of the S.M.C. knows anything about this. For the sake of public health, especially during the summer, I would ask him to see the deplorable state of things there for himself in order that he may take immediate, necessary steps to put a stop to the nuisance, once and for all.

PROMOTING PUBLIC HEALTH.

Shanghai, June 6.

IF MAHOMMED COULDN'T COME TO THE MOUNTAIN
— THEN THE MOUNTAIN WOULD COME TO HIM
— BUT IF MR. CHAMBERLAIN CANNOT GO TO MOSCOW
— MARSHAL VOROSHILOFF, MUCH AS HE REGRETS — CANNOT COME TO LONDON
— HOWEVER, THERE ARE TELEPHONES NOW
SAPAJOU

BY SAPAJOU

Collaboration—Before and Now

Britain's Aerial Defense

Preparations Against Attack of Three Types Of Bombs, Poison Gas, Incendiary and H. E.

IN the event of war breaking out between Great Britain and a power on the European continent, it is expected that the first signs of hostilities will take the form of large-scale air raids over great centres of population. Although every country has made preparations to ward off these attacks, considerable loss of life and immense material damage will undoubtedly ensue. Hostile aircraft sent to attack enemy cities will be provided with three forms of bombs, which they will release on their objective. These will be high explosive bombs, bombs containing poison gas and incendiary bombs, states the "Sunday Oregonian."

The high explosive bombs are the heaviest of all such projectiles carried by aircraft. They may weigh anything between 25 and 3,000 pounds, though the heaviest type is not likely to be used very much owing to the difficulty of transport. In all probability these very heavy bombs will be used against definite objectives, such as arsenals, where such a bomb could create the maximum measure of damage. The type of high explosive bomb which we are told will be in general use will most likely be of 500 pounds. The charge will in most cases be of trinitrotoluol, or TNT, as it is usually called, though other explosives may also be employed.

Poison Gases

As far as poison gas bombs are concerned, the general impression prevails that these will be charged with one or two compounds, mustard gas and phosgene. On the whole, phosgene is more to be dreaded than mustard gas because of its delayed action. A whiff of phosgene will not make its effect felt until some time later, and in fact part of the work of wardens will be to induce those who have been in a phosgene gas attack to go at once to a hospital, although they might be feeling "on top of the world" at the time. Mustard gas is almost immediate in its effects, and swift decontamination is necessary in order to prevent dire consequences.

Such things as lachrymatory gases are scarcely likely to be employed, since the damage they do is not only relatively slight but temporary, and therefore it would be a mistake to waste transport on their use.

The tactics of bomb warfare naturally vary with the country over which bombing planes have to operate. In very open country, air raids would be practically useless. In moderately built-over areas, an enemy might drop a few gas bombs for the purpose of shaking morale and would follow these up with high explosive, which has a fairly wide area of destruction.

In big cities like London or Manchester or Liverpool, the bomb warfare would consist of a judicious mixture of high explosive and incendiary bombs, with probably a small amount of poison gas. This writer's opinion is that there will be relatively little poison gas used, for the reason that gas bombs have an extremely localized effect as compared with high explosive or licendiary bombs.

Probable Method

The probable method of an enemy sending air squadrons over London will be to order his planes to drop a certain amount of poison gas and to follow this up with plenty of medium-sized high explosive. This would plaster the city with TNT and would shake up buildings and smash windows, thus making it impossible to stop draughts and generally pave the way for an enormous rain of incendiary bombs.

Now, these incendiary bombs are surprisingly small. The most usual type weighs about two pounds, and one large bomber can carry between 1000 and 2000 of these things. If scattered over a city and not dealt with at once, they might start so many fires that no fire brigade could cope with them all. Moreover, the previous use of high explosives will have damaged water mains, so that there would probably not be enough water for fire engines to use, and will also have broken up thoroughfares so that fire engines could not reach the sites of the fires.

Incendiary bombs, owing to their lightness and general flimsiness, cannot be aimed with any degree of accuracy. They are not dropped singly, but are released from containers, each holding ten to 20 bombs, and, in fact, a big salvo of several containers can be released simultaneously.

These bombs have very poor powers of penetration, so that, while they may go through an ordinary roof made of tiles, slates or corrugated iron, they probably would remain in an upper story and start a roof fire, which it would be very difficult to put out.

The pattern of incendiary bomb which we are told is most likely to be used against this country is the one usually called the electron bomb and which carries 34 ounces. It consists of a tube nine inches long and two inches in diameter, made of an alloy of magnesium and aluminum.

At one end there is a tail five inches long to steady the bomb in flight. The tube is filled with a priming composition of the thermite type, and the bomb is fitted with an igniter which may be situated either in the nose or in the rear end of the tube.

The bomb ignites on impact and does not explode. One point to be remembered is that, although this type is often described as a thermite bomb, the incendiary agent it contains is not the thermite composition, but the magnesium tube itself. The thermite will burn for just under a minute at a temperature of 2500 degrees centigrade, and this great heat melts and ignites the magnesium tube. The magnesium itself will burn up to a quarter of an hour at a temperature of about 1300 degrees centigrade, and it may remain active as long as 20 minutes and will set fire to anything inflammable within a few feet.

Intelligence of Jewish Race

Product of Long Continued Evolution and Persecution, Says Professor Hooton

Harvard's Professor Hooton is a witty anthropologist who is noted for his pessimisiic views on the state of mankind in general. Recently Prof. Hooton, no Jew, published in "Collier's" his outspoken and provocative an article on the Jewish question. After postulating that facial characteristics set the Jews apart, that they are "a people representing the super-sophisticated product of intensive selection and long-continued evolution," Dr. Hooton proceeds to embark upon "a discussion which will arouse the ire of many an idealistic democrat with an inferiority complex and of all scientists who labour under the delusion that only negative findings are sound." Says he:

"My thesis is that the highly evolved and special physiognomy so frequently characteristic of the Jew is correlated with certain equally highly evolved and specialized characteristics of mind, temperament and personality. The purgative force of natural and social selection has been exerted continuously and with increasing severity upon the Jewish people, while it has been abated and nullified in large measure among our own non-Jewish stocks, which have been sheltered, pampered and fostered.

We go on merrily and righteously nurturing our 'Aryan' imbeciles, morons and criminals, encouraging them to breed more of their kind, and supporting them at public expense. On the other hand, we persecute the Jews and try to destroy them, and actually succeed in preventing the survival of those who are not superior in wits and in constitution. Thus we make them better and better, while we get worse and worse.

"You cannot impose upon a people a brutal regime of selection by political and economic oppression, interspersed with periodic pogroms, without effecting a concentration in that people of all the mental and physical qualities which make for survival....

"The Jews ... have been freed from the onus of their own inferior elements. We have divested them of their morons. ... They have had to learn that a Jew who is to survive must do what he does supremely well, whether in the realms of commerce, politics, science or scholarship.

Eugenic Regime

... Their involuntarily eugenic regime has been partly responsible for the astounding frequency with which they produce men of genius. ...

"Why, then, have Jews been so constantly the objects of hatred on the part of their fellow men? ... If they are too clever for us and contrive to beat us in nearly every intellectual and commercial game, in spite of inferiority of numbers and dice consistently loaded against them, we have to fall back upon our numerical preponderance and upon our excess of brute force. Then we begin to envy and to hate them, and every one of their physical, psychological or sociological divergences from our own pattern becomes obnoxious."

Anthropologist Hooton's remedy for "this festering sore" of anti-Semitism is as bold as his thesis. "There is but one remedy," says he. "That is the assimilation of the Jewish minorities by intermarriage. ...

"If we could get all of the Jews in this country and Europe to outmarry, it would leaven the lump of Gentile stupidity. There is enough ability concentrated in the few millions of Jews to raise the general average considerably if it were disseminated by intermixture. ... I do not know that they would be willing to do it, but, if they did, they would confer a great genetic boon upon mankind, and at the same time would solve their own problems.

"Most of us could do with a little Jewish blood and intelligence. I am sure that I could and I think that a little of that strain, at the very least, would have improved the shape of my nose."

WORLD RADIO

The following table shows the Shanghai times at which *news* is broadcast in the principal countries of the world, together with the wave-lengths and frequencies used. We shall be glad to receive comment or suggestions from listeners, which should be addressed or telephoned to the Radio Editor of the "North-China Daily News" (Tel. 11055).

PLACE	P.M. (SHAI. TIME)	METRES	CYCLES
London*	(Trans.2). 6.45-9.50	16.84	17.81
	(Trans.3)10.00-12.00	16.84	17.81
	Midnight 1.00 a.m.	16.86	17.79
Paris	7	19.68	15.25
Rome	5.30 9.30 12	25.40	11.81
	7	16.83	17.82
Berlin	3 8 10	16.89	19.63
San Fran.	8.30 10.30	31.48	9.53
Manila	6.30 11	31.35	9.57
Melbourne	5.15 8.30 9.20	31.32	9.58
Tokyo	1 2 3.30 4.30 10 11	25.42	11.80
Hongkong	1.30 9.15	31.49	9.52

*Afternoon BBC Programme

7.30 "At the Black Dog," play
8.00 "The Royal Navy," talks
9.00 "Empire Exchange," travellers' points of view
9.15 News
9.45 Sports news and markets
11.00 "Hymen and the Highwayman," comedy
12.00 News

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF JUNE 7, 1869

Hongkong.—Papers brought by the Venus are entirely devoid of news. The "Daily Press" calls for attention to the trade in female slaves, carried on between Hongkong and San Francisco. The majority of them, it says, are kidnapped, and are too timid or too ignorant to free themselves when brought to the Colony. The matter demands earnest attention. It is said that the P. & O. ss. China is to take a direct cargo of silkworms' eggs direct from Yokohama to Suez.

Singers Approached High Standard with Songs

United Russian Choir Concert in Lyceum

Judging from the instantaneous crack of applause which greeted the termination of each number, and the constant demand for encores, the United Choir's concert in the Lyceum on Monday evening under the able direction of Mr. Kolchin was very much of a success.

Turning to a more critical point of view, it is a pleasure to record that the singers approached a high standard indeed in their songs of the first half of the programme, whilst those in the second half were less well managed. In other words, works of a serious nature, without soloist, were more suited to the abilities of this choir. Mention must, however, be made of Mr. Sajapin's bass solo at the end of the programme which he was called upon (literally) to repeat.

The arrangement of Chopin's Etude (Op. 10, No. 3), entitled "It is not the Flower Which Fades" by Chesnokoff (without apologies to Chopin!) was not very convincing. It would have been better had the humming accompaniment been more of a *sostenuto* nature, rather than a vocal imitation of the piano accompaniment to this little work in its original form. The Volga Boatmen was authentic enough in its harmonies (and how seldom one hears the correct progressions) but the version with female voices is not as satisfying as a concentrated male ensemble. Mr. Kolchin did not manage the gradations of volume and accentuation at all well. This, however, is but a magnification of the faults of a minor song; Mr. Kolchin is to be congratulated on his undoubted ability as a choir-master and conductor. His association with this choir has obviously engendered a sort of musical telepathy.

Finally a word about the really beautiful costumes: a special effort was made in this direction and the Lyceum's stage was transformed into a pageant of colour.

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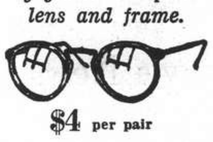

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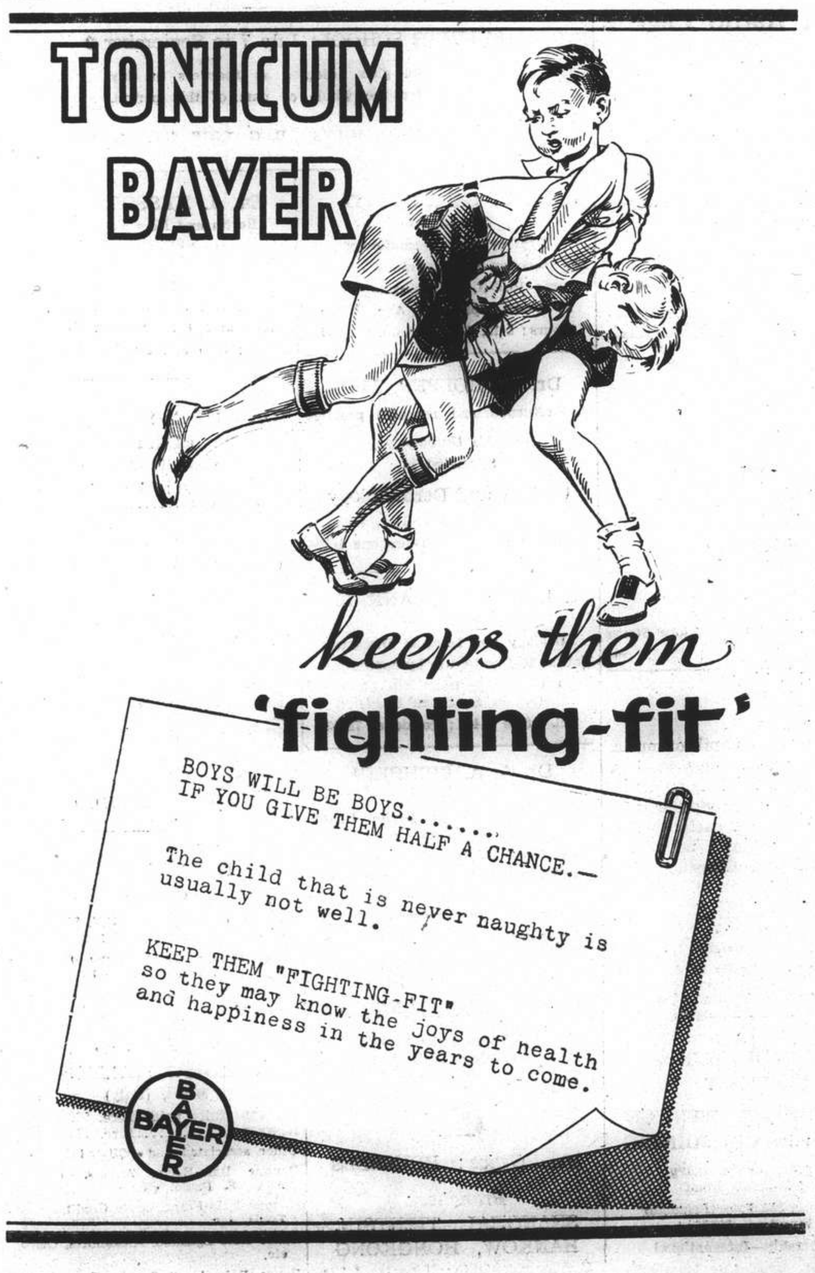
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7 NEPTUNE Grey 13-1, A/203, aged, "Y" Class, Griffin of 1939, Has been placed.
8 SATURN Black 13-2, A/177, S.R.C. 1939 Sub-griffin, Has been placed.
9 MERCURY, late BRAMSHOT Grey 13-0, J/249, S.R.C. 1937 Griffin, winner and placed.
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New Currency in North China

F.R.B. Notes Recovery of Temporary Nature; Influx Of Japanese to Peiping

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Peiping, May 29.

The Federal Reserve Bank currency has recovered somewhat in the last two weeks, due to a variety of temporary measures, and not to any real belief in its stability. Neither the Chinese nor Japanese public appear to show any renewed confidence in it.

To even the merest tyro in financial matters it might seem obvious that with a falling currency there would be a rise in prices, and that with an unstable money market, merchants would not be over-anxious to dispose of their goods. This, however, does not seem to have entered the heads of the financial military geniuses who control our affairs here. They have, therefore, started a virulent campaign against the wicked speculators and profiteers.

The new currency is part of that wonderful new order in East Asia about which we have been hearing so much in recent days. To show the slightest doubt as to the stability or value of this currency, is to cast aspersions on the new order. The lack of faith in the notes of the Federal Bank can only be due to the diabolic machinations of Gen. Chiang Kai-shek and his Communist government. For these reasons over 100 Chinese shopkeepers, and even, it is said, a few Japanese, who are dealing in provisions and tinned goods were arrested here on May 25 by Chinese and Japanese gendarmes.

Disturbing Economic Fabric

The charge against them is one of "disturbing the economic fabric of north China and profiteering by buying up foodstuffs, with the intention of taking advantage of advancing commodity prices in Peiping." And the authorities declare that it is their firm intention to "deal drastically with those who challenge the economic order of north China and engage in speculative buying and storing of daily necessaries." In plain language, and stripped of all its verbiage, it simply means that the Japanese authorities in north China are going to try and enforce price control, as is being done in Japan and Manchoukuo.

Conditions are rather different, however, in these parts, and it may not prove quite so easy. Under present condition, north China can hardly be called a closed-off or self-contained unit. Locally, too, such measures are likely to cause trouble. All the vegetable produce, which forms the greater part of the diet of both the Chinese and Japanese population, is brought into the city every day by farmers in the surrounding districts. And it there is to be any question of rigidly controlling their prices, they simply will not come in at all.

Rent Restriction Act

But in another direction attempts are being made to control prices; and a kind of municipal rent restriction act is to be brought into force shortly. its clauses are highly interesting:—

But in another direction attempts are being made to control prices; and a kind of municipal rent restriction act is to be brought into force shortly. Its clauses are highly interesting:—

Landlords not allowed to raise rentals except for some special reason.

A rental assessment commission to be set up, to investigate disputes between landlords and tenants.

Landlords not entitled to demand evacuation of tenants without very special reasons.

In cases where the landlord can for good cause demand the evacuation of the tenant, the latter is entitled to remain in occupation for a further four months without paying rent.

In case a tenant fails to pay rent for two months in succession, the landlord has the right to evict him. But if this happens, after the tenant has been paying his rent regularly for more than three years, then the landlord has to wait the above four months.

After the rental agreement has been duly signed the landlord is not entitled to sell or re-rent the house to someone else.

In case of re-renting after evacuation the landlord is not permitted to raise the rent by more than 20 per cent.

Rental agreements to be for a maximum of three years.

It will be noted that all the clauses of this Act, are particularly favourable to the tenant. And in its preamble the Act justifies the regulations on the grounds of the large influx of fresh population. It neglects, however, to mention that the influx is, almost entirely, of Japanese who continue to pour in their thousands into Peiping which according to their own statements is, even in these days, a perfect eldorado, when compared with the hard living conditions in Japan.

It is, therefore, perhaps not so strange, after all, that these new rent regulations are so tender of the interest of the tenant. The only thing to be said as far as concerns the interests of the landlords, is that these regulations are nowadays only of importance in connection with evicting a tenant. For a long time already, there has not been a single house to be had in the whole of Peiping; at least, not in those districts frequented by the Japanese.

Chinese Ordered to Move Out

House property, altogether, is not much of a catch these days in Peiping. If you are a Chinese and own a large and attractive compound with the buildings in a good state of repair, it is likely to be taken away from you on the plea (scarcely the right word) of military requirements. The tenants, Chinese or foreign, are simply ordered to get out; even allied nationals, such as Germans and Italians, are not exempt from such evictions.

As regards the thousands of smaller houses rented by Japanese, the Chinese landlord is lucky, if after the first two or three months, he gets any rent at all, and then it is generally not the rent originally agreed on. Whether any landlord will be bold enough to appeal under the new regulations, will be interesting to watch. There are also various schemes on the tapis of city improvement, by laying large thoroughfares through certain parts and the erection of several large administration buildings.

For this purpose whole blocks will have to be pulled down. And several property owners have been warned that their houses will be wanted for this purpose, for which they will receive quite a nominal sum. City improvement schemes on these lines would seem to be fairly easy, and might be recommended to the Shanghai Municipal Council when planning to widen Nanking and other streets in the Central District.

London Letter

China Association Meeting

Japan's Policy to Strangle British and European Trade; Tientsin's Precarious Position

BY O. M. GREEN

(Editor "North-China Daily News," 1911-1930)

London, May 17.

THE annual meeting of the China Association, held in the beautiful board room of the P. & O., with its many serene portraits of dignitaries of the great company from its earliest days, was well attended and marked by a very forceful speech from the chairman, Mr. G. Warren Swire.

He argued strongly for decisive action by the Government against Japanese encroachments on British interests in China, suggesting that "the Government does not seem really to understand the weakness as well as the strength of the Japanese character and, while we all appreciate the irrefutable objections to a policy of bluff that is no reason for being bluffed."

He also spoke strongly on the intolerable conditions in Hankow and on the Yangtze and the increasingly grave state of British trade in North China, where, it would really appear, only firm retaliation action can work a cure.

An urgent plea was put forward by one member for more publicity by the Committee in the shape of letters to "The Times." He pointed out that most of the publicity about China is at present conducted by organizations of a somewhat "left wing" complexion and it was surely advisable that the China Association, composed of men who knew the Chinese intimately, should speak out plainly from time to time, not only in defence of British interests, but in sympathy with the Chinese to protest against the massacring of helpless civilians by the Japanese air raids.

Three New Members

Three new members appear on the Committee, Sir George Moss, lately Consul-General in Hankow; Mr. G. M. Dodwell, who take the place of the late Mr. H. A. J. Macray; and Mr. E. J. Davies, of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, who takes the place of Mr. O. J. Barnes, retired. The other Committee men are—

Messrs. R. G. Buchan, A. H. Ferguson, W. B. Kennett, A. O. Lang, S. P. Leigh, H. W. Looker, Lieut.-Gen. Sir George Macdonogh, Capt. A. K. MacEwan, A. Rose, Sir Thomas Strangman and Brig-Gen. C. R. Woodroffe.

Mr. G. Warren Swire, Mr. A. W. Burkill and Mr. M. Wolfers continue, respectively, as chairman, vice-chairman and honorary treasurer.

No mention of the Association's meeting would be complete without reference to the admirable report produced by the secretary, Mr. E. M. Gull, extending to 58 pages, not including subsidiary matter and an appendix giving the British Note to Japan of January 4, last, it covers the whole field of events in the Far East during the past year, assembling a great deal of information and comment from many different sources. It is excellently arranged, concise and clear and forms a most valuable historical record on which Mr. Gull is greatly to be complimented, as he was at the meeting.

The Chairman's Speech

The chairman's speech of undoubted interest to Far Eastern readers is appended.

After dealing with the report and accounts, the Chairman said:—while realizing that our Government has been fully occupied with the European situation and that, until this looked better, a positive policy in the Far East was at best difficult, we have felt that until recently they seemed somewhat lacking in appreciation of the importance of the national stake there.

For instance the Prime Minister's statement in the House of Commons on July 26 that the Government were resolved to do their utmost to see that British interests should not suffer in a conflict for which we had no responsibility and in which we had no direct concern seems to me to give some ground for our criticism, for our interests in China certainly do give us a direct concern in the Sino-Japanese war.

Japan's very natural policy is to strangle British and European trade in China, and, where her selfish interests are concerned, she is not likely to pay much attention to the safeguards for equal opportunity and territorial integrity in the Nine Power treaty.

Though the currency stabilization fund of £10,000,000 announced in the House of Commons on March 8 is a most welcome step, which as a matter of fact we urged most strongly on the Government last summer both by letter and by deputation to Lord Halifax, far too much ground has been lost, which it may prove difficult to recover.

Much Needed Gesture

This much-needed gesture has shown the Chinese our sympathy with them in their struggle and will be of use to both countries in maintaining the stability of the Chinese dollar. It is then satisfactory to see from this and other recent statements that H.M.G. now take the view that our concern in this war is a direct one and it is to be hoped that they will hold fast to this view and to the best of their ability resist all encroachments by Japan upon our interests in China.

Unless at the end of the war the Chinese both like and respect us, our trade will naturally suffer. Our Government does not seem really to understand the weakness as well as the strength of the Japanese character and, while we all appreciate the irrefutable objections to a policy of bluff. that is no reason for being bluffed and there have been too many needless cases of their being bluffed by the Japanese.

The Test of the Yangtze

The exclusion of British shipping from the Yangtze and latterly from the Pearl River has been the subject of frequent representations, both locally and in London. I personally look upon the question of the Yangtze as being a symbol of Japanese success or failure in their attacks on our position in China and it is a question, whether they need have been allowed to keep it closed so long. Their plea of military necessity is absurd, for the figures reproduced in our report, showing how Japanese exports to Central China have reached the totals at which they stood prior to the outbreak of war with China, seem to dispose effectually of the Japanese contention that only goods needed by their forces are going up river. Incidentally I may say that, in response to a request from us for documentary evidence of Japanese commercial activities on the Yangtze, we have received valuable photographs of various documents. These have been forwarded to the Foreign Office and the Board of Trade.

Communications with Hankow have been most difficult and the position of the local community, to whose constancy we must all take off our hats, is still most uncomfortable. Their point of view is well expressed in the words of the Chairman of the British Chamber of Commerce there, "it must not be supposed that we in Hankow are either ignorant of, or deliberately overlook, the wider preoccupations of H.M. Government and the delicacy of the situation to be handled. We do feel, however, that a blunter insistence on one of our fundamental rights is overdue."

Serious State of Tientsin

I want now to supplement what is said in our report on the question of monopolies. Tientsin has so far been the centre where these have been most severely felt. At the end of December there was

An embargo on sheepswool, hemp, jute, hides and certain classes of furs.

Export and exchange control over all produce leaving Inner Mongolia.

Restriction on the export of raw cotton by means of regulations requiring a permit from the Ministry of Industries in Peiping before shipment could be effected.

These measures have been so designed as to divert the entire trade of certain articles into the hands of the Japanese who, having paid for the merchandise in Federal Reserve Bank notes, will market them abroad and secure foreign exchange in United States dollars and sterling. As long as the British Empire and the United States continue to purchase China products acquired under such conditions, there would appear to be no reason why Japan should not recuperate a large amount of her war expenses in this manner and at the same time effectively remove foreign competition in North China.

Consular Certificates

Accordingly it has been suggested that the import of goods from north China into this country should be disallowed unless accompanied by consular certificates that they had been purchased in the open market with free exchange and that similar steps should be taken by the French and American Governments.

Since then, and since the paragraphs of our report dealing with the currency situation in China were printed, there have been fresh developments. A new Bank of Issue, called the Hua Hsing Bank, has been instituted, with a capital of Ch. $50,000,000, the joint shareholders being the Nanking Government and six Japanese banks. This is to operate in central China. Its notes will not be linked with the yen, but will be convertible into foreign exchange at approximately the same rate as the Chinese dollar.

We have not got enough information as yet to form a reliable opinion as to the seriousness of this development. On the face of it, however, it looks threatening. For, if the new notes prove in fact to be convertible into foreign exchange they will possess a quality which the Federal Reserve Bank's notes in north China have never had. That fact, however, has yet to be established, and on a scale big enough to give the new bank's notes a standing comparable with the Chinese Government's notes.

Moreover, as far as circulation in the interior is concerned, the new notes will probably meet with the same opposition and mistrust as those of the Federal Reserve Bank in the north have encountered. The Japanese may, however, endeavour to meet this, as they have tried to meet it in the north, namely, by controlling exports, through regulations similar to those introduced at Tientsin and Tsingtao, and possibly through Customs control. If that is attempted in Shanghai, some form of retaliation would become very much more urgent than conditions in Tientsin made it seem.

Tientsin's Just Auxiety

Furthermore, in regard to conditions in Tientsin, we received on May 10 a cable warning us that the outlook is more serious than appears on the surface. The cable said:

Despite indications of the partial failure of the Japanese plan in certain directions it does not follow that such failure will be permanent or that the ultimate elimination of British trade is not being gradually effected. Without wishing to exaggerate or to strike a note of alarm the experience of members leads to the conclusion that without some external measure compelling a change in Japanese policy and system there would appear to be no hope of maintaining the British position in North China.

Under the circumstances the British Community of Tientsin think it necessary to record that self-preservation is compelling a large measure of conformity with Japanese plans which must ultimately assist towards their success without doing more than postpone temporarily the elimination of British trade.

Accordingly the idea of using consular certificates, etc., may have to be pressed again and may acquire more favour in the eyes of the Government than it had a few weeks ago.

Shanghai and Kulangsu

The administration of the International Settlement is, of course, one of the subject which has caused us a good deal of anxious thought. From the latest news it would seem that the Japanese are trying to effect far-reaching changes. You will also have seen from the papers that on the plea of terrorism the Japanese have landed marines in the International Settlement at Kulangsu and have been doing pretty well what they liked there. It is anticipated in Shanghai that, if they are allowed to do so, high-handed action will be taken at Shanghai also. There is all the more reason, therefore, for prompt action and I hope it will at least take the form of landing British sailors to protect our rights in Kulangsu.

Sugar Industry in Southeast China

Early Development Under Japanese Auspices Seen In Statement

BY PERCY WHITING

"N.C.D.N." Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, June 1.

Early development of the sugar industry in southeast China under Japanese auspices is indicated in a statement made by Mr. Aiichiro Fujiyama, chairman of the Japan Sugar Manufacturers' Association and president of the Dai Nippon Sugar Manufacturing Co. He has just returned from a month's visit to China and Manchoukuo.

Mr. Fujiyama's remarks are interesting in view of Netherlands complaints that Japan is not taking as much Java sugar as had been arranged. He is quoted by the Tokyo press as having said:

With the production of sugar in Taiwan (Formosa) approaching the limit, development of the sugar industry on the new continent is indispensable and urgent to bring about stabilization of the supply of this key product within the Japan-Manchoukuo-China economic bloc.

I made my tour of China and Manchoukuo as a result of realization of the necessity I have just mentioned. From what I discovered during my visit, the sugar cane industry in the Kwangtung delta, and the beet sugar industry in north Manchoukuo, both extend very promising prospects.

As a matter of fact, some sugar mills in the Kwangtung delta began operations during April, under supervision of the Japanese army authorities and in charge of the Japan Sugar Manufacturers' Association. I have made arrangements for operations to start at the Tungwan mill in the near future, following up commencement of work at the Shunteh mill.

Japan-China Joint Control

These two mills are to be placed under permanent Japan-China joint control. Whether they should be operated as two independent concerns, or put under control of a single company, is now being studied by experts of our association.

The development of the industry in the Kwangtung delta must be carried out speedily, if only from the standpoint of the welfare of the farming population there. In this connection, I have made arrangements with our military authorities there to accommodate the cane farmers with advances of cane purchasing funds up to the amount of Y.150,000, for this year.

While I was in Manchoukuo I had several conferences with Mr. Naoki Hoshino, director-general of the General Affairs Board, and Mr. Nobusuke Kishi, vice-director of the Finance Department. I obtained their promise to extend us positive support from the Manchoukuo Government.

Because of the change in the industrial policy of that government from the one-company-for-one-industry idea to recognition of the necessity of allowing more than one company to participate in one industry, I anticipate that Japanese sugar companies will in future be given ample opportunity to advance in Manchoukuo.

It took about 40 years to develop the Formosan industry to its present prosperity, so I think it will require at least ten years to stabilize the industry in China and Manchoukuo. Consequently Japanese sugar industrialists, and specially the members of our association, should, without delay, establish a ten year plan to put the industry on a solid basis in those two countries.

Shortage of Labour

Meantime, shortage of labour in the Japanese coal mining industry has become very noticeable. In connection with the progress of the coal production expansion programme, stringency in the labour supply is increasingly acute, according to Tokyo press surveys of the present situation, and it is reported that the various coal mines in the country are in need of 28,000 workers.

Because of the difference from other mining operations, where production depends more on machinery and other equipment, replenishment of actual workers is found to be particularly urgent. In view of this, the Ministry of Commerce and Industry for some time has been asking the Welfare Ministry for assistance in supplying labourers.

Welfare Minister Hisatada Hirose, at a recent meeting of the Japan Federation of Industrial Associations, stated that labour replenishment for the coal mines can be done by mobilization of the activities of the labour intelligence bureaus, and concentration of labour by districts.

Various mining inspection bureaus of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, after negotiations with the Welfare Ministry, are issuing appeals to the prefectural governments, to take concrete steps to gather labour for the coal mines.

As an example of the urgency of the problem, it is reported that many coal mines in Kyushu—one of the biggest coal producing regions in Japan—have failed to reach the original production estimated in the programme, and the managements of those mines show indications of dissatisfaction with the measures being taken by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry as slow and lukewarm.

It is understood that as a result of all this, the latter ministry has decided to seek application of the National General Mobilization Law, if it is finally found necessary in order to solve this coal labour problem.

Notes From East Chekiang

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Hwangyen, Che. May 26.

Since the beginning of the first moon, this district has, frequently been subjected to attention from the Japanese Navy. The Port of Haimen and other places on the coast have been treated to gunfire on several occasions and planes have been active along the Chiao River. Linhai was bombed four times during this period and the business section near the river is flattened out. Hwangyen has been visited by planes many times but apart from the happenings of September, last year, bombs have been dropped on only one occasion—April 29, this time with negligible damage—five bombs fell in the river, only one exploded: it fell in shallow water. Machinegun fire wounded a few people and killed one dog.

Shipping has stopped. Goods from the outside world are very expensive and business is poor. Many people have fled further from the Coast. The local authorities are maintaining good order and bandits are scarce. The general morale is very good and there is no talk of surrender.

CONVICTED twelve years ago for assault, Gerald Thompson aged 36 a cigarette machine salesman of Upper Norwood, who died suddenly, had his name cleared at the inquest when it was stated that he had a long-standing tumour of the brain which set up cerebral irritation and disturbed the normal functioning of the brain, which might lead to the sufferer committing assaults which were beyond his mental control. The coroner said that Thompson was not a criminal or violent person but was suffering from a disease when he committed the act which led to his discharge from the R.A.F.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei's Government Plans

Canton Probably Will Adhere To Proposed Regime

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Hongkong, May 27.

Emissaries of the "Reformed Government" in Nanking are somewhere in Hongkong and South China to contact leading followers of Mr. Wang Ching-wei in order to induce them to go to the former capital to become Cabinet Ministers or to accept other lucrative posts. It is learned that several of Wang's important followers including Mr. Chen Kung-po are still in South China.

The lesser lights are reported to have left Hongkong for Shanghai last week following the alleged return of Mr. Wang Ching-wei from Japan as reported in a Chungking dispatch. It is said that he might shortly head a new government under Japanese auspices.

It is expected that the so-called Peace Maintenance Commission in Canton will adhere to the new régime under Mr. Wang Ching-wei. "General" Lu Chun-yung, a member of the Canton outfit, is on his way to Shanghai to interview Mr. Wang concerning Canton's relations with his new organization. After that he will proceed to Japan to present the views of his Canton colleagues on possible co-operation with the new régime.

To maintain his prestige, Mr. Wang is said to have suggested that Japanese troops in Canton should be evacuated in favour of Chinese protective corps, which is in charge of peace preservation, and the Japanese may consider such proposal.

King to Review Volunteers

It is expected that 20,000 men and women volunteers will march past the King in the mass review of the national service organizations to be staged in Hyde Park on Sunday, July 2.

Sir Herbert Morgan, chairman of the organizing committee, and Major General R. M. Luckock, the organizer, emphasized yesterday that the parade was not intended as a display of military force, but as an acknowledgment of the services of the volunteers.

By far the greater part of the parade will be occupied by the civil defence services. Some 8,500 A.R.P. volunteers will be included.

A Brilliant Pilot

Died from Germ Contracted In China Waters

Twelve years ago, when I was learning to fly, the most brilliant pilot in the school was young H. H. Leech, son of Sir Joseph Leech, M.P., says J. D. S. Alan, air correspondent of "Sunday Dispatch."

He joined the R.A.F., and did very well. Most of his spare time was spent in racing, and so good was he that he was quite in demand as an aerial jockey.

Stunt Flying

At upside-down, and all forms of stunt flying, he was superlative. Once I flew him round a race circuit so that he could memorise the turns, and he rebuked me for spinning.

"I never spin," he said, "because the machine is out of control, and I don't like machines out of control—even for a second."

In 1931 he was, at the age of 22, the "baby" of the Schneider Trophy team. Unfortunately he was pulled out to replace a test pilot who had been killed in an accident.

"I could not look Leech in the face," said Squadron Leader Orlebar, who had to break the news.

At Air Ministry

Last year I met Flying Officer Leech at Waterloo Station. He introduced me to his beautiful young wife, bride of a few months. He said he had a desk at the Air Ministry.

"You—at a desk?" I was incredulous.

He told me that while serving in an aircraft-carrier in China waters he had been infected with some mysterious germ. They did not know what it was. They knew only the results. He would never fly again in the Service, but he was planning to sneak in some private flying. He was very steady and cheerful about it.

Four months ago he went to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, after struggling against his mysterious malady for 15 months. Now he is dead at 31.

Worms Steal Children's Strength.

When a child is thin and weak, has a fickle appetite, or wants to eat all the time but fails to profit from good wholesome food, it is probable that worms are sapping the nourishment that he should be getting. In such cases a few doses of Baby's Own Tablets are usually all that is needed to expel the parasites, after which the child quickly recovers normal appetite and begins to thrive.

Composed of only the purest ingredients, and guaranteed absolutely pure and safe, these tablets are an ideal remedy for stomach and bowel disorders in infancy and early childhood, such as indigestion, 'wind,' vomiting, constipation, colic, diarrhoea. Their mild laxative action quickly cools feverishness and by settling the stomach, quiets the nerves and allays the pains of teething. Obtainable from all chemists, Baby's Own Tablets are mother's help and Baby's friend.

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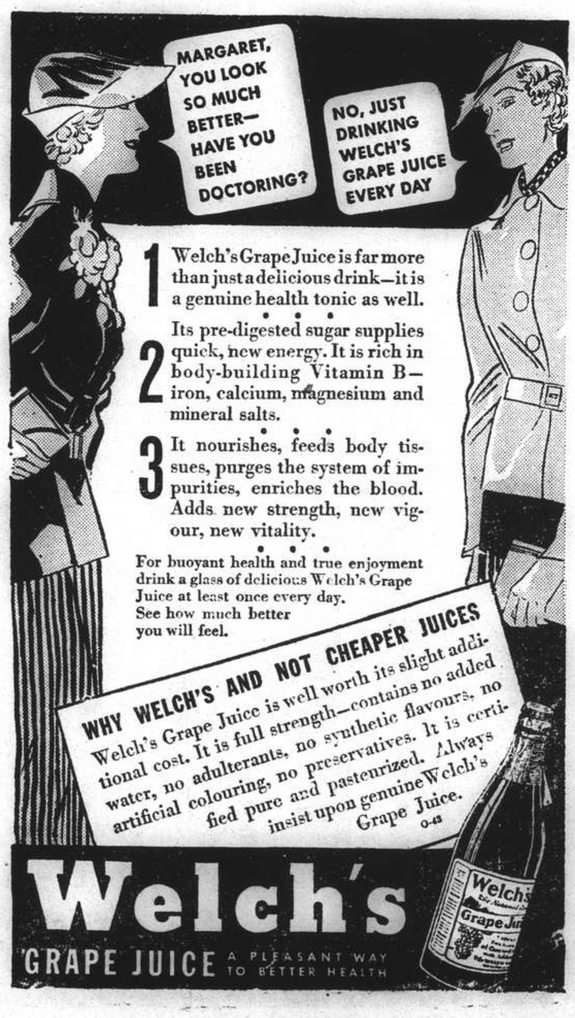
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THE SPORTS PAGE

Yankees Shutout by Tigers

World Champions "Goose-egged" First Time This Year; Cincinatti on Winning Rampage

New York, June 5.

TOMMY Bridges, a veteran of the Detroit Tigers pitching staff, today won the distinction of having been the first hurler to shutout the world champion New York Yankees this season, and the drama with which he climaxed his mound performance was something Detroit fans will long remember.

There was one away and the bags were loaded in the ninth inning when Tommy fanned Joe Gordon and forced the slugging Ellsworth Dahlgren to pop up to retire the side.

The 3 to 0 victory boosted the Tigers to the head of the second division. Detroit's offence was taken care of by Hank Greenberg and Frankie Higgins who propelled a homer each in the fourth inning.

The Chicago White Sox went on a rampage today and crushed the Philadelphia Athletics under a 12 to 1 count. Johnny Knott held the Mackmen to three hits, while the Sox collected fifteen.

A homer by Aloysius Bejma with two aboard and another one by "Gee" Walker, both in the fifth innings, paced the Chicago attack.

Earl Averill's circuit smash with two aboard in the second inning besides his pair of doubles accounted for the Cleveland Indians 7 to 5 triumph over the Boston Red Sox. The Tribe was outhit 13 to 12, but the Indians connected in the pinches and were aided besides by two Boston misplays.

National League Games

The Cincinnati Reds won their fourth game in five starts today by trouncing the New York Giants, 8-2. Every Rhinelander connected for a safe blow, including Ernie Lombardi's tenth home run of the season with a mate aboard. It was a close game up to the fifth inning, when the Gotham lads tied up the count at one-all, but the league leaders stepped on the gas and drove five markers across in the sixth inning.

It has become axiomatic that any hireling the Chicago Cubs trade to other clubs becomes a star—specially against the Cubs. Two former Cubs, Joe Marty and Walter Higbee, who are now on the Philadelphia payroll, were responsible for today's Bruin downfall at the hands of the Phillies, 8-7. Marty smashed a homer with Morris Arnovich on base in the third inning, while Higbee held the Hartnett gang scoreless for seven inning.

At Boston, the Bees trimmed the St. Louis Cardinals, 10-4. Max West starred at the plate for the Beantowners, knocking a homer with two on in the fifth and another in the eighth with the bases empty.

The Brooklyn Dodgers trimmed the Pittsburgh Pirates at Brooklyn, 6-2. Ernie Koy's two base smash with the bags loaded in the third inning drove in three runs, while Goodwin Rosen contributed with a homer in the first for Brooklyn. The game scheduled for today between the St. Louis Browns and the Washington Senators had been played as part of Sunday's twin bill.

The results of Monday's games follow:—

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburgh	2	7	2
Brooklyn	6	8	2
Batteries: Sewell, Brown and Berres; Tamulis and Phelps.			
St. Louis	4	10	0
Boston	10	11	1
Batteries: Cooper, Bowman, Weiland, Dean and Owen; Posedel, Sullivan, Lanning and Lopez.			
Cincinnati	8	16	0
New York	2	7	2
Batteries: Walters and Lombardi; Schumacher, Brown, Castleman and Danning.			
Chicago	7	10	0
Philadelphia	8	13	0
Batteries: French, Root, Lillard, Dean and Mancuso; Higbe and Mulcahy.			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Philadelphia	1	3	2
Chicago	12	15	1
Batteries: Joyce, Hayes and Wagner; Knott and Tresn.			
Boston	5	13	2
Cleveland	7	12	0
Batteries: Ostermueller, Wilson, Dickman and Desautels; Allen and Pytlak.			
New York	0	4	2
Detroit	3	11	0
Batteries: Pearson, Sundra and Dickey; Bridges and York.			

Washington-St. Louis: Played in yesterday's double-header.

League Percentages

The standings follow:—

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	33	8	.805
Boston	23	15	.605
Chicago	23	18	.561
Cleveland	21	19	.525
Detroit	18	24	.429
Philadelphia	17	24	.415
Washington	15	26	.366
St. Louis	13	29	.310

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati	29	14	.674
St. Louis	23	17	.575
Pittsburgh	22	20	.524
Chicago	22	20	.524
Brooklyn	20	20	.500
New York	19	24	.442
Boston	16	24	.400
Philadelphia	14	26	.330

—United Press.

Shanghai Tennis Opens Today

Five Inter-Club Matches Fixed; Ladies to Begin Play Tomorrow

The 1939 lawn tennis season begins today when the Second Division of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis League swings into action. The schedule was released yesterday which calls for five matches to be played off.

The Shanghai Recreation Club, defenders of the title, will visit the Police grounds and meet the Bobbies, second team while the Police "A" squad are to make a trip to the Association Sportive Français. The Cercle Sportif Français will entertain the Japanese Tennis Club and the contest should attract attention. The Clube Lusitano players tangle with the German Garden Club on their own courts while in the fifth and last match the Waterworks Tennis Club will act as hosts to the Swiss Club. The Shanghai Cricket Club drew a bye.

Play in the Ladies League will begin tomorrow with matches in both the First and Second Divisions. The Country Club "A" team will receive the Cercle Sportif Français Blues on their own lawn while the Reds of the C.S.F. will entertain the Swiss Club. The Country Club "B" drew a bye.

Three engagements have been listed for the Second Division. The fixtures with home teams named first are: Columbia Country Club *v.* Associacao Das Senhoras Portuguesas "B," Associacao Das Senhoras Portuguesas "A" *v.* Deutscher Tennis Klub, Cercle Sportif Français *v.* Rowing Club. The Bramtoco Tennis Club has a bye.

Championship Matches

Competition in the Mixed Doubles and Ladies Doubles championship is expected to commence this week. Unlike last year, players are to decide among themselves upon what ground each match is be played and the winners are to notify the results of their matches, in writing, to the Honorary Secretary on the day following the match.

The rules state that in the event of the courts agreed upon being unavailable for play on the day fixed, the match shall be played on the next succeeding day on which the courts agreed upon are available for play. Competitors failing to comply with this rule will be scratched.

If a match is postponed on account of light or weather play shall be resumed on the first available day thereafter on which the court is available. Unless it is previously agreed between the players to replay the whole match, the game shall be resumed at the point in the score at which it is abandoned.

Eight couples will play in the first round. Top-seeded in the upper bracket are H. K. F. Li and Mrs. B. Krenov, who are to meet Z. L. Sia and Miss Florie Ouei. D. Green and Miss L. Horsky are pitted against P. K. Tong and Miss Mimie Ouei.

L. D. Carson and Mrs. H. Reader Harris will clash with A. Romanenko and Mme. Lorel while A. G. Meise and Miss C. Tavares will be opposed to V. G. Taussig and Mrs. L. Ovadia in contests of the lower bracket.

The date for the close of the preliminary is set for next Monday, weather permitting.

Ladies Doubles

The Ladies Doubles first round is to be completed by June 19. Mrs. M. Reader Harris and Mrs. T. Burton are unable to defend the title this summer because the latter is going on home leave. Mrs. Reader Harris has secured Miss M. S. Holwill as partner and they will certainly be rated as favourites. Their closest rivals will be Mrs. H. Collaco and Mrs. B. Krenov. The two couples are in opposite brackets and are picked to meet in the final.

Following is the drawing:—

Miss M. S. Holwill and Mrs. M. Reader-Harris *v.* Miss I. Mottu and Mrs. J. S. Smith.

Mrs. J. N. Lewis Bryan and Mrs. L. Ovadia *v.* Mrs. H. E. Heinzerling and Miss B. Harrop.

Mrs. H. Collaco and Mrs. B. Krenov *v.* Miss M. Ouei and Miss F. Ouei.

County Championship Engagements

Glamorgan and Lancashire Gain Huge Victories

London, June 5.

Knocking up huge scores after winning the toss, both Glamorgan and Lancashire required only two days to win their latest Championship engagements.

The Welsh County, aided by centuries by E. Davies (134) and Brierley (113), beat Notts by ten wickets, while Lancashire, helped considerably by a brilliant double century by Paynter, who made 222, trounced Derbyshire by an innings and 105 runs.

Detailed scores:

At Swansea—Glamorgan 501 for eight declared (E. Davies 134, Brierley 113) and eight for no wicket. Notts 216 (Clay five for 77) and, following on, 290. At Manchester—Lancashire 483 (Paynter 222). Derby 202 and 176 (Phillipson five for 38, Nutter four for 28).—Reuter.

Roper to Meet Barlund

Hollywood, June 5.

Jack Roper, who was knocked out in a single round by champion Joe Louis two months ago, today began preparations for his ring comeback on June 26 with a bout with Gunnar Barlund, Finnish heavyweight.—United Press.

English Soccer Players To be Numbered

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, June 5.

Mr. W. C. Cuff was elected President of the Football Association, in succession to the late Mr. C. E. Sutcliffe, at the annual meeting of the Association today. Mr. Cuff's motion for the numbering of players during the forthcoming season was carried by 24 votes to 20.

The bottom clubs in each section of the Third Division were re-elected, these being Accrington and Hartlepools to the Northern Section, and Bristol Rovers and Walsall to the Southern Section.—Reuter.

Pro Grid Loop To Be Extended

Washington, May 31.

President Carl Storck said today the National Professional Football League would be extended in 1941 to include Los Angeles and another west coast city, probably San Francisco.—United Press.

Anglo-U.S. Polo

Miniola, Ny, June 1.

America's polo forces were relieved today when they learned that Cecil Smith, America's greatest player, would be able to play Sunday against the British International squad. Smith suffered minor injuries yesterday when he was thrown from his mount during a practice match here, cisco, and two additional midwest cities.—United Press.

West Indians Choose Their Bats

Members of the West Indian cricket team, who are touring England this year, are pictured choosing their willows at Stuart Surridge's.

Week-end Cricket Should Show Some Sparkling Play

Stragglers and Police Should Have Close Game; Shaforce Should Be Able to Beat Tyros

THIS week-end brings another sparkling programme of league cricket, no fewer than four encounters being scheduled to be played off, three being down for decision on Saturday afternoon with the other match set for Sunday. All games will start at 1.30 p.m. with stumps to be drawn at 6.45 p.m. unless otherwise arranged.

On the S.C.C. ground on Saturday, the Stragglers will engage the Police in what should prove a very close struggle. The Cricket Club XI gathered four points out of a possible six last week-end, the Parsees holding them to a draw, thus spoiling their winning average. For purposes of comparison it is interesting to note that on the Saturday the Police accounted for the Parsees rather easily and on form should dispose of Sinclair's side. But cricket is a funny game at the best of times and results rarely work out according to plan. Nevertheless, despite the fact that the Stragglers possess a number of match-winning batsmen, the Police are not lacking in this respect and their attack appears, on paper, to be strong enough to force an honest victory and pick up three points. A game in which good bowling will probably prove the deciding factor.

On the Recs' ground, the Colts will be at home on Saturday to the Parsees. The Recs' team should win comfortably in view of the fact that Pat Madar is in such fine fettle just now, but sight must not be lost of the very important point that the Parsees are one of those sides that have a very nasty habit of being dead on form at the most inopportune moments. Tht two Shroffs and F. R. Kermani are now playing fine cricket and they, with Divecha and Mehta, present a definite threat to any local eleven.

Slow Scorers

The Parsees' chief drawback is inability to score their runs at quick enough pace. They never attack the bowling by forceful methods but are content to let the runs come themselves. This is a policy that will never pay in afternoon league matches and the Parsees could, with advantage, change their tactics to offset this natural point-eluding scheming. The Colts are not particularly strong in batting, but their fielding and bowling are really good and they ought to register their first win. Still, few will forget that in 1938 the Parsees created the biggest upset of the season by absolutely trouncing Pat Madar's XI and history has a strange habit of repeating itself.

In the third encounter set for Saturday, Shaforce and the Recs' Tyros will meet on the Police matting-wicket. After the former's meritorious victory over the Nomads last Saturday, the Tyros are conceded little chance of coming out on top. True, the servicemen will not be able to pick and choose from the personnel of H.M.S. Birmingham, but they have sufficient material in Shanghai from which to select a still very powerful side, and their all-round batting and bowling strength seems sufficiently capable to withstand the threats hurled by any local team.

Hart-Baker, Wilson and Pettit should get plenty of runs while Wilson's trundling may cause difficulties at times, but the batting of Eatwell, Cole, Sadler, Eynon and Russell and the attack led by Sadler, Plumb and Cheney should gain the day for Shaforce.

Nomads *v.* Wanderers

In the only clash set for Sunday, the Nomads and Wanderers engage each other on the S.C.C. ground. The Nomads are probably the strongest of the S.C.C. elevens and should have slight difficulty in securing three valuable points from their friendly rivals. Leach, the Nomads' skipper, has done nothing at all with the bat this year and the time now seems ripe for him to show that this season's failures have been but a temporary loss of form. Pote-Hunt, Dunkley, Orr and Elliot can always be relied upon to get a fair quota of runs between them, while Leach and Elliot will bear the responsibility of retiring their opponents.

Jenkins, the Wanderers' best bowler, is in fine all-round form at present, and with Dean and Simpson, is likely to offer stout resistance to the guiles of Leach & Co.'s attack, and although Pearson will lend material aid in attempting to shift the Nomads' bats, Leach's XI should prove too strong in the run-getting department.

Teams

STRAGGLERS (*v.* Police on S.C.C. Ground at 1.30 p.m. Saturday):—A. C. Sinclair (capt.), E. H. Anstice, R. Booth, E. R. Duckitt, F. B. Elliott, J. Fletcher, I. M. Hutchison, G. J. Read, J. D. Sayle, G. B. Sim, E. J. Sluis. Reserves: C. H. Mellor, L. Heap, W. V. K. Chadwick and C. Woolhouse. Umpire: V. C. Olive. Scorer: H. S. Bartley.

NOMADS (*v.* Wanderers on S.C.C. Ground at 1.30 p.m. Sunday):—D. W. Leach (capt.), G. S. Dunkley, G. B. Elliot, H. F. B. Gardner, P. J. Hart, F. Marshall, H. B. Morris, H. E. Orr, J. W. Pote-Hunt, W. E. Tingle, T. H. Wood. Reserves: C. E. M. Thomson and F. R. L. Carey. Umpire: A. J. Daniels. Scorer: H. S. Bartley.

WANDERERS:—A. V. T. Dean (capt.), J. C. Jenkins, P. V. Simpson, F. E. T. Marshall, L. T. Lawrence, A. Lingard, T. G. C. Pearson, J. C. Pullen, F. J. Knightly, E. D. Nash, P. G. A. Cantopher. Reserves: L. G. Day, J. R. Kale, D. McCallum. Umpire: H. A. Crickmer.

COLTS (*v.* Parsees on Recs' Ground at 1.30 p.m. Saturday:—P. Madar (capt.), F. F. Kellner, L. P. Quincey, J. Leriou, H. P. Madar, L. Marcal, T. J. Allan, A. Gomes, A. A. Kilene, E. Cumine and J. Anderson. Reserves: A. L. McCorkindale. Scorer: E. C. Kew.

PARSEES:—M. J. Divecha (capt.), P. M. Charna, S. M. Charna, F. R. Kermani, P. R. Kermani, S. P. Karanjia, N. N. Mehta, R. F. Shroff, S. F. Shroff, P. B. Tata, B. R. Viccajee. Reserves: K. H. Shroff and K. F. Shroff.

TYROS (*v.* Shaforce on the Police Ground at 1.20 p.m. Saturday):—T. W. R. Wilson (capt.), C. J. Smith, A. W. Pettit, N. Hart-Baker, G. Madar, E. Blackwood, E. Weidman, K. M. Pate, R. Murray, J. R. MacDonald, A. de S. Inwood. Reserves: E. Brodd, A. C. Cooper. Umpire: A. C. Cooper. Scorer: M. Johnston.

British Golf Pros Beat South American's

Argentine Champion Beats Scottish International

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Temple Newsam, Leeds, June 6.

The first golf contest between British and Argentine professionals has been won by Great Britain by five matches to three, with one halved.

The Britons won both foursomes, but shared the honours with the visitors in the singles, which resulted in three wins each and one half.

Jose Jurado, seven time Argentine champion, beat J. Adams, the Scottish International, by two holes.—Reuter.

Recs to Meet P.T.H.

The following side will represent the Shanghai Recreation Club in a two-evening cricket match against the Public & Thomas Hanbury School tomorrow and Friday, June 8 and 9 on the Recs' ground, play starting at 5 p.m. each evening:—

A. C. Copper (capt.), E. Blackwood, E. Weidman, W. E. Harvey, R. Slight, A. de S. Inwood, R. Murray, J. Davis, W. Nayman, E. Brodd, R. C. Veir. Reserves: K. M. Pate, P. Quincey and N. Hart-Baker.

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Garrison Sergeants Win Trophy

R.A.M.C. Beaten in Snooker Tournament

The final tie of the local British Service Units Knock-out Snooker Tournament for the silver trophy presented by the Union Jack Club, was played on Friday evening in the Club premises, the competing teams being the Garrison Sergeants' Mess and the R.A.M.C. Junior Ranks.

Six singles and three doubles were played off, the ultimate result depending on the last encounter of the evening, which was closely won by the Sergeants representatives to give the Garrison Sergeants' Mess possession of the cup.

Some very keen struggles were witnessed, the majority of matches finishing with few points either way. First one side would get into the lead, and then the other and thus the struggle continued until the final clash brought together Church and Deveau of the Sergeants and Bailey and Lewis from the Medicals. The players seemed to realize the importance of the occasion for the issue was in doubt almost to the end, but the first named pair potted two of the last three colours to clinch the game and match.

Scores

Garrison Sgts. Mess		R.A.M.C. Junior Ranks	
Owen	57	Whybre	46
Goodman	29	Ashenhurst	38
McBride	47	Roberts	38
Church	23	Lewis	67
Deveau	22	Russell	41
Cole	57	Bailey	38
Cole Owen	48	Whybrow Roberts	38
McBride Goodman	48	Ashenhurst Russell	65
Church Deveau	62	Bailey Lewis	55

Inter-Hong Lawn Bowls

A lawn bowls match took place between teams representing the Shanghai Power Company and the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Company on Sunday on the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club greens, the Shanghai Power Company being hosts to the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co. After a very enjoyable game the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Company emerged winners by the narrow margin of two shots. Spoons were presented by the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Company to the rink of Shanghai Power Company players winning the highest margin. These were won by H. Wallaces' rink.

The results follow:—

Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co.		Shanghai Power Co.	
E. R. Harmer (skip)	18	H. Wallace (skip)	22
A. H. Corveth		A. V. Sennitt	
W. H. Richardson		H. Beattie	
J. J. Gaffney		F. Young	
F. O. Madar (skip)	20	K. L. Swartzell (skip)	23
H. S. Bell		D. Scrimgeour	
A. J. Roza		C. Jarvis	
F. J. Drakeford		F. McLennan	
T. S. Parry (skip)	24	C. R. Clements (skip)	15
E. A. Souza		J. K. Scobie	
N. S. Beeman		R. R. Russell	
T. Kirby		G. Day	
Total	62		60

Honolulu Chinese Wins Golf Title

Honolulu, June 6.

Phillip Kong, Hawaiian Chinese, yesterday defeated Charlie Wilson, three and one, in the finals of the territorial amateur golf championship.—United Press.

First Inter-Club Match In Two Years

To Be Played on Sunday At Seekingjao

Thanks to the co-operation of the Japanese authorities who have approved the issue of the requisite passes, a match will take place at Seekingjao on Sunday between the Shanghai Golf Club and the Hungjao Golf Club. Each club will be represented by 20 players. This match is one of the series of inter-club matches played twice a year between these two clubs, competing for the Weihaiwei Cup. The last match of this series was played in May 1937 and was won by the Hungjao Golf Club by 19 points to 16.

The courtesy of the tee is requested for this match between 8.56 a.m. and 10.12 a.m. and between 1.16 p.m. and 1.52 p.m. Players and starting times are shown below.

HUNGJAO GOLF CLUB *v.* S'HAI GOLF CLUB

a.m.	p.m.	
8.56		G. D. Nicholl, R. T. Dwyer
9.00	1.16	K. M. Cumming, W. H. C. Huggett
9.04		W. J. Hawkings, J. A. Grubb
9.08	1.20	D. R. Glass, H. Grubb
9.12		L. L. Farnsworth, T. S. M. Terrace
9.16	1.24	W. D. Ward-Smith, J. C. Dickson
9.20		G. H. Mann, W. H. B. Rigg
9.24	1.28	A. V. Pettitt, R. D. Bell
9.28		F. S. Gibbings, I. F. Aucott
9.32	1.32	T. W. Gubb, L. D. Carson
9.36		J. K. P. Hadland, A. Pratt
9.40	1.36	N. E. Kent, L. Saphiere
9.44		H. R. Cleland, A. Henderson
9.48	1.40	K. G. Stephenson, J. A. Blackwood
9.52		H. Laffond, T. R. Chassels
9.56	1.44	E. G. Smith-Wright, W. M. Chalmers
10.00		H. J. M. Cook, B. J. Wall
10.04	1.48	K. E. Newman, C. M. Wentworth
10.08		R. D. K. Silby, T. C. G. Pearson
10.12	1.52	H. F. B. Gardener, A. Germ

England Expects to Get 1944 Olympics

London, June 5.

London was expected to be awarded the 1944 Olympic Games as forty members of the International Olympic Committee began arriving here for a meeting to consider the bids for the 1944 contests.—United Press.

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2. ECHARRI	2. TABOADA
3. MAGUREGUI	3. ASTI
4. FERNANDO	4. GURIDI
5. GUERNICA	5. HERNANDO
6. RAFAEL	6. OSA

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Good Sailing for Yachtsmen

Stabb Sails Viking to Victory in Third Race; Ella Takes Honours in Fourth Race

DUE to local conditions the variety of courses which can be set is not great, and the course set for last week-end was down river round the Lismore Buoy and back to the pipe line on Saturday and out into the Yangtze round Block House and back to Powder Pier on Sunday. This course has now, owing to necessity, become more or less stereotyped. Fortunately wind weather and tide are never the same so that this week-end's racing was sailed in conditions totally different from those of a fortnight ago although over the same course.

The wind was from the South West as yachts crossed the line at 3 p.m. It was fresh and distinctly gusty although all yachts turned out under full sail.

Viking got away to the best start and led the fleet throughout the race followed by Spook, Ella Ingomar, Seagull, Mignon and Valerie. Off Hsi Ning Chi, Seagull had trouble with her main sail and had to carry on for some distance under spinnaker alone. In the meantime Mignon came roaring up with balloon jib set, passing the whole fleet with the exception of the Viking, before Gough Island was reached.

Seagull having repaired the damage to her mainsail caught up on the fleet and was third to round the Lismore. From here it was a different story as it meant a beat back against the tide to the pipe line. All yachts keeping as near to the Pootung shore as they dared and taking soundings constantly as the river has silted up considerably here during the past two years.

Here Ingomar came into her own, passing Seagull and Mignon to finish second behind Viking.

Ingomar Runs Aground

There was a bit of a mess up at the finishing line. Ingomar having crossed the line, drifted back on the tide and ran aground just as Mignon and Seagull were going almost neck to neck for the line. Mignon getting caught between Ingomar and Seagull could do nothing and both yachts ran aground just short of the line. Mignon with her shallower draught was first off and after another two tacks managed to cross the line. This little trouble cost her a first place, as on handicap she finished only 29 seconds behind Viking. Seagull was a little longer in getting off but the Seminary on board stood to, and worked with a will and with the aid of boat hooks managed to push her off the mud.

Valerie made a rather disappointing performance, being last throughout the race and finally going aground before reaching the pipe line on the return from the Lismore from where she had to be towed back to the finish.

Sunday morning saw the yachts all at anchor in a flat calm above the line to where they were towed by a friendly motor launch, so that at the fall of the flag all they had to do was to haul up their anchors and drift across the line. Almost immediately after crossing the line a wind sprang up, but from a totally different direction to where it was expected. This meant a tack out of the Whangpoo but as soon as they got into the Yangtse the wind freshened, Viking getting well away followed by Seagull and Ingomar, Valerie, Ella and Mignon.

Smooth Water

All stood out well into the Yangtse to get the benefit of the ebb, not going about until well beyond the Quaranteen. It was a beat down, but fairly smooth water was encountered and quite unlike the conditions experienced the previous fortnight. These conditions suited Mignon who soon overhauled Ella, and Valerie after rounding the Buoy. The sail down the Yangtse was a real pleasure to all and the sailing secretary should be congratulated on setting such a well timed course.

Coming back, all went over to the Shanghai & Pootung shore to get the advantage of the first of the flood, but before the Lismore was made the tide in the Yangtse had definitely turned. On passing the pipe line conditions were the same as at the start and a complete calm set in and yachts drifted about aimlessly in the tide. This upset all calculations causing yachts to be placed quite differently at the finish to what one would have expected from their performance in the Yangtse.

Ingomar well up with the fleet decided to carry out a little survey work off the Pootung shore and in the cannal. The frequent soundings taken here should prove very useful to the Whangpoo Conservancy. However she recovered in the Astrea Channal and overhauled Viking to finish second at Powder Pier. Seagull also passed Viking to finish first much to the elation of her youthful crew. Valerie again made a very disappointing performance and finished last.

Ella did very well and drifted past Mignon in the flat calm, and then streaked ahead in the Astrea Channel to finish first on handicap.

Results

THIRD ORDINARY RACE (CHAMPIONSHIP)

	Elapsed Time	Corrected	Pts.
Viking (Stabb)	2.14.45	2. 8.01	9¼
Ingomar (Hart)	2.17.00	2.14.43	7
Mignon (Dalton)	2.20.10	2. 8.30	8
Seagull (Evans)	2.24.30	2.21.12	4
Ella (Blakelock)	2.33.50	2.18.27	6
Spook (Richmond)	2.37.30	2.20.35	5

FOURTH ORDINARY RACE (CHAMPIONSHIP)

Seagull (Evans)	4.06.15	3.58.03	6
Ingomar (Hart)	4.07.15	4.03.08	5
Viking (Stabb)	4.07.40	3.55.17	8
Ella (Blakelock)	1.16.20	3.48.42	9¼
Mignon (Dalton)	1.19.45	3.56.07	7
Valerie (Seassoon)	1.21.30	4.21.30	5

Germany in Davis Cup European Finals

Berlin, June 5.

Germany won both remaining singles matches of the Davis Cup tie from England here today, thus qualifying by a five to nil victory over England for the finals of the European Zone, in which Germany will meet Yugoslavia at Agram July 28 to 30.

In the first match today, the Sudeten German player Roderich Menzel defeated Shayes with ease, dropping but two games in three sets and winning with a score of 6-1, 6-1, 6-0. In the second match, George von Metaxa, who played as a substitute for Henkel, beat F. D. H. Wilde, who played for the disabled Hare, in four sets, the score being 3-6, 6-0, 6-2, 6-3. —Trans-Ocean.

Yugoslavia Qualifies Finals

Agram, June 5.

Yugoslavia today qualified for the European Zone finals of the Davis Cup tournament by scoring a 3-2 victory over Belgium. In the first of the singles matches, the Belgian tennis star Lacroix easily defeated Mitic 6-3, 6-2, 6-3, 6-2 to tie the score at 2-2. The Yugoslav player Puncec then netted the victory for his country by defeating Geelhand 6-3, 8-6, 6-3.—Trans-Ocean.

Shanghai Softball League Games

114 Encounters Fixed for 1939 Season

The Shanghai Softball League will start its annual competition on Monday, according to an announcement released by Walter Hebel, hon. sec., yesterday.

The League is divided into two divisions in order to give the teams of weaker ability more interest in contests. The First Division includes nine teams and the Second Division seven.

Two teams will represent the Columbia Country Club, one being called the Nationals and the other Americans. The Texaco squad should be rated as one of the strong contenders for the title which was won last year by the Columbians. The Marine Officers and the Buccaneers have practically the same line-ups as last season and the above five teams ought to make an interesting fight for premier honours. Other teams competing in the senior category are Shanghai Rowing Club, Jewish Recreation Club, Shanghai Race Club and Foreign Y.M.C.A.

In the Second Division the contenders are Shanghai American School, Jewish Recreation Club, St. Francis Xavier's, All Filipino, Public Thomas Hanbury, Telephone Recreation Club and Clube Lusitano.

Games will be played each week on Monday and Friday afternoons. The schedule in the First Division calls for no less than 72 games which will close on August 11. The Second Division consists of 42 games but, as the games start a day later, the whole series will end up on August 14.

Following is the schedule for the first week:—

FIRST DIVISION

Monday, June 12.—C.C.C. Nationals v. Rowing Club at C.C.C.; Foreign "Y" v. Texaco at Race Course 1; Race Club v. Marine Officers at Race Course 2; Jewish R.C. v. C.C.C. "A" at J.R.C.

Friday, June 16.—C.C.C. Americans v. Marine Officers at C.C.C.; Race Club v. Buccaneers at Race Course 1; Jewish R.C. v. Texaco at American School 1; C.C.C. Nationals v. Rowing Club at American School 2.

SECOND DIVISION

Friday, June 16.—Clube Lusitano v. All Filipino at Race Course 2; American School v. Jewish R.C. at American School 2.

Queen Mary's Condition Nearly Normal

London, June 5.

Queen Mary's general state of health is satisfactory now, after the unfortunate accident, on May 23 in which her car overturned upon colliding with a truck.

She is making fine progress towards full recovery. Her many bruises are gradually disappearing and the abrasion of her eye is completely healed.—Havas.

New Nazi Purge in Sight

Berlin, June 6.

The possibility of a new purge in Nazi Germany was seen last night in Chancellor Adolf Hitler's warning that he would instantly dismiss any German leader who failed the meet the "acid test."

British newspapers reported yesterday that Chancellor Hitler intends to dismiss a number of high army officers who were not sufficiently sympathetic with the Nazi regime and its objectives. These reports could not be confirmed here, however.—United Press.

Sale of Italian Arms to Spain Not Illegal

London, June 6.

Britain does not consider the sale of Italian war materials to the new Spanish Government a violation of the Anglo-Italian accord, a government spokesman revealed last night.

Government sources said the situation in Spain was rapidly returning to normal following the evacuation of German and Italian troops last week.—United Press.

Japanese Air Attache in Rome Returning

Rome, June 5.

Colonel Seizo Arisue, Japanese air attaché here since 1936, left for Tokyo by air this morning. He will take up the position of Head of the War Ministry's Press Department in the Japanese capital. Appointed in his place here is Colonel Yasuo Karawawa.—Havas.

Royal Visitors Greeted by President and Mrs. Roosevelt

Crown Prince Alov, of Norway, and Princess Martha are pictured being greeted by President and Mrs. Roosevelt as they arrived at Poughkeepsie on board the White House yacht Potomac. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt motored down from their Hyde Park home to meet them.

Britain Said Willing to Meet Soviet Half Way

Moscow's Reply to Pact Proposals Being Studied In London; Points of Difference Only Minor

London, June 5.

NO diplomatic parleys would take place with Soviet Russia before Britain sent new proposals to Moscow, political quarters stated after the Cabinet Foreign Affairs Committee held a special meeting today.

This body, presided over by the Premier, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, took no final decision on Britain's reply to the Soviet Note. But it discussed the Russian reply in detail, it was learned.

The Moscow Note sets out, point by point, the acceptable and undesirable proposals of the Anglo-French scheme for a tripartite agreement, Soviet quarters stated.

Various passages are suggested for modifications, which in the main, are confined to three:

1. Moscow proposes new wording for the provided reference to the League Covenant, which establishes a relationship between the three-power pact and the League "so as to help triumph the principles of the Covenant."

Urgent Action Necessary

2. Russia wants tripartite consultations to be called only if no emergency arises. Should there be the threat of immediate war, Russia suggests that urgent action should be provided for beforehand.

3. Russia urges that the Baltic States of Finland, Esthonia and Latvia should be explicitly mentioned as would be the other states guaranteed by the three pact-signing powers.

Original Anglo-French proposals provided that assistance should be given even to those nations which were not guaranteed should they ask for help to resist aggression.

Now, it was learned, the British Government is willing to settle on the suggested changes with regard to the Covenant and the "urgent action" clause. But it is much more difficult to solve the Baltic guarantee problem because the northern nations are opposed to guarantees from the three Powers, and Conservatives stress that the "status quo" must be maintained. —Havas.

Chungking Optimistic

Chungking, June 5.

Under the title of "Anglo-Soviet Co-operation and World Peace," the "Chungking Joint Daily," in a leading article this morning, appealed to British and Soviet statesmen to overlook minor differences.

The journal expressed the opinion that Anglo-Soviet co-operation was inevitable for three reasons:

1. The two Governments' basic policy for peace was identical;

2. Whether Germany moved next in the East or in Western Europe, both Britain and Russia would suffer consequences.

3. Without Soviet participation, the effectiveness of any peace front would be affected.

In conclusion, the "Chungking Joint Daily" expressed the firm conviction that Anglo-Soviet co-operation must, and will become a fact.—Reuter.

Poland Refuses Soviet Troops

New York, June 6.

Poland will oppose any Soviet commitment which would permit Soviet troops transit through Polish territory, the Polish Ambassador to the United States said in a frank address before a local bankers' club last night.

Choosing between Russia and Germany, Count Jerzy Potocki said, is to Poland like "choosing between the measles and smallpox."

He said Poland had refused to negotiate Germany's claims to Danzig "because that is the opening wedge for other completely unacceptable claims."—United Press.

N. China Export Control To Be Extended

Further Commodities to Be Regulated

Tokyo, June 6.

Export control restrictions in North China, now imposed upon 12 commodities, will soon be extended to all articles, Domei learned here today.

This followed a decision reached by the Economic Affairs Bureau of the Asia Development Board yesterday when means to achieve a basic strengthening of the note issue of the Federal Reserve Bank were discussed.

Mr. Shinrokuro Hidaka, director of the Economic Affairs Bureau, presided at the meeting.

He made a detailed report of his observations during his recent tour of North China and Mongolia, supplemented by the views of officials of the Asia Development Board on the spot. Mr. Hidaka returned to Tokyo on Sunday.

Under present regulations, the exports of 12 commodities from North China is prohibited unless the transaction is negotiated through the Federal Reserve Bank at the official rate of 1 shilling 2 pence to the Yuan. —Domei.

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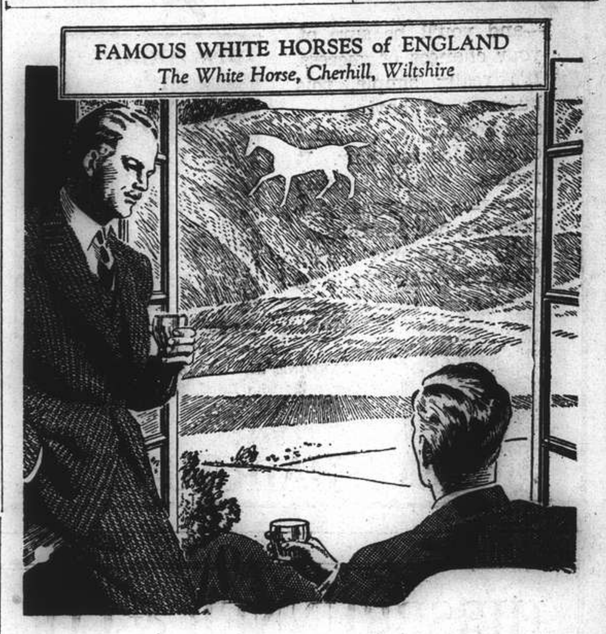
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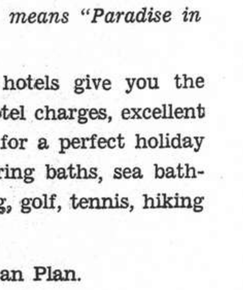

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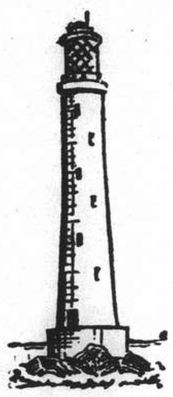

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

MEDICINE MARCHES ON

In these days when the impression is formed that the ingenuity of man is largely devoted to discovering methods for his own destruction, it is comforting to learn that, in some branches of research at least, strenuous work is being done in seeking means for the prolongation of human life and its protection against the many perils with which nature has surrounded it. The thought comes from the perusal of a statement made by Sir Edward Mellanby, secretary of the Medical Research Council at the Rede House, Cambridge recently. Those who have been living during the past half century have been able to witness many triumphs of mankind, but it is doubtful whether more progress has been made in any science than that of medicine and surgery. When, in 1902, the coronation of King Edward VII had to be postponed because of an operation for appendicitis the British Empire waited with trembling breath upon the outcome; now such an operation has become almost an everyday affair. And so it is in other branches of medicine. The discovery of responsible organisms has, in many once extremely dangerous diseases, led to means whereby their invasion of the human system can successfully, or at least to a very large extent be overcome. Typhoid fever, which so short a while back as 1900 killed no fewer than 5,000 persons yearly in the British Isles, has been brought so much under control that a mild epidemic nowadays causes a public scandal. Pulmonary tuberculosis not so very long ago was responsible for nearly 3,000 deaths for every 100,000 of the population, the ratio in 1937 having dropped to 690. Again, although Great Britain is lagging behind other countries in its application of new knowledge, diphtheria is being rapidly overcome by suitable preventive innoculation, while for medicine in general it may be pointed out that in certain Canadian and American towns it has been reduced to minimal proportions, so much so that in Hamilton, Ontario, a town of 175,000 inhabitants not a single case has been reported for the last five years, that in itself no slight proof of the efficiency of the technique in dealing with the trouble.

Bio-chemistry has shown similar advances. Notably the discovery of insulin has saved thousands of lives of diabetics, and enabled many more thousands of sufferers to lead more comfortable and active lives than would otherwise have been the case, while with regard to pernicious anæmia the discovery and application of liver and certain stomach extracts has brought hope where formerly very little existed. Of late the recent discovery of the sulphanilamide group of compounds has brought a new, and already proved weapon into the field against the large group of bacteria-caused diseases. Astonishing reductions have been effected in the mortality rate of puerperal fever, while in cases of what were almost invariably fatal forms of pneumonia and meningitis many lives have already been saved, with the promise that as the application of these drugs is further studied even greater progress will be made in combatting these scourges which cannot fail to terrify mankind. Sir Edward Mellanby goes on to point out that in the field of surgery, particularly of the brain, chest and thyroids there have been similar triumphs. Tumours in portions of the brain, which five decades ago were considered to be inaccessible, are now being removed with the restoration of patients to health and normal life. Modern surgery of the lung, which much less than fifty years ago would not have been possible, has restored what were considered incurable cases and sent them back into the world in health and comfort, while the modern technique of partial removal of the thyroid gland has been the chief development of the past fifteen years. Complete victory has not yet been obtained in the unceasing struggle against cancer, but, even here, considerable progress has been noticed, and additions made to human knowledge on the subject. The fight is not so hopeless as it was but a few years ago, and there is now every reason to expect that if the disease in some of its phases is taken early enough cures can be effected. At the present time the fear of the individual seems to be one of the chief obstacles in its treatment, but adequate propaganda should serve to overcome that, and give medical men the opportunity of applying knowledge which even now has deprived that dread disease of some at least of its terrors.

Thus in thousands of laboratories throughout the world men and women are continuing the fight against those ills which afflict the human flesh. Victories are being gained which form the bases for future advances, and, one by one, the forces of evil are being reduced. Science has been cutting the death rate of the world, even though certain branches have been busily engaged upon devising means of making death-dealing methods more effective than ever before. Other branches of research have been devoted to improving production to such an extent that gluts and surpluses are the order of the day, while that one line of investigation concerning the utilizing of the greater riches so obtained seems woefully to have been neglected. That does not appear to be a charge which can be levelled against medicine. The noble men and women who are devoting their lives, often without that adequate reward which such work should undoubtedly receive, are not fighting a losing battle. They may not be winning all along the line as rapidly as they would wish, but determination, self-sacrifice and devotion are procuring results which must encourage the greatest hopes that in the not too distant future mankind will be fitted with weapons best designed to secure the final victory which it is seeking to wrest from nature. There is still much to be done to make the world a better place to live in. Belated recognition of that fact is responsible for present backwardness, but science is at least ensuring prolongation of life, and it is probably the duty of others to ensure that conditions shall be such that that life shall be well worth living. Attempts in this direction are being made, but even now it seems that a greater stirring of public conscience will be necessary before this important matter receives all the energetic attention to which it is undoubtedly entitled. When that day comes a glorious vista for humanity will have been opened up of longer life and more spacious conditions in which to live it. Yet with all this accumulation of knowledge the present state of the world indicates that mankind has not yet progressed similarly in wisdom. That may be its own fault, one which will persist until it is generally realized that man even now does not live by bread alone.

Preliminary Explanation

While Great Britain will not be content until a proper enquiry has been held into the loss of the Thetis, after that vessel has been salvaged as it is hoped she will be, there will undoubtedly be considerable satisfaction felt that the statement made by Mr. Neville Chamberlain on the subject shows that in all probability the disaster was not due to any faulty construction of the vessel but rather to one of those unfortunate oversights which do occur no matter what precautions are taken to prevent them. The sinking, he stated, was caused by the flooding of two forward compartments through bow torpedo tubes one of which became open, or was open when the submarine submerged. As the Thetis was the first of some fifteen vessels of the same type which were to be added to the Navy, it is important to make sure that there was in fact no error in construction or design which might have been responsible for the mishap. The question will naturally arise as to how the torpedo tube became open or was open at the time of submerging, and that is a matter which the Court of Inquiry will have to go into very thoroughly in order to place the blame where it should properly rest. One other important point which will invite enquiry is concerned with the failure of the escape apparatus. The fact that some men did manage to make their escape indicates that at any rate for some time after the accident it was in good working order, and the public will naturally want to know what happened that it was rendered ineffective. The official contention that to have sought to cut a hole in the raised stern of the vessel would in the conditions then obtaining have led to severe risks of flooding seems to have much point about it, for had such a hole been cut, the imprisoned air would have escaped and the water in the submarine would have risen level with the surface of the water outside it, leaving only a length of about eighteen feet in which the imprisoned crew could have taken refuge. Even as it was the Thetis was becoming less buoyant, and would have considerably increased had the imprisoned air been allowed to escape.

The Westchester Cup

The British hopes of winning the Westchester Cup from America received a set-back when the team, one of the strongest to have represented Britain for many years, was defeated at Meadow Brook by 11 goals to seven. The Westchester Cup is a trophy presented for play between Britain and America on the polo field, and America has a long string of successes to her credit, against a paltry few by the British. The trophy was first played for in 1886, when Britain won both matches in the series. After this there was a long gap in the matches, the next not being played until 1902, when Britain again won the rubber, with two maches to America's one. Great Britain was again successful in 1914, but when the matches were resumed after the Great War America cleared the board. American wins were recorded in 1921, 1924, 1927, and 1930. Again there was a lapse in the matches, but in 1936 an America four visited Great Britain and at Hurlingham again beat the British, winning three matches to the scores of 10 to 9, 8 to 6, and 15 to 9. This year the British four is considered to be very good and to be exceptionally well mounted. In the West Indies the British cleaned up all opposition, among the sides beaten being some of the strongest American teams. High hopes were therefore encouraged that Britain would be able at last to score her first victory since the war. The pronounced superiority of the American fours since the war has been accounted for in various ways, the most common being that in the United States the climate permits of the game being played all the year round, whereas the season in Britain is of necessity short. Polo is also played very much more widely in the United States than it is in Britain, and there is thus a larger number of players from whom to choose.

'A COUNTRY DIARY

June 6.—Early summer (Chinese "*sprouting seeds*") bring many little problems of bird-life, problems accentuated by the thick foliage which makes the accurate observation of small birds very difficult. Take the case of the Tricolor and Narcissus Flycatchers: the former I know mainly as a migrant, yet I am sure that some of them stay to nest, and so have classed him as a Summer Visitor: the latter leaves us for the colder North quite early....but the only difference, easily recognized, is that Tricolor has white eyebrows while Narcissus has yellow ones...but who am I to argue about the colour of an eyebrow amidst our verdant trees? Perhaps I am getting old! Then I am told about a Canton Robin seen in St. John's compound: this bird has no business here anyway, but is described to me as being of many colours; chestnut, buff, rufous, mottled, black-and-white and grey. Now, the Canton Robin, otherwise known as the Dayal Bird or Magpie Robin is, as the final name suggests, mainly black and white. But we forget that the female is much lighter in colour and, like her human friends often dresses in buff and chestnut shades! Next I am asked "where are the Shrikes we used to know—we only see tiny ones now—have they shrunk in size?" The answer probably is that owing to local changes in agricultural conditions the Red-backed Shrikes have moved to other quarters, and the birds now seen are the much smaller Philippine Shrikes which come to us every summer. Again, there is the problem of the Cuckoos (Indian) with their raucous cries of "one-more-bottle": people come to me and say that they have heard them break out into the cry of "cuckoo"....just like the old-fashioned clocks. The answer to this is that the Asiatic variety of the European Cuckoo passes through just now, to lead his gypsy life among the northern hills....but you cannot tell the difference unless you see them closely. All of which goes to prove that you cannot judge a sausage by its overcoat....and that the life of an ornithologist is not all beer and skittles.

IN PARENTHESIS

Just in Case

BEFORE entering a taxi an old lady told the driver where to go and what to do. "Obey all the traffic signals. Sound your horn at the corners. Keep to the left side of the street. Drive slowly so you won't skid. Give all the signals correctly." "O.K., mum" he said, "Hop in, and, by the way, mum, in case there's an accident, what hospital would you like to go to?"

* * *

Not From Siccawei

AFTER moving into a top-floor flat the new tenant complained to his landlord. "Look here," he said, "last night the rain came through the roof and gave me a regular shower bath. What are you going to do about it?" "What do you expect me to do, provide you with soap and towels." "Well," said the tenant, "How long is that going to last?" "How do I know?" the landlord said, "I'm no weather prophet."

* * *

Quandary

A MAN stayed the night with a friend who kept an inn. At dinner he was served with some prime Stilton cheese. Unable to touch it, and not wishing to offend his friend, he hid it in the bottom of a plant.

About a fortnight later, he received a telegram from his friend. It ran: "We know who it is, and we know what it is, but for heaven's sake tell us where it is."

* * *

Everything Else

SHE was one of those tiresome women who will go on talking when their husbands want to go to sleep. He had been very patient, and answered all her silly questions. At last she said: "George, dear, is everything shut up for the night?"

George sighed deeply. "Yes," he replied, "everything else, dear."

* * *

Myopic

THE short-sighted man went into the shop for a pair of cheap spectacles. He tried pair after pair until he got one which suited him perfectly.

He put them on and walked into the street. The first thing he saw was a hawker selling grapes from a barrow.

"I think I'll take a bunch of these balloons home to the kids," he said.

* * *

"Blimey"

AN Australian girl bought a ticket at a Tube station and absent-mindedly threw it away.

When she arrived at her destination the ticket-collector held out his hand.

"Ticket, please," he said.

"I'm afraid I've lost it," said the girl.

"Where do you come from?"

"Australia."

"Blimey!"

* * *

Sister

THE following yarn is one told of the famous filmactor John Barrymore.

He went into one of the big stores in Hollywood. When he had given his order, he turned to leave.

"And your name?" the assistant asked innocently.

"Barrymore," came the reply, in distinctly chill tones.

"Which Barrymore, please?"

The film-actor surveyed him coldly. "Ethel!" he muttered.

* * *

No Pedestrian

THE owner of the shoe store surveyed the ticket one of the assistants was putting on a pair of shoes.

"Take that off," he said sternly. "Never have I sold anything by false representation, and I'm not going to start now."

The assistant waited, seeing that his employer was thinking deeply.

"No," went on the owner, "it is an inferior grade of shoe, and I will not pass it off as anything better. Mark it 'A Shoe Fit for a Queen,' and put in the window—a queen does not have to do much walking."

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	64.5	Max.	86.0
Same date, 1938	Min.	70.5	Max.	89.5

Rainfall .31

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	Nil.	Max.	Nil.
Same date, 1938	Min.	68.9	Max.	92.1

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 5th:—Pressure rather high and steady over China and Korea. South-easterly to south-westerly winds to the north of the Saddles: north-easterly in the south. Fine and hot weather in China: cloudy in the south.

State on the morning of the 6th:—Overcast weather. South-south-easterly wind. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Trade wind air mass meeting the tropical air from south-western China. Fine weather with south-easterly winds around Shantung. Overcast to cloudy with still some showers and south-westerly to south-easterly winds over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

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Condolences On Thetis Disaster Pour in

Memorial Services For Drowned Men Will Be Held Today ; All Dependents Will Be Given Pensions, House of Commons Told

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, June 6.

MESSAGES of condolence on the loss of the Thetis are still pouring into the Admiralty from all parts of the world. The latest come from Signor Mussolini, King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, King Christian of Denmark, King Haakon of Norway, King Leopold of the Belgians, the Duke of Gloucester, the Duke of Connaught, and the Governments of the Union of South Africa, Australia and New Zealand.

In addition, messages of sympathy were sent direct to the King in Canada by President Roosevelt, M. Edouard Daladier, French Premier, and the King of Egypt.

Memorial services for those lost in the Thetis will be held on Wednesday. There will be a service at sea over the submarine, and services at dockyard churches at Portsmouth, Devonport and Chatham, as well as in Hamilton Square, Birkenhead.

It is understood that the form of inquiry now under consideration by the Government to investigate the loss of the submarine will be on the same lines as the inquiry into the dirigible R-101 disaster, which was conducted by a distinguished lawyer, assisted by technical assessor.

A formal decision will be taken by the Cabinet tomorrow.

Meanwhile, the Lord Mayor's Thetis Fund, to be opened today, has been promised donations by the King and Queen, Queen Mary, the Duke of Gloucester, the Duke of Kent, the Duke of Connaught, the Princess Royal, and Lord Harewood.

Wires are also arriving at Mansion House from the heads of civic authorities, who are opening funds in support of the Lord Mayor's appeal.

Water in Torpedo Tube

Liverpool, June 6.

Water which entered the No. 5 torpedo tube at the forward end of the craft was responsible for the sinking of the British submarine Thetis in which 99 men perished last week, Mr. R. S. Johnnson, managing director of Cammell Laird's, builders of the craft, disclosed last night.

He said either the torpedo tube had been damaged or a forward compartment door failed to shut.

Mr. Johnson quoted one of the four survivors as having said that all men aboard the undersea boat planned to use their Davis lungs but that "something went wrong."

He said three men died while attempting to escape. Another who tried and failed, got back inside the submarine alive, he said.—United Press.

Pensions for Dependents

An assurance that the dependents of the crew of the Thetis would receive pensions and gratuities was given by the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in the House of Commons yesterday in the course of a statement on the disaster.

Messrs. Cammell Laird, the builders of the submarine, he said, were making provision for the dependents of their staff, and the Lord Mayor of London, in accordance with the feelings of the country, had opened a public subscription.

The Prime Minister, who described the tragedy as "this lamentable disaster," expressed, on behalf of the Government, profound sorrow at the loss of so many valuable lives, and deep sympathy with the relatives who had been bereaved.

He announced that a full public enquiry would be held and that, in the meantime, the usual naval enquiry would take place, and the report and evidence at the naval enquiry would be available at the public enquiry.

The personnel of the committee of enquiry was under active consideration.

Answering questions whether the public enquiry would await the salvaging of the Thetis, Mr. Chamberlain said that it would be opened as early as possible, but that it would be quite impossible to bring it to a satisfactory conclusion until the submarine was salvaged and conditions inside ascertained.

Diving Impossible

Exceptionally strong spring tides, he added, made diving operations impossible, except in slack water. Divers taking part in the rescue operations had the greatest difficulty in working.

In the course of his statement, the Prime Minister informed the House that the extra personnel aboard had nothing to do with the sinking of the Thetis.

The sinking, he said, was caused by the flooding of two forward compartments through the bow torpedo tubes, one of which became open, or was open when the submarine submerged.

The submarine signalling apparatus was destroyed, preventing her communicating with surface ships, and the marker buoys and smoke signals which were released were not immediately observed.

After describing the discovery of the Thetis, Mr .Chamberlain said that the Commander-in-Chief at Plymouth got in touch with a Liverpool salvage company with a view to arranging that all necessary appliances be taken to the scene as soon as possible.

In order to facilitate the escape of the personnel, he continued, all possible measures were taken by the crew to lighten the submarine, and the stern came to the surface.

First Survivors

Shortly after the rescue-ship Brazen had located the submarine, and indicated her presence by the sound of signals, two survivors came to the surface by means of the Davis

(Continued on page 8)

Inquiry Welcomed By Press

"The Times" Urges End Of Recriminations Until Investigation Over

London, June 6.

The statement made by the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in the House of Commons yesterday on the Thetis disaster, and his promise of a public enquiry, is generally welcomed in this Press.

"The Times" voices the hope that, in the circumstances, "recrimination may observe a decent reticence," declaring that this is customary when a case is *sub judice*.

"At present," "The Times" continues, "it may be said with confidence that nothing like a *prima facie* case relating either to the wreck or to the failure to effect a rescue has been made out against anyone."

The journal considers that the new facts communicated by the Prime Minister to Parliament should at least suspend the suspicion that there was an avoidable delay in reporting that the submarine was missing, or in oringing help.

It adds that further precautions, of the kind demanded by those who maintained that salvage equipment should have been instantly available wherever the Thetis went, would not necessarily have been reasonable.

"The fearful end of that voyage," "The Times" declares, "must not obscure the fact that submarines are working ships, and the Thetis had undergone repeated and searching trials by the builders before her acceptance trials.

"Her loss is a very great disaster—but there is as yet no evidence that it could conceivably have been foreseen."—Reuter.

Sympathy in Thetis Disaster

General Chamber's Letter Of Condolences

The Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce has sent a letter of sympathy to the British Chamber of Commerce regarding the accident to the British submarine Thetis.

Signed by Mr. G. Boolsen, Chairman, and Messrs Beck and Swann, Secretaries, the letter reads:

On behalf of the committee and members of this Chamber, representing as it does all foreign nationalities in Shanghai, we desire to convey to you deepest condolences and sympathy in the tragic national calamity which occurred last week in the accident to the British Submarine Thetis.

Replying, Mr. C. H. Arnhold, Vice-Chairman of the British Chamber, wrote:

On behalf of the Committee and Members of the British Chamber of Commerce, we most gratefully acknowledge your letter of June 5, and desire to express to all members of your Chamber our sincere and heartfelt thanks for, and appreciation of, the expressions of sympathy in the tragic loss of life caused by the disaster to the submarine Thetis.

The knowledge that your Chamber has voiced the sympathy of all foreign nationalities in Shanghai is deeply realized. We feel that this has an underlying meaning of great significance at this present time in the history of the world, and is a valued gesture on this occasion of national mourning that the members of this Chamber will not forget.

Tientsin Terrorists to Be Handed Over

British Consul Said Instructed To That Effect

London, June 6.

Reuter learns from official circles here that the British Consul-General in Tientsin, Mr. E. G. Jamieson, has been instructed to hand over two Chinese, found to have been in possession of bombs, to the Japanese authorities.

If further evidence is not forthcoming against the alleged murderers of Mr. Cheng Shi-kang, former Commissioner of Customs, who was assassinated in a theatre in the British Concession on April 9, they will be expelled from the Concession.

Henceforth, all persons found guilty of serious crimes will be handed over to the *de facto* authorities. Others who are guilty of minor misdemeanours will be expelled.

The Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Quo Tai-chi, revisited the Foreign Office this afternoon to protest against the surrender to the Japanese of alleged terrorists, by the British Concession in Tientsin.

He was acting under personal instructions from General Chiang Kai-shek, who is taking a very keen personal interest in the question.—Reuter.

Reich Signing Pacts With Latvia, Esthonia

Berlin, June 6.

It is understood that non-aggression pacts with Latvia and Esthonia will be signed in Berlin tomorrow.—Reuter.

King Acknowledges Sympathy

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Parry, Ontario, June 6.

His Majesty the King has acknowledged the messages of sympathy over the ill-fated submarine Thetis, which he received from the heads of States all over the world, including President Lebrun, President Roosevelt, Queen Wilhelmina and Herr Hitler.—Reuter.

Blockade Not Recognized by Great Britain

Questions Asked in House of Commons

London, June 6.

Any attempt by Japan to apply her blockade of the China coast to vessels of other Powers would constitute an assertion of belligerent rights and, in the absence of a state of war between China and Japan, would be illegal, declared Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in reply to questions in the House of Commons last evening.

The British Government, he added, had already made their views on the matter clear to the Japanese Government.

When the Japanese first declared the blockade, shortly after the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities in 1937, Mr. Butler stated, they announced that it would be exclusively applied to Chinese vessels.

Mr. R. H. Morgan, Conservative member for the Stourbridge division of Worcestershire, asked if the Government considered the Ranpura incident closed on the Japanese explanation that they mistook the identity of the vessel.

"We have always agreed," Mr. Butler replied, "that our ships might be boarded in cases of genuine doubt whether the ships be British or not. There could have been no doubt in the case of the Ranpura, and that was why we took up a definite attitude and had now received the explanation given.

Mr. Morgan asked if that explanation was satisfactory. Mr. Butler is understood to have replied: "Yes, as far as it goes."

Discrimination at Tsingtao

Allegations of Japanese discrimination against British shipping and trade in Tsingtao were made in the House of Commons last evening by by Sir Nairne Stewart-Sandeman, Conservative member for the Middleton and Prestwich division of Lancashire.

He asked whether the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, was aware that the Japanese naval mission in Tsingtao now required landing permits for each separate bill of lading in respect of goods shipped by British vessels, that cargoes had to be stored for several days in an open wharf, and that no restrictions had been placed on cargoes arriving by Japanese vessels.

He also asked whether the Prime Minister would indicate to the Japanese Government that unless the restrictions on British trade were removed, it might be necessary to impose similar restrictions on Japanese vessels arriving in British ports.

Mr. Butler said the reply to the first two parts of the first question was in the affirmative.

Discrimination, he added, existed in so far as warehouse accommodation was being made available for Japanese ships but not yet for British vessels.

The matter, Mr. Butler declared, had been taken up with the local Japanese authorities in Tsingtao, and representations had been made by Sir Robert Craigie, the Japanese Ambassador, in Tokyo, pressing for the allocation of a further berth or reasonable warehouse space.—Reuter.

British Interests in China Considered

Allegations to Contrary Denied in Commons

London, June 5.

Rumours that the Export Credit and Trade Department had advised the Chinese Advisory Committee to deal entirely with an organization called Trading Facilities Ltd., were the subject of a question in the House of Commons today.

Major-General Sir Alfred Knox, Conservative member for the Wycombe division of Buckinghamshire, asked if there was any truth in these rumours and, if so, why the interests of British traders in China were disregarded.

Mr. R. S. Hudson, Secretary for Overseas Trade, replied that he had looked into the memorandum from Sir Alfred Knox, which formed the basis of the question.

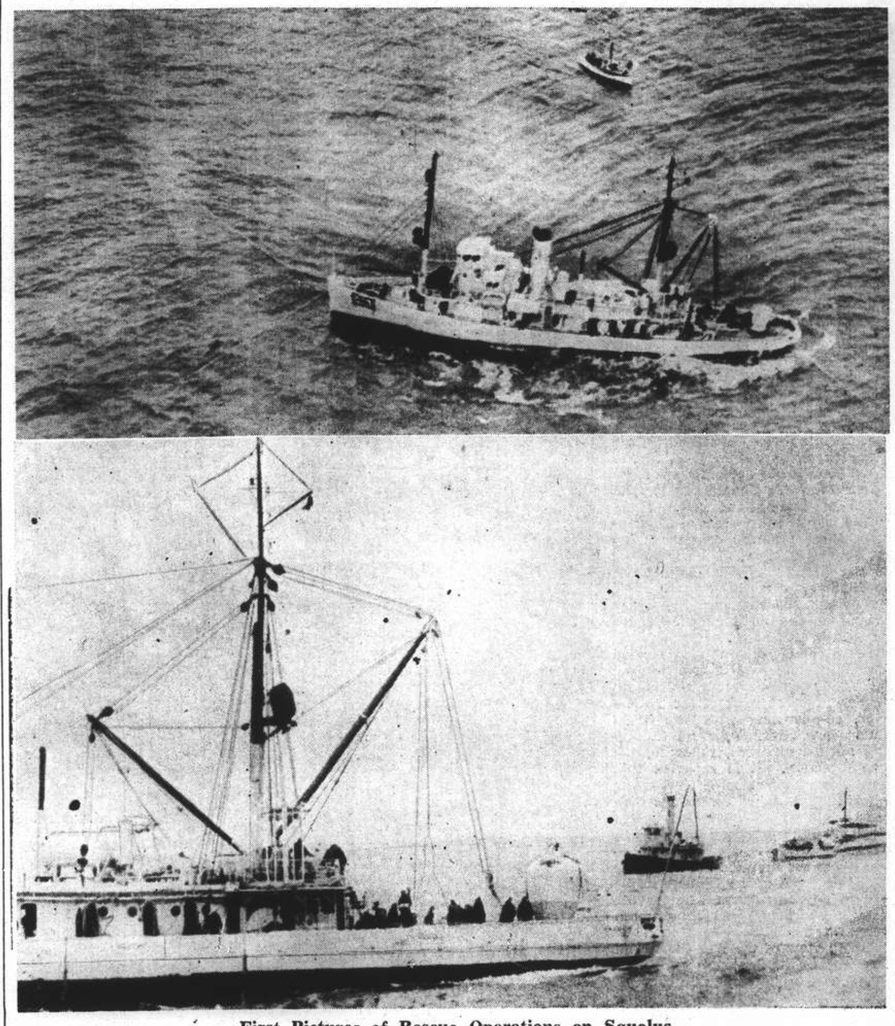
"Most of the statements," he said, "are unfounded and a large number are deliberate misrepresentations."

Sir Alfred Knox gave notice that, in view of the reply, he would raise the matter again at the earliest opportunity.—Reuter.

Yankee Clipper at Lisbon

Lisbon, June 5.

Giant Pan-American Airways seaplane, the Yankee Clipper landed here at 8.37 p.m. today en route to Southampton on its second trans-Atlantic mail flight. It took off from Port Washington, U.S. yesterday.—Havas.



First Pictures of Rescue Operations on Squalus

These are the first pictures to be received in Shanghai of rescue operations on the American submarine Squalus, which sank off the New Hampshire coast on May 24. Here is seen the salvage vessel Falcon with the diving bell which rescued 33 men from the submarine. These are radio photographs taken at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, transmitted to San Francisco and rushed by fast mail to Shanghai.

Briton Seriously Wounded in Affray with Japanese

Mr. R. M. Tinkler Seized at Lun Chong Mill Following Strike Incident ; Fired at Officer, Japanese Allege

ACCUSED of firing a shot from a pistol at an officer of the Japanese Naval Landing Party as a detachment of sailors was escorting a crowd of Chinese strikers and strikebreakers, who had been fighting, across the compound of the British-owned Lun Chong mill at Pootung Point, and of threatening Lieut.-Commdr. Munesuke Noji, Commandant of the Japanese Naval Landing Party in Pootung, with the weapon, Mr. R. M. Tinkler, aged 45, British labour personnel officer of the mill, though seriously wounded by members of the Landing Party, was detained in Pootung all day yesterday, and was only brought to Shanghai late last night to be rushed to the General Hospital, where an emergency operation was performed. Japanese marines stood outside the operating theatre while Mr. Tinkler was being operated upon. Two Japanese naval surgeons and two German surgeons performed the operation.

It was understood that Mr. Tinkler is suffering from a scalp wound, three stab wounds in the abdomen, and a stab wound in the leg. In a statement by the Japanese naval spokesman last night, it was stated that Mr. Tinkler had been hit with the butt of a rifle, and no mention was made of any stabbing.

The spokesman revealed that it had not been decided whether Mr. Tinkler would be handed over to the British authorities or whether he would be tried by a Japanese military tribunal. In connection with the affair Mr. Y. Miura called at H.M. Consulate at 5 p.m. yesterday and lodged a "very energetic protest," reserving the right of future demands upon the British authorities.

At the press conference the spokesman stated: "A new incident occurred at the Lun Chong mill this morning (Tuesday). From May 24 the Japanese Naval Landing Party, acting on the request of the British authorities, have been protecting the property. On May 25 British Army troops, which were in the mill, were withdrawn and on May 27 a number of the Japanese Naval Landing Party entered the mill in order better to protect the property.

"On May 30 an understanding was reached between the Japanese Naval authorities and the manager of the mill in the presence of the Brigade Major of the British Forces regarding the following points: the Japanese Naval Landing Party agreed to protect the Lun Chong mill without any partiality; the Landing Party was to be withdrawn as soon as conditions permitted; in case of trouble the Japanese authorities would take steps to deal with it.

Millhands Fight

"There were also detailed agreements as to how notice would be given to the Japanese Forces in case of trouble. On May 31 a telephone was established between the Naval Landing Party Headquarters in Pootung and the mill, following which the Landing Party was withdrawn. In addition the Japanese Naval Landing Party established a lookout at a point where they could look down on the property and they kept sufficient men ready to deal with any emergency that might arise. This was an exceptionally kind measure.

"At about 7.50 a.m. today (Tuesday) Chinese millhands not participating in the strike arrived at the pontoon from the International Settlement. About 30 strikers who, apparently had been lying in wait near by on another sampan, began attacking the workers with sticks as soon as they arrived.

"The Landing Party lookout upon seeing this, sent ten sailors with an officer in charge to the pontoon to put a stop to the fight which was going on between the strikers and strikebreakers, who were herded together and escorted by the Japanese sailors to the Japanese Naval Landing Party Headquarters.

"Carried Pistols"

"In doing so they had to pass through the Lun Chong property and as they were marching there they ap-

(Continued on page 8)

Rome's Claims to Canal Refuted

Chairman of Company Says They Are Founded on Bad Faith or Ignorance

Paris, June 5.

A vigorous retort to the Italian claims for a bigger share in the control of the Suez Canal was made at the annual meeting of the Canal Company today by its chairman, Marquis de Voque.

They had relied, he said, on "Inaccuracies and errors, which would denote extreme bad faith if they did so deliberately, and extreme ignorance if they did not."

It must be borne in mind, the Chairman declared, that Great Britain was the largest shareholder in the company, and that the majority of capital belonged to the French.

"Hence," he added, "it is the obligation of the British and French Governments to defend, on the one hand, their own interests and, on the other, the interests of their nationals."

Marquis de Voque paid a tribute to the firmness with which the French and British Governments were devoting themselves to the defence of their interests.

"Everything, therefore," he asserted, "incites us to continue on our road without any change in our course of action, deaf to unjust criticisms and empty threats."—Reuter.

Seaforths and East Surreys to Supply Instructors Under Military Bill

N.C.O.s to Proceed Home to Train Young Men Joining Colours Under New Scheme ; Departure Not Fixed

With thousands of young men joining the Colours as the result of the passing of the recent Military Training Bill in Great Britain, the need for instructors to train these men at the various Regimental depots throughout the country, has become acute, and Regular units of the Army, not only in England but abroad, have been asked to supply certain numbers of N.C.O. instructors to carry out the scheme.

Affected by this order are the two regular British Battalions in Shanghai—the 1st. Battalion, The Seaforth Highlanders and the 2nd. Battalion, The East Surrey Regiment—each of which will supply 20 men to proceed to England to take up training duties under the Bill.

All the men, the "North-China Daily News" was informed, will be N.C.O.s who are qualified to act as instructors. The date of their departure from Shanghai, however, has not yet been fixed, it was stated. It was also stressed that the Battalions will not be under strength as the troopship Dunera has brought out several reliefs from England.

Naturally, the departure of the N.C.O.s will create many vacancies in the ranks of the N.C.O.s in each battalion and several promotions will be authorized. It is not known to which units the men will be assigned on arrival in England but it is likely that some of them will be posted to Territorial units as the rush to bring this branch of the Services up to wartime strength has resulted in a dearth of instructors.

Both the Seaforths and the East Surreys are due to leave Shanghai during the coming trooping season, the former proceeding to India and the latter to Hongkong. Replacing both Regiments in the city will be the 1st. Battalion, The Highland Light Infantry, which will leave Fort George in Scotland.

Also leaving Shanghai on Friday will be several Seaforth and East Surrey details and members of other units who are proceeding Home in the Dunera after a tour of foreign service. Among those leaving will be Lieut. (Q.M.) O. Blatchford, formerly Chief Clerk at British Military Headquarters, and Lieut. (Q.M.) Howard of the Royal Army Pay Corps. Both these officers have been commissioned from Warrant Officer rank.

Forest Fires Ravage Simla Neighbourhood

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Simla, June 5.

The Maharaja of Patiala rode on horse-back through smoke and flames today to direct operations against forest fires, which threatened his palace at Chail, near Simla. The Maharaja was on a fishing excursion nearby when the news was brought to him, and he rode through a section of burning forest at considerable risk. Later, the Viceroy, Lord Linlithgow, visited the scene and offered assistance. After devastating the wooded country for miles around, the fire was brought under control and the palace saved.—Reuter.

'Attache Still Held As Spy

Japanese Make Serious Charges Against Lieut. Col. Spear

Kalgan, June 6.

Dealt with by the Japanese military authorities as ordinary spy suspects, two British Army officers today continued to be detained at the local headquarters of the Japanese gendarmerie for questioning.

They were: Lieut.-Col. C. R. Spear, M.V.O., M.C., military attaché to the British Embassy to China, and a Lieut. Cooper, stationed in Peiping.

Both were taken into custody by the Japanese military police at Shuangshu, a village along the Peiping-Paotow Railway, on May 15.

Lieut.-Col. Spear, it was understood, left Shanghai in February this year, proceeding to Hanoi by way of Hongkong, flying to Chungking from Indo-China.

Extensive Tour

He later was reported to have travelled in Szechuen, Shensi, Shansi, and Hopei, observing the activities of the Chinese Communist forces, with extended visits in Sian, Yenan and Kiahsien. From there he was understood to have gone to Chilan, Wutai and Yangchiaping in Shansi before reaching Shuangshu.

Col. Spear, it was alleged, utilized the wireless communication facilities of the Chinese Communists to maintain contact with Shanghai and Peiping, reporting developments within the zone of Japanese operations.

The British officer was accused of having sent a Chinese messenger from Yangchiaping to Peiping to communicate with Lieut. Cooper.

The latter, the Japanese military authorities contend, failed to obtain the full permission of the Japanese military authorities to proceed inland but left nevertheless to meet his superior officer.

When found, it was understood, both Britons were wearing mud-caked civilian clothes and presented a bedraggled appearance, which Japanese authorities attribute to their attempts to evade detection by Japanese outposts by travelling surreptitiously. Both men were alleged to have been "hiding" for three days in the Shuangshu church where they were discovered.

Serious View Taken

Japanese military authorities were taking a serious view of the case of the two British officers in that none of them had secured Japanese authorization to travel in Japanese occupied territory.

Moreover, it was pointed out, there was ample ground to suspect that Col. Spear, by crossing back and forth from Japanese-occupied territory to the Chinese lines had supplied the Nationalists or the Communists "with valuable information" regarding the Japanese forces.

This would have to be thoroughly investigated before the two officers could be released, it was stated.—Domei.

Duchess of Kent Fired at Near London Home

Assailant Arrested After Strange Behaviour In Belgrave Square; Duchess Unaware of Shot

London, June 5.

POOR marksmanship by an Englishman recently returned from Australia saved the life of the Duchess of Kent, the former Princess Marina of Greece and wife of King George's youngest brother, last night.

The Duchess of Kent and her companion, Lady Portarlington, narrowly missed death as they left the residence of the Duchess in an automobile to drive to a cinema to see "Wuthering Heights."

Neither of the women was even aware that a shot had been fired and was intended to have hit one of them. The Duchess of Kent knew nothing of the attempt on her life until she returned home late last night. When she was informed of her narrow escape she was most shocked, but recovered her composure immediately, it was learned.

Mr. G. Kirkwood, a passing motorist, and his wife who were driving through Belgrave Square, where the residence of the Duke of Kent is located, heard the shot. Mr. Kirkwood also saw the man who fired the shot and rushed a policeman to the spot and the man was arrested.

Sitting on Sidewalk

Mr. Kirkwood heard the crack of a shot and halted his car. He saw a man sitting on a sidewalk with a shot-gun in his hand.

"The shot narrowly missed my car," Mr. Kirkwood related.

"I asked the man what he was doing. He did not reply. I drove to the nearest policeman and raced him back to Belgrave Square.

"The man was still there. He was holding a racing bicycle on which he had ridden to the Square."

The man was understood to have fired the gun from a point opposite No. 1 Belgrave Square, which is two doors away from the Kent residence.

The private detective of the Duchess of Kent assisted the police in the search for the bullet, which was believed to have struck the wall of a house and fallen between the railings in front of the basement of the house.

The man with the shot-gun was detained and was later described as a middle-aged Englishman recently returned home from Australia.

Charged in Court

His name was given as Ledwidge Vincent Lawler and he was later charged before Westminister Police Court, with having possession of a firearm with intent to endanger life or cause serious injury to property.

Lady Portarlington, who accompanied the Duchess to the cinema, said that they had neither heard the shot nor knew anything about the shooting until after returning home.

"The Duchess and I went to the cinema at about 9-p.m.," Lady Portarlington said.

"The Duchess' car departed at 11.20 p.m. and a detective accompanied us on the return journey, but there was nothing especially significant about that.

"The Duchess left me at my house at Chessham Place and then drove to Belgrave Square. If anything happened while I was with the Duchess, we were both unconscious of it. We certainly heard no sound of firing nor was our car incommoded in any way," Lady Portarlington concluded.—United Press.

Lord Harewood's House Shot At

London, June 5.

Close on the heels of the attack against the Duchess of Kent, it was reported tonight that a window pane was shattered in the Green Street House of Lord Harewood, husband of the Princess Royal, only daughter of Queen Mary and the late King George V.

The pane was broken by a bullet shot from a compressed air pistol, it was believed.—Havas.

I.R.A. Leader Arrested In America

Being Held by Police In Detroit

Detroit, June 6.

Federal Agents today arrested Sean Russel, leader of the Irish Republican Army, who, it is believed, is in some way connected with the recent terrorist attempts in England carried out by this organization.

According to the "Free Press," he was accompanied by Joseph McGarrity of Philadelphia, noted leading light of the I.R.A., and both men were apprehended when stepping into a taxi at the Michigan Central Station, having just arrived from Chicago.

McGarrity, who was released, declared that Russel arrived in the United States six weeks ago for a lecture tour. He stated that their presence in Detroit was of no special significance.

The authorities refused to grant Russel permission to see a lawyer.

It may be pointed out here that the British Sovereigns are arriving in Windsor, Ontario, today, situated opposite Detroit on the Ontario River.—Havas.

Crows Sold in Koenigsberg

Warsaw, June 6.

Crows "as tasty as pigeons" are being sold to Koenigsberg housewives by dealers in fowl in that city, the official P.A.T. agency announced today.

The birds are priced at 50 and 60 pfennigs, and the population is being urged to effect purchases of these "ersatz' pigeons.—Havas.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 8¼d. U.S.$ 16 1/32c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, June 6.

There was no change in silver prices today compared with yesterday.

	June 5	June 6
London spot	20d.	20d.
" forward	19 13/16d.	19 13/16d.
" gold	148/4¼d.	148/4d.

London/New York:

One pound	U.S.$4.6844	$4.6869
One U.S. dollar	51.233d.	51.206d.

—Reuter.

Washington Full For Royal Visit

Prices Soar; King, Queen Descend Canadian Nickel Mine to View Works

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Washington, June 5.

A two-minute glimpse of Their Majesties as they pass along historic Pennsylvania Avenue here will cost anything from $3 to $10.

There are already plenty of advance bookings for seats in luxurious cocktail lounges in hotels, and windows in humbler shops, cafés and billiard establishments.

One hotel is demanling $30 for a three-day booking because it stands on a corner from which a double view of Their Majesties will be possible.

At the same time, charges for rooms have generally risen two or three times above normal, while some charges have increased 2.000 per cent. Every window below the 6th floor along the ropal route is already sold out.

500,000 to Line Route

Thousands of visitors are pouring into the capital. It is confidently predicted that over 500,000 will line the two-mile route for Thursday's parade before Their Majesties, in which 6,000 troops, seven bands, detachments of cavalry, tanks, and motor-cycles police will participate, while army bombers and pursuit 'planes will roar in formation overhead.

Steel cables will be stretched along the pavements to restrain the crowds along the royal route, which is already bedecked with bunting, banners and shields.

Thorough protective measures have been taken for the royal visit by the secret service and the police.

Sir Ronald Lindsay, the British Ambassador, and Mr. Cordell Hull, the Secretary of State, will leave tonight to greet Their Majesties at Niagara Falls.—Reuter.

Three More Stops

Montreal, June 6.

With only three more major stops before crossing the border into the United States, Their Majesties are now spending the night aboard the royal train, as it speeds eastwards on another all-night run.—Reuter.

Nickel Mines Visited

Sudbury, June 5.

King George and Queen Elizabeth put their official programme of events aside today to take a quick trip 2,800 feet below the surface of the earth to see how miners worked in the world's richest nickel deposits.

The King and Queen travelled to the International Nickel Company mine, the richest nickel deposit in the world, and descended the shaft at the rate of 1,500 feet a minute.

The King was clad in regular overalls, while the Queen donned a light silk waterproof. His Majesty carried a battery-lamp attached to a safety hat. The Queen carried a flashlight. Each was also equipped with safety belts in accordance with Canadian law.—United Press.

British Ship Refused Pearl River Sailing

Japanese Say Agreement Not Being Respected

Canton, June 6.

Reuter's correspondent was today officially informed by the Japanese Consul-General, Mr. Okazaki, that the British steamer Fatshan would not be allowed to proceed to Hongkong on June 8, as agreed upon by the Japanese in writing.

"The reason for this," Mr. Okazaki said "is that the British authorities are not respecting the spirit and letter of the memorandum concluded between the British Consul-General and myself, whereby British and Japanese steamers are allowed to go up and down the Pearl River, provided passengers only are carried."

"The British authorities," Mr. Okazaki declared, "now state that a Japanese steamer, chartered by the Japanese Government, is only allowed to carry Japanese Army, Navy and Chinese officials."

Mr. Okazaki concluded by stating that if the British did not respect the memorandum, the Japanese would stop British shipping on the Pearl River.

Interviewed by Reuter's correspondent, Mr. A. P. Blunt, the British Consul-General here, merely declared that he did not in any way agree with the statements made by the Japanese Consul-General. He added that he had referred the facts to higher British authorities.—Reuter.

U.S. Fighting Forces to Get Supplies

Washington, June 6.

Congress completed action on a bill yesterday which authorizes the expenditure of $100,000,000 for the accumulation of strategic raw materials not obtainable in the United States and essential in time of war.

The Senate defeated a Republican amendment which would have limited the appropriation to $40,000,000.

The Government also is negotiating barter agreements with foreign Powers in which surplus American cotton and wheat will be exchanged for such strategic materials as rubber and tin.—United Press.

Japan's European Policy Still Kept Secret

Prince Saionji Said to Be Gravely Concerned; Press Regrets Absence of Announcement

Tokyo, June 6.

PRINCE Kimmochi Saionji, the only surviving "Genro," seemed to be greatly concerned about Japan's fundamental policy to cope with the new European situation, said Prince Fumimaro Konoye, President of the Privy Council and Minister without portfolio, when he returned to Tokyo from Okitsu yesterday.

According to the "Asahi Shimbun," Prince Konoye made the trip to Okitsu to report to Prince Saionji on the development of the home and foreign situation in the past 12 months, especially on the international situation with the "China Incident" as the centre.

Declaring that his visit to Prince Saionji had no political significance, Prince Konoye is reported to have said that Prince Saionji was in high spirits and showed great interest in the development of the European situation.

Speculation Rife

No official statement has been issued regarding the final decision reached by the Government yesterday regarding its policy in the new European situation. Speculation, however, is rife on the subject.

Well-informed Japanese circles recall recent interviews given by two military leaders to foreign correspondents following the conclusion of the treaty of friendship and alliance between Germany and Italy.

The War Minister, Lieut-General Seishiro Itagaki, in his interview, observed that the spirit which animated the conclusion of a tri-partite anti-Comintern pact was "deep-rooted and, therefore, it is not impossible to conclude a military alliance with Germany and Italy if they so desire."

General Koiso, former Commander of the Korean Army, is reported to have said that negotiations were going on for a conclusion of a military pact between Japan, Italy and Germany, but that "its success depends entirely on whether Italy and Germany understand fully their situation in Europe, as well as Japan's position in the Far East and her real strength."

It may also be recalled that Admiral Yonai, Minister of the Navy, replying to an interpellation in the last session of the Diet, said that the anti-Comintern pact was not a military alliance.

Imperial Sanction

Editorial comments on the Government's final decision regarding details of its policy in the new European situation appear in only a few newspapers this morning. These details received the Imperial sanction yesterday afternoon following their approval by the five-Minister conference.

The "Chugai Shogyo," a leading commercial daily, regrets that the public has been left in the dark regarding the proceedings in the five-Minister conference, as well as the "final decision" it reached yesterday. It urges the Government to make public an outline of its policy in the European situation.

Although the European situation claims a certain amount of attention from Japan, it says, "the China Incident forms a question of supreme importance."

The "Kokumin," which has consistently advocated a military alliance with Germany and Italy, says that the European situation is important to Japan "so long as it has a bearing upon the Far Eastern situation."

It urges the Government to see that a "settlement of the China Incident will not be hampered by being concerned too greatly over European affairs," and says that the Government should maintain a passive attitude and calmly await developments in the European situation," without taking a bold step to strengthen relations with Germany and Italy."

Stronger Anti-Comintern Pact

The "Japan Advertiser" says that no Government statement has been needed to let the people know that Japan's "policy in the new European situation" has something to do with strengthening the anti-Comintern pact, which the Premier, Baron Hiranuma, and the Foreign Minister, Mr. Hachiro Arita, promised in the last session of the Diet.

Referring to the declaration made recently by Dr. Kumataro Honda, the former Japanese Ambassador to Germany, that "Japan should hasten to conclude a comprehensive military alliance with Germany and Italy," the "Japan Advertiser" observes that the Government has not gone "formally on record against such an alliance," but that Baron Hiranuma and Mr. Arita have made several public remarks that have given the impression that they are not in favour of placing Japan into an "alignment that could drag her into a war with Great Britain, France and the Soviet Union at the will of another country, thus diverting her energy from her announced task of building a new order in East Asia."

Premier's Statement

The newspaper recalls that the Premier recently told the Japanese press that "some politicians are advocating an extreme method in dealing with the situation in Europe, but it would be atteided by evils. In executing her mission, Japan must proceed steadily, step by step. Some may blame me for my policy, but I do not care. If we cannot accomplish our tasks by ourselves, our descendents will do so."

Commenting of the military alliance between Germany and Italy, Baron Hiranuma is quoted as having said:

"It is our hope for the sake of world peace that Japan will maintain closer ties than ever with Germany and Italy and consolidate them."

The "Japan Advertiser," however, expresses the opinion that the ties can be made closer and be consolidated, "without the adoption of an extreme method that would be attended by evils."—Reuter.

London Pleased

London, June 6.

Tokyo dispatches that Japan was not willing to make further commitments in Europe unless the Soviets were involved and her refusal in advance to promise military assistance for the axis Powers were favourably received here today.

The latest information, however, suggests that Japanese military groups are vigorously making efforts to bring Japan closer in line with Germany and Italy.—United Press.

Manchu Border Clash Breaks Out

Soviet Troops Said to Have Crossed Frontier; Fired on By Japanese

Hunchun, Manchoukuo, June 6.

Conflict again flared up along the eastern border of Manchoukuo, as frontier guards near Changlintsze engaged about 200 Soviet troops at about 7.30 o'clock on Sunday evening, a delayed field dispatch reaching here today said.

The Soviet force, which was alleged to have encroached upon Manchoukuo territory, retreated to the border, abandoning two dead, according to the report.

Also left behind by the Red force were claimed to be four rifles, one machine-gun, one pistol, four bayonets and one field telephone, in addition to a number of hand grenades and rifle cartridges.

One Japanese non-commissioned officer was killed and five privates were wounded. Japanese and Manchoukuo patrols were in complete control of the border.

This clash occurred in the immediate neighbourhood of the point where Soviet troops and border guards along the Manchoukuo border staged a brief engagement on Saturday, when 16 casualties, including six killed, were stated to have been inflicted upon the alleged invaders.

Five wounded, including four serious cases, were reported among the Manchoukuo border guards.—Domei.

Provocation Alleged

Changchun, June 6.

Immediate cessation of "provocative actions" by Soviet troops along the Manchoukuo frontier was sought in a protest made by Mr. Tatsuichi Kohno, acting Manchoukuo Foreign Affairs Commissioner in Harbin, to M. Rogoff, acting Soviet Consul-General there, it was learned here today.

This step followed reports of clashes along the eastern border of Manchoukuo on June 3 and 4 as a result of alleged incursions by Soviet troops. This activity on the eastern frontier was attributed here to a desire by the Soviet authorities to divert the attention of the Japanese and Manchoukuo forces from the Lake Buir area where Outer Mongolian troops were repulsed after fierce engagements from May 28 to 31.

Reports of Soviet-Manchoukuo clashes have been accumulating rapidly since the firing by the Soviets at Manchoukuo gunboats on the eastern border on May 10. These were followed by alleged attacks on Manchoukuo vessels on Lake Khanka and at Suifenho, coupled with frequent reconnaissance flights by Russian aeroplanes over Manchoukuo.—Domei.

Moscow Sends Inspectors

Moscow, June 6.

The recent departure for the Soviet Far East of a large number of senior military staff officers "....for the inspection of that frontier..." indicates that the Mongol-Manchurian border situation is considered quite strained.

The Soviet press continues to be completely silent on the border situation.—Trans-Ocean.

Objects of Hua Hsing Bank Outlined

Will Not Compete with National Currency

London, June 6.

The reply of the Japanese Government to the British Government's enquiries regarding the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank has been circulated to Members of the House of Commons.

The reply says that the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank is organized under the laws of the "Reformed Government of the Chinese Republic.

It is not expected to act as a central bank. Its notes will be convertible into foreign currency, a reserve for which will be kept equal to, or more than the amount of the note issue.

The notes of the Bank will be additional to, but not intended to replace the old legal tender.

"No attack on the old legal tender is intended," the reply states. Notes of the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank will be accepted for the payment of all taxes and duties except Customs duties, which will be left as at present.

"In the present circumstances, no trade or exchange control is deemed necessary, nor is it contemplated," the reply adds.

Interviewed by Reuter, London financiers ask why, if this is all the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank intends to do, was it necessary to establish it.—Reuter.

Frederick Snite Going Back to U.S.

Bordeaux, June 5.

Mr. Frederick Snite, the "man in the iron lung," arrived here today, completing the first stage of the 4,750 mile return journey from Lourdes to Miami.

A devout Roman Catholic, Mr. Snite made a pilgrimage from the United States to Lourdes to try the waters of the Pool of Miracles in the Holy Grotto.

Mr. Snite has lived in an iron lung since 1936, when he was stricken with infantile paralysis while travelling in China.—Reuter.

Chienkiang Held By Japanese

Activity Reported From Three Fronts in China War; Chinese Stand Firm

Chungking, June 6.

Although further news regarding the actual situation west of the Han river is still lacking, it is generally believed that the city of Chienkiang, contrary to previous reports, continues to be held by the Japanese who, according to information available were not yet able to make further progress in any direction owing to the Chinese activities. It is emphasized that the fighting near Chienkiang was severe yesterday morning, although details are not available.

Meanwhile serious attention is paid to the developments in West Shansi where over 10,000 Japanese are driving anew towards Chuantu, ferry point on the east bank of the Yellow River 170 kilometres south-west of Tayuanfu, in three separate columns. The first column is stated to be attacking the city of Linning from Lishi along the highway connecting both cities, this column constituting the main portion of the advancing Japanese forces in West Shansi.

The second column also started from Lishi towards Chikow whence they intend to come down to Chuantu along the eastern bank of the Yellow River, co-operating with the third column now advancing from Chungyang north-westwards, following the same direction. It is reported that fighting in this region is developing rapidly into a major battle but Chinese circles emphasize that their troops are fully prepared to meet this attack.

Owing to the sporadic developments on various parts of the Chinese fronts it is difficult to predict whether the Japanese will finally throw their main strength towards Shansi, Hupeh or Hunan in view of the fact that in all three sectors the Japanese have concentrated considerable numbers of their forces, apparently preparing a major onslaught in the near future.—Trans-Ocean.

Kiangsi Cities Bombed

Raids against Chinese military headquarters at Fuchow, south of Lake Poyang, and Chinese rail and highway communications in Kiangsi province featured the activities of the Japanese naval air force in Sunday.

Trains running in the vicinity of Pingsiang, in the western part of the province, and at Kweiki and Kwangsin in north-eastern Kiangsi, were attacked "in the face of strong anti-aircraft fire", a communiqué issued by the China Seas Fleet on Monday stated.

Motorized transport columns near Hokowchen in northeastern Kiangsi were machine-gunned from the air also on Sunday, the announcement said. Japanese naval surface craft attacked Chitowtsun, Wenchow Island, and other Chinese bases in south-western Chekiang, as well as Chinese positions and barracks near the merchant ship anchorage at Chuanchow in southeastern Fukien, the communiqué continued. Chinese bases near Tsungwu, east of Chuanchow, were also bombarded from the sea.

In a raid upon Kanen in western Hainan, several Chinese military establishments were blown up by naval aircraft on Saturday, the communique stated.

Appeal of Ex-Naval Man In U.S. Denied

Must Serve Term for Sale Of Secrets to Japan

Washngton, June 5.

The Supreme Court today denied the petition of former Naval Lieut.-Commander John S. Farnsworth for a review of the Lower Court dismissal of his plea for habeas corpus release from the four to twelve year prison sentence he is serving as a result of his conviction on espionage charges on behalf of Japan in 1937.

The 45-year-old prematurely gray defendant has been in jail since his arrest July 13, 1936, at his former wife's apartment. He was found guilty of delivering to Commander Yosiyuki Itimiya and Lieut.-Commander Orikd Yamaki, former naval attachés of the Japanese Embassy in Washington, a highly confidential naval pamphlet entitled "The Service of Information and Security."

The Japanese were indicted with him but both had returned to Japan months before Farnsworth's arrest. The Government subsequently took the position that while they might be extraditable, they could claim diplomatic immunity and possibly forestall extradition for years.—United Press.

President Appoints New Ambassadors

Washington, June 6.

President Roosevelt sent three diplomatic nominations to the Senate yesterday in a rearrangement of representatives to South American countries.

Mr. Claude Bowers, former Ambassador to Spain, was nominated for Ambassador to Chile. Mr. Edwin G. Wilson was named Minister to Uruguay. Mr. Douglas Jenkins was nominated Minister to Bolivia.—United Press.

British Canadian Air Mail to Start

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

St. John, New Brunswick, June 6.

The Post Office announces today that trans-Atlantic air-mail service between Canada and the United Kingdom will start on June 24 with a flight from Shediac, New Brunswick, to Southampton.

The service will be a fortnightly one until July 7. After that date, it will be weekly.—Reuter.

Bolivia Denies Barter Pact With Italy

London, June 5.

The Bolivian Legation officially denies that tin-rayon barter agreement been concluded between Bolivia and Italy.

According to an announcement published in Rome on May 30, such an agreement had been concluded, whereby Bolivia would supply Italy with 20,000 tons of tin in return for Italian rayon.—Reuter.

The Duchess of Kent

The Duchess of Kent, snapped as she left her house in Belgrave Square. It was while leaving this house that she was fired on by an Englishman recently returned from Australia. She was unaware of the incident until informed of it later.

Briton Seriously Wounded in Affray With Japanese

(Continued from page 7)

proached the offices of the mill. About ten Britons appeared from the offices of the mill and three of them carried pistols. About fifteen of those Chinese who had been herded together (later found to be strikers) ran away from the group and headed for the power plant of the mill.

"The officer then detailed six sailors to pursue these 15 men to prevent them from running away and doing damage to the power plant. The officer left found men in charge of the remainder and went himself in the direction of the power plant. At this time the British employees of the mill approached the sailors and asked that the men working at the mill be handed over. This was refused. The British employees then began wrestling with the sailors in an attempt to get their rifles away.

"One shot was fired at the sailors by one of these Britons (Tinkler) and he then ran in the direction of the power plant. On approaching the Japanese officer in charge of the party he seized the officer right forearm with his left hand and then pressed the gun against the officer and told him to get out from the plant. By that time the strikers who had run away had been rounded up outside the power plant by the six sailors.

Alleged Actions

"The Japanese officer in charge of the small party then asked for reinforcements and at the same time the Battalion Commander, who was about to leave the Battalion Headquarters to go to the Naval Landing Party Headquarters in Shanghai, received a request from the mill that help was needed as trouble had broken out.

"The Battalion Commander then sent re-inforcements which arrived at the mill at 8.10, arriving himself at 8.15. When he arrived on the scene the Briton with the gun pointed it at the Battalion Commander three times in succession, at the same time knocking him and threatening to kill him. In addition he went running around pointing his gun at officers and sailors.

Hit by Sailor

"In view of the danger involved of letting a man like that run around with a loaded gun a sailor seized the man and disarmed him. As shown by the preceding events the Landing Party showed admirable patience but this Englishman, who had been disarmed, then jumped upon the sailor and wanted to fight him.

"In view of this assault by this Briton another sailor seized his rifle and with the butt of the weapon hit him. The man was taken later to Battalion Headquarters. Previous to this there had been an understanding between the manager of the plant and the Commander of the Japanese Naval Landing Party in Pootung that no arms should be used on the plant without an understanding being reached with the Commander. This was only natural, as the Landing Party had agreed to protect the property.

"The man who discharged the pistol was named Tinkler, aged 45. In view of the fact that the Japanese had agreed to extend full protection to the property and had taken every precaution to prevent any damage to the property, in which they had been eminently successful, the action taken by this individual in attacking members of the Japanese Naval Landing Party must be regarded as a challenge and consequently as extremely serious.

Protest Lodged

"Mr. Y. Miura, Japanese Consul-General, at 5 o'clock this afternoon (Tuesday) called at the British Consulate where he lodged an energetic protest on this matter. The Consul-General has also reserved any future demands on the British authorities."

Immediately after the above statement by the spokesman numerous questions were asked in connection with the incident. The spokesman revealed that Mr. Tinkler had been treated for his injuries and had been detained in "protective custody." He had been able to walk from the mill to the Battalion Headquarters, the spokesman added.

There was no indication when he would be handed over to the British authorities. The pistol he had used, the spokesman continued, had been fired, as the barrel was dirty and a cartridge had been found. The action of the Japanese Commander in ordering his men not to fire showed tact and forbearance and there was no violence on the part of the Japanese.

Not Yet Arrested

There might have been others involved, he stated, but Tinkler had been the principal. Apparently the others had not attempted to stop him. Asked if the man's extraterritorial rights would be respected as the rights of some Japanese citizens, who had attacked American marines on August 13 last, had been respected, the spokesman stated that this incident could not be considered in the same light as this man had fired at a Japanese sailor.

It had not been decided whether he would be tried by the British authorities or by a Japanese miltary tribunal, he continued, as he had not yet been arrested. At this point a pressman asked, "An undeclared war, isn't it?"

All measures to protect the mill were still being taken, the spokesman added. No officials were alloved to visit the man and he would not be allowed to see anybody until the time came. The strikers and strikebreakers had been taken to Company H. Q. in Pootung.

Asked if it was possible that the European employees, seeing the sailors enter the mill, had come to a mistaken conclusion about the actions of the sailors, the spokesman replied, "They knew what was going on at the pontoon and that the Japanese sailors had taken the fighters. That is not the way to do it. You don't have to hit a sailor and take his rifle away from him."

The spokesman added that Tinkler had shouted "He's the commander. Let's kill him." Tinkler to say the least, was trying to antagonize the Japanese, the spokesman said.

Questioned yesterday afternoon by the "North-China Daily News" a British Consular official said that the incident was being studied and that an official had been despatched to Pootung to investigate. They had not received details of the incident and these would be forthcoming upon the official's return.

British Representations

Mr. Tinkler was released through representations made by British Consular authorities who accompanied him on his trip across the Whangpoo. Although no official information was given as to the terms for his release, there were indications that British authorities had tried to make everything clear for future reference before taking the wounded man across the river.

A foreign doctor went to Pootung with the officials and he accompanied Mr. Tinkler on the trip across the river, in the presence of Japanese officers. His presence indicated that Mr. Tinkler was examined by the doctor before he was sent across the river.

Dramatic scenes were witnessed at the Customs Jetty at 11.10 p.m. when the party arrived in a launch. Mr. Tinkler was carried in a stretcher by four Japanese soldiers to the waiting ambulance and in addition to British Consular representatives and police, there were several Japanese officers carrying swords and giving necessary instructions. The strecher was placed on the ground for a few seconds and then Mr. Tinkler was taken into the ambulance which sped away to the hospital.

Mr. Tinkler was covered with a blanket. He looked pale and tired. He turned his head looking around and he could move his hands but he did not talk. Questioned by the reporter at the jetty a foreign colleague of the wounded man said that "he is wounded all right," refusing to give details. After the ambulance had gone the officials said good bye and the Japanese officers and men were seen returning to the launch in the river.

Textile Industry Hit by War

China Suffers Huge Loss, Estimate Shows; Recovery Being Rapidly Made

Chungking, June 6.

Since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities, China has lost 70 per cent. of her textile investment, including 1,800,000 spindles, and 18,000 looms, entailing a financial loss of $100,000,000, according to "New Economics", a fortnightly journal published in this city.

On the other hand, it is stated, despite this terrific blow, the Chinese cotton industry is gradually recovering, and China still retains roughly 40 per cent. of her pre-war cotton industry.

More than 60 Chinese cotton mills, the journal declares, have either been destroyed, or have been seized by the Japanese; or have been mortgaged and sold to third parties.

Ten mills have been totally destroyed, twelve badly damaged, 21 slightly damaged, and five, four of which are located in the war areas, have been seized by the Japanese, so that their fate is unknown.

Eight have been either sold or mortgaged to foreign firms. The eight mills mortgaged or sold, however, are not considered lost.

The journal stresses the fact that, despite these tremendous setbacks suffered by the cotton industry, a gradual recovery is taking place.

Working Overtime

In those territories still controlled by the National Government, 200,000 spindles and 1,000 looms are now working overtime.

In the two foreign settlements in Shanghai, it is stated, eight new mills have recently been established, with 80,000 spindles. Three of these mills are now in full operation.

Meanwhile, many new mills have been established near Chungking, and also in Yunnan province. The Yunnan Cotton Mill, established last August, is increasing the number of its spindles from 10,000 to 30,000, aided by loans from the Bank of China. The bank, the journal continues, is also financing new mills in Hunan and Shensi provinces.

When the spindles removed from the war areas are operating once again, and when the new mills, either planned or under construction, are completed, there will be, in the National Government's territories, 500,000 spindles and 5,000 looms.

Together with the Chinese mills in the foreign areas in Tientsin and Shanghai, China will still have over 1,000,000 spindles, or roughly 40 per cent. of her pre-war capacity.

Of the 10,000 industrial co-operatives planned for next year, 3,500 will be textile co-operatives.

It is estimated that the consumptive capacity of the National Government's territories will be about 10,000,000 bolts of cloth annually, 3,000 of which will be supplied by these co-operatives within the next 12 months.—Reuter.

Speaker Hurt, Unable to Attend Commons

London, June 5.

Captain E. A. FitzRoy, Speaker of the House of Commons, failed to preside at today's opening session because he hurt his side during the Whitsun holidays, it was learned this evening. Sir Denis Herbert took his place when it was ascertained that he definitely could not go to the House.—Havas.

OBITUARY

Mr. Hsu Shih-Chang

Tientsin, June 6.

Mr. Hsu Shih-chang, famous statesman and scholar, who was President of China from 1918 to 1922, has died here at the age of 81.

Born at Tientsin in 1858, Mr. Hsu was appointed a Hanlin Compiler under the Manchu regime in 1886.

He became senior councillor of the board of commerce in 1903, and two years later was made a Minister of the Government Council. In 1906 he was made a Grand Councillor of State, and the next year was appointed associate Premier, vice-President of the Privy Council and High Commissioner for the Emperor.

In 1912 he was made Grand Guardian of the Emperor, and was appointed Secretary of State in 1914 and given the same post again in 1916.

Mr. Hsu was given the honorary degree of Doctor of Literature by Paris University in 1921, and has been living in retirement in Tientsin since 1922.—Reuter.

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Condolences on Thetis Disaster Pour in

(Continued from page 7)

escape apparatus, and one of these was Captain Oram, who with great gallantry took upon himself, before he knew that the submarine had been sighted, to escape from the Thetis under conditions which he realized as most dangerous, in order to direct operations.

Captain Oram reported that conditions in the submarine were becoming bad, although all aboard was still alive.

Later, two more came to the surface, and as soon as possible a driver from the Vigilant went down but had the greatest difficulty in working.

An endeavour was made to lift the stern of the submarine still higher with a view to cutting a hole above water as soon as conditions allowed. To have attempted to cut a hole in the conditions then obtaining would have incurred severe risks of flooding, which would have been unjustified.

Later, a fresh effort was made to lift the stern, but this was again unsuccessful, as the Thetis was becoming less buoyant.

It is believed that three men were killed when trying to escape with the first party and taken back into the submarine. No further escapes could be made by the Davis apparatus.

Wire Slips

Shortly before low water, a wire was placed round the Thetis, but it slipped, cutting away the indicator buoy.

The submarine was again located after some hours, and by this time deep-sea divers from Scapa Flow had arrived, and diving operations were again carried out.

It was then clear that there was no further possibility of saving life, and they proceeded to the task of salvaging the vessel.

It was while adjusting the trim of the submarine after diving, Mr. Chamberlain declared, that the flooding of the forward compartments occurred.

The main ballast tanks were immediately emptied by compressed air, with the intention of bringing the Thetis to the surface, but she continued to dive, took an angle of 35 degrees and hit the bottom at 130 feet.—Reuter.

Hawsers Under Vessel

Three hawsers have been placed under the sunken submarine Thetis and an attempt to raise the vessel will be made within the next forty-eight hours, weather conditions permitting, it was stated here today.

Meanwhile, it is announced that the public inquiry to be opened into the tragedy will be held in Liverpool rather than in London.—Havas.

Prince Kanin Received By Emperor

Tokyo, June 6.

Field Marshal Prince Kotohito Kanin, Chief of the Army General Staff, was received in audience yesterday by the Emperor, to whom he reported on matters under his jurisdiction.—Reuter.

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Plane Reaches Batavia Much Behind Schedule

Anxiety Felt to American Millionaire Allayed

Batavia, June 5.

Mr. Richard Archbold's "Flying Laboratory,' the Guba, and his five companions arrived here today just as the authorities were organizing a search for the big flying boat.

Mr. Archbold, heir to the Standard Oil millions through his father, an original stockholder and executive of the company, left Port Hedland, Australia, early on Sunday morning en route to Cocos Island, south of Sumatra.

When he was six hours overdue, he sent a radio message that he would try to reach Batavia. He also said the fuel supply was low.

As hours passed and there was no word of him, the Prime Minister of Australia, Mr. R. G. Menzies, sent a wireless message to the British representative at Batavia to organize a search for Mr. Archbold. The missing Guba, however, arrived just as the search was about to start.

Mr. Archbold and his companions are using their spacious flying boat as a laboratory, storing hundreds of botanical specimens. They are on an expedition for several American museums.—United Press.

Balloon Barrage Ready For Service

London, June 5.

Balloons to be used to protect London against air raids would be kept ready for service, at all times in the most vulnerable districts of London, the Air Minister announced today.

Air squadrons would be attached in turn to the balloon barrage organization for periods of one month as from June 11, the announcement added.—Havas.

COFFEE *and then—*

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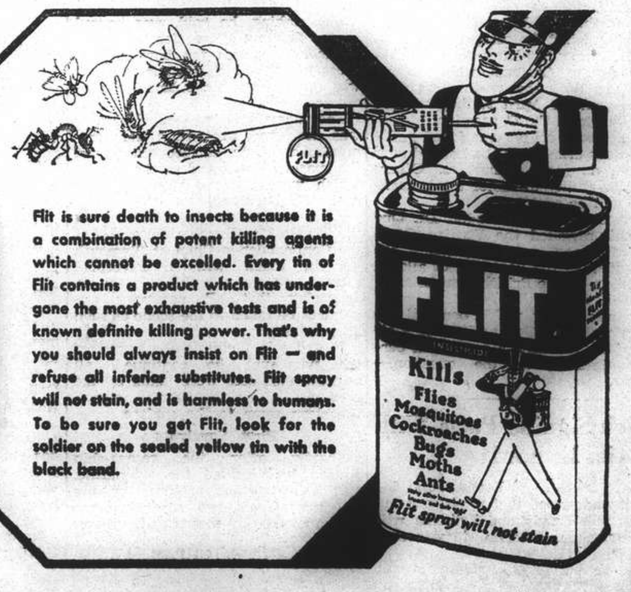

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FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. and Mrs. A. Courthial left yesterday in the ss. Aramis.

COLONEL C. B. Cates and Mrs. Cates and child left yesterday in the ss. Aramis.

H.M.S. BIRMINGHAM left yesterday with Admiral Sir Percy Noble on board for Hongkong.

MR. A. Van Cutsem, Belgium Consul-General, accompanied by his wife left yesterday in the ss. Aramis.

M. KNOBEL, Counsellor at the French Embassy, and Mme. Knobel, left Shanghai yesterday for France in the Messageries Maritimes liner Aramis.

THE Reich Government has decided to discontinue its Legation in Tirana, capital of the former Kingdom of Albania, and to replace it by a Consulate, it is announced in Berlin.

DEDICATION ceremonies of a heavy howitzer, captured by the Japanese forces, were held at the Shanghai Jinja, Shinto shrine on Kiangwan Road, on Monday morning.

M. Pontet, of the Credit Foncier d'Extreme-Orient, and Mme. Pontet left Shanghai for France on home leave yesterday, sailing in the M.M. liner Aramis.

JUDGE Sir Athol MacGregor, Chief Justice of Hongkong, who has been in Shanghai during the hearing of appeal cases by the Full Court, will leave for Hongkong on Thursday.

COMMANDANT A. Fabre, who has been in command of the Second Battalion Marche de Chine for the past 20 months, and Mme. Fabre and their family, left Shanghai yesterday by the Aramis for France.

MME. R. Jobez, wife of the Assistant Director of the French Police, and family left yesterday for France in the Messageries Maritimes liner Aramis. Mme. Baldensperger, wife of M. Baldensperger, of the Banque de l'Indochine, and family also sailed by the same vessel.

IT is announced that the 10th Drawing of the Refugee Lottery will take place at 2.30 p.m. today at the Canidrome. Tickets will be on sale at all department stores and authorised lottery stores till noon today. The drawing will be broadcast over Radio Station XHHK, at 1340 kilocyles, in English and Mandarin.

A MEETING of the Royal Asiatic Society will be held in the Wu Lien-Teh Hall, 20 Museum Road, on Thursday, June 8, at 5.30 p.m., when a lecture will be given by: Dr. Henry Farnsworth Macnair on "some vicissitudes of a mid-Victorian consul." The chair will be taken by Mr. Arthur de Carle Sowerby. The meeting is open to the public.

A MYSTERIOUS fire broke out and badly damaged the Japanese barracks in Tientsin on June 2, says a belated Hongkong Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." Large quantities of corn stored up in the barracks were destroyed, causing heavy losses. Among other premises destroyed by the conflagration, were a Japanese ice factory, offices of the Japanese military authorities, as well as part of the premises of the Japanese gendarmerie, the report states.

THE programme for the Brass Band Concert to be given in the French Park, on Wednesday, June 7, from 5 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. (weather permitting) is as follows:—

Overture "Ivan" ..... Conterno
Dance "Do Do" ..... Buck
Serenade "Love in Idleness" .. Macbeth
Suite "Dance of the Hours" .. Ponchiello
Descriptive Piece "A Summer's Day in Norway" ..... Willmers
Rag "Alexander's Rag Time Band" ..... Berlin
Selection "Un Ballo in Maschera" Verdi

AMONGST the passengers who left yesterday in the Messageries Maritimes liner motor vessel Aramis were: Mrs. E. Molines, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sadoc and 2 children, Mrs. P. Cousyn and 3 children. Mr. and Mrs. L. Mayol and 3 children, Mrs. Brelivet and 1 child, Captain and Mrs. Riou and child, Mr. and Mrs. Lemoult, Captain and Mrs. C. C. Coffman and 2 children, Captain and Mrs. K. K. Louther and 2 children, Captain and Mrs. W. M. Greene and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Marc Chadourne, Messrs J. R. Guinn, C. N. B. Aall, G. E. Cullinan, Miss H. Sourmine.

THE China Foreign Relations Federation in Chungking has received a request from Philippine cultural groups, asking that Chinese war pictures depicting the activities of Chinese resistance be sent to Manila, says a Chungking Chinese message to the "Chinese American Daily News." The cultural groups comprise over 30 various religious and other public bodies, which will sponsor a "Support Democracies and Collective Security" exhibition in Manila on July 4, for which the request has been made, the report states.

THE following is the programme of the Concert which will be broadcast this evening at 5 o'clock over XMHD (760 kc., 395 m.):

Flute Solo
"Monastery Bells" ..... Wely
Mr. Y. T. Yeh
Ladies Chorus
"The Day Thou Gavest" .... Chambers
Grace Girls' Glee Club
Piano Solo
"Hop-Skip-Jump" ..... Wozencraft
"Little Song"
Master Donald Yu (6 years old)
Instrumental Trio
"Susses Sermen" (Romance) .. Henzel
Flute: Mr. Y. T. Yeh
Violin: Mr. P. Y. Pan
Piano: Mrs. Alice L. Hsia
Piano Solo
"Andante can Variazioni" Joseph Haydn
Mrs. Alice L. Hsia
All are invited to "tune in."

TODAY at 3 and 5.30 p.m., the Cathay Theatre is presenting what is probably the most representative selection of short subjects ever shown on a local screen, every one of the leading American distributors having been drawn upon to make the show a success. From R.K.O. come Donald Duck and a Silly Symphony in colour; United Artists provide the ever-popular Mickey Mouse. Paramount are represented by Pop-eye and Betty Boop, Universal by Oswald, Columbia by "Mother Hen" in colour. To vary things a bit, M.G.M. have a two-reel Laurel and Hardy comedy and Warner Bros. a particularly funny Charlie McCarthy reel. Twentieth Century Fox present their famous "Magic Carpet." The show should be a must so far as the kiddies are concerned, but it should prove equally enthralling to their elders.

King's Birthday Celebrations

East Surreys, Seaforths To Parade; Chungking Reception Abandoned

"His Majesty the King." This will be the loyal toast of all Britons throughout the world tomorrow when the King's birthday is officially celebrated. Of special significance this year is the fact that His Majesty, for the first time in the history of the British Empire, will receive the loyal greetings of all members of the great British Commonwealth of Nations in Canada, where he is at present on tour with Her Majesty, the Queen. Thus, as on Empire Day, the solid unity of the British Empire will once again be demonstrated to the whole world as Canada replaces the Mother Country in the place of honour.

Officially the King's birthday is on December 14 but as this date follows his accession to the Throne by only two days it was decided to celebrate the occasion during June. The observance is always one for rejoicing and British folk in Shanghai, although resident outside the confines of Empire, will celebrate the day with no less a patriotic feeling than their brothers and sisters living in lands over which His Majesty is King and Emperor.

Military parades will be held by His Majesty's Forces throughout the Empire and in Shanghai the 2nd Battalion, The East Surrey Regiment and the 1st Battalion, The Seaforth Highlanders will parade in honour of His Majesty at the Great Western Road billets and the Racecourse respectively. The day will be observed as a general holiday by British naval and military units, as is the custom at Home, while all men o' war in port will fly British flags to commemorate the occasion.

Civilian celebrations for tomorrow include a reception at H.M. Consulate from 11.30 to 12.30 for all British subjects (men only), and other receptions will be held in the Zero Club, and at the Royal Air Force Association's Headquarters.

Owing to the air raid situation in Chungking and the damaged condition of the British Consulate, Mr. W. Stark Toller, H.M. Consul-General there, has notified all British nationals in the capital that it will not be possible to hold the usual reception in honour of His Majesty's birthday.

Through the kindness of Lieut.-Commdr. R.S. Abram, however, a reception on a small scale will be held aboard H.M.S. Falcon at Chungking at 11.30 tomorrow.

Jurisdiction Question In Doubt

Chinese Charged with Crime Committed in Nanking

Ching Yu-shu, a former Chinese accountant of the Nanking office of the Texas Company (China) Ltd., who has been wanted by the District Court in Nanking for a long time but who was only recently arrested in Shanghai was formally charged yesterday in the First Special District Court with misappropriating more than $24,300 from the foreign firm during his tenure of office between 1930 and 1936. The firm gave a detailed written report on the case but the hearing had to be indefinitely postponed pending the decision to be made by the Supreme Court regarding the jurisdiction of the case as the crime was committed in Nanking.

The court was told that although the head office of the firm is located in Shanghai the crime was committed in its Nanking office. It was also pointed out by the police that the firm had sued the accused in the Nanking District Court. Since Nanking is now an occupied area, the question of jurisdiction confronted both the police and court. Judge Hsiao, therefore, had to postpone the hearing pending the final decision on this matter.

The accused was said to have fled from his firm some years ago after misappropriating the money. The Nanking tribunal issued a warrant for his arrest but he could not be located until recently when he arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong in a destitute condition. It was also revealed in court that although the total sum misappropriated amounted to $24,350.30 he had returned a small part of it after the discovery of the crime.

Mr. McNutt Leaving Aboard Pres. Coolidge

Phillippines Commissioner To Visit Exposition

Mr. Paul V. McNutt, U. S. High Commissioner in the Phillipines, will leave Shanghai today aboard the President Coolidge for San Francisco. He is expected to leave the Customs Jetty shortly after ten o'clock this morning in the Admiral's barge and will probably be accompanied by consular officials. Mr. McNutt is reticent as to his plans after arrival in America, but he did state that he intends to stop over in San Francisco for a two day visit to the Golden Gate Exposition where he will be a guest of fair officials.

After leaving San Francisco, the Commissioner will proceed to Indianapolis where he will spend a few days with his family before going to Washington to present his report on conditions in the East to President Roosevelt. Mr. McNutt will take a two months' vacation after his duties have been concluded in Washington, and although he refused to comment on future plans it is expected that he will make some preparations as regards his proposed candidacy for President of the United States.

Mr. McNutt was entertained on board the U. S. S. Augusta yesterday afternoon by Admiral H. E. Yarnell.

A PLAN to divide Chungking into smaller municipal administrative units, is now being drafted by General Ho Kuo-kwang, the Mayor, says a Chungking Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." By dividing the municipality into smaller administrative districts, the report adds, it is hoped to consolidate the position of Chungking as the wartime capital. Educational and commercial establishments are now being steadily shifted to the outskirts of the city, the report adds.

A Difficult Job for a Policeman

There is no question of arrest in this case as the policeman examines the wreck of an advertising company aeroplane which crashed into an orchard after taking off from Hanworth, London.

Water and Electricity Charges Discussed by S.M.C.

Waterworks Company Postpones Reconsideration of Tariff For Six Months: Power Surcharge to Continue

WATER and electricity charges were discussed at the first meeting of the Public Utilities Committee of the Council for the Municipal Year 1939/40 held on May 19 when Mr. R. G. MacDonald was elected chairman of the committee. In view of an improvement in the position of the Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd., the Company has decided to postpone reconsideration of an increase in tariff for six months. Regarding the Shanghai Power Company the Council has endorsed the Committee's recommendation that the power surcharge be continued subject to review at any time.

At the meeting, consideration was given to a letter received from the Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd. on the subject of the Company's tariff of charges and other related matters. The Committee noted an improvement in the Company's position, due to the increased demand experienced during the last six months of 1938, as compared with that anticipated in September 1938 when the matter was last before the Committee in connection with the abolition of the rebate of 20 per cent. then in force. Whilst maintaining that an increase in the tariff was still justified, the Company expressed willingness to postpone its reconsideration for a further six months in recognition of present abnormal circumstances and in a desire to assist consumers.

A report by the Treasurer and Controller was submitted, dealing with various aspects of the matters referred to and the Company's financial position. The Committee recommended that no change be made in the tariff and that the position be reviewed in six months' time as suggested by the Company. The Council on May 31 approved the recommendation of the Public Utilities Committee.

Power Company Surcharge

Copies of correspondence between the Treasurer and Controller and the Shanghai Power Company relative to the tariff surcharge and a report on the subject from the Finance Department were submitted to another meeting of the Public Utilities Committee on May 26. In these documents, it was pointed out that for the past five months the Company had accepted a surcharge lower than that provided for by the approved formula. It was also pointed out that as a result of the application of a surcharge lower than that which could have been given under the formula, there had resulted only a relatively small deficiency in the surcharge collected as compared with the increased expenses. This was the result of loads having increased more than was anticipated in 1938.

In the Company's view the formula had proved to be a precise and equitable method of determining a surcharge to compensate the Company for increased costs of operation and maintenance, and it proposed that no change be made in the formula; that each month, as in the past, when the rate of exchange is agreed, the Company should continue to recommend acceptance from time to time of such lower rate of surcharge as they feel justified in proposing; and that the surcharge should continue to be subject to review from time to time and at any time upon the request of either the Company or the Council.

Net Profits Reduced

The net profits earned in recent years and expressed as a percentage of the capital invested in the business were considerably less than the figure to which the Company was entitled, under the franchise, especially in 1937 and 1938. Having regard also to the fact that the Company was about to enter upon a period of seasonal decline in output, continuance for the time being of the existing surcharge, subject, of course, to the regular monthly review, was recommended.

It was pointed out that although the Company had been entitled since December to a surcharge of 37.34 per cent. under the formula, it preferred to keep its rates as stable as possible and it had decided to waive the increase. All formulas were theoretical and required actual testing to prove their soundness. The important point for consideration was not the amount of the excess or deficit produced by the surcharge in comparison with increased expenses, but whether the Company was receiving the net return on capital invested stipulated in the franchise. It was quite apparent that the return was considerably lower than the Company was entitled to. It was the opinion of the Treasurer and Controller that the surcharge was amply justified and should be continued subject to review at any time.

Members of the Public Utilities Committee, after consideration, recommended that the Council record its agreement with the views expressed by the Treasurer and Controller.

The Council on May 31 endorsed the recommendation of the Public Utilities Committee.

Pope Has Sent No Fresh Messages to Rulers

Peace Efforts Continued On Former Lines

Vatican City, June 6.

In a statement issued last night, the Vatican denies the widespread reports that the Pope has sent fresh messages to European leaders, but adds that the diplomatic peace activity initiated by the Pope some time ago is continuing "on the lines of the plan already indicated."

The British press yesterday featured messages stating that the Pope was contemplating a further peace note to various Powers, including the United States, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and Poland.

Both the "Daily Herald" and the "Daily Mail" reported that the move had some connection with the proposed pact between Britain, France and Soviet Russia, which the Vatican was represented as fearing would "open the door for a Bolshevist penetration into Europe."—Reuter.

Mr. Eden to Visit Paris

London, June 6.

Mr. Anthony Eden, former Foreign Secretary, will, according to the "Daily Express," shortly go to Paris where he will have conversations with influential French politicians. Although the paper does not reveal the nature of these conversations, it is believed here that Mr. Eden by his personal connections intends to strengthen his political position towards the Chamberlain circle.—Trans-Ocean.

Council Officials Honoured

Farewell Dinner to Mr. S. Fessenden and Major Ford At Cathay Hotel

A dinner was given at the Cathay Hotel on Monday night, by the Shanghai Municipal Council in honour of Mr. Stirling Fessenden, the retiring Secretary-General, and Major J. T. Ford, O.B.E., the retiring Treasurer and Controller.

Among those present were: Messrs. H. E. Arnhold, F. N. Matthews, W. J. Keswick, Major J. T. Ford, O.B.E., Messrs. J. W. Carney, W. Gockson, G. A. Haley, E. Y. B. Kiang, R. G. MacDonald, O. Okamoto, T. S. Powell, L. T. Yuan, Yu Ya Ching. G. Godfrey Phillips, Major K. M. Bourne, M.C., Col. J. W. Hornby, M.C., Captain H. G. Reed, Dr. J. H. Jordan, Messrs. A. F. Gimson, R. T. Bryan, Jr., L. C. Healey, C. Kliene, T. W. Gubb, T. K. Ho, H. Ibusuki, J. W. Morcher, E. P. Oliver and R. Middleton.

In the absence of Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of Council, who was away from Shanghai, Mr. W. J. Keswick, Vice-Chairman of Council, presided at the dinner and spoke to the toast of the retiring Secretary-General and the Treasurer and Controller.

A Family Party

Mr. Keswick described the occasion as being in the nature of a family party. In the case of Mr. Fessenden and Major Ford, intimacy with them had bred deep respect. He felt sure that there would be occasions in the future when Major Ford would look back on his time in Shanghai and wish he were again with the Council helping them with their many difficult problems. He was glad to say that Mr. Fessenden, although retiring, intended to remain in Shanghai, and he felt confident that there would be times in the future when Members of Council would go along to seek his advice on some difficult problem and would, as always, get a very reasoned and sound answer. Mr. Keswick stated that when he first joined the Council he was given a piece of advice by an old member, who is no longer in Shanghai. "I advise you" this member said, "Listen to Fessy when he speaks in the Council Chamber; he is nearly always right." Mr. Fessenden's portrait hangs in the Council Chamber and will remind members to return to the point should any of them wander from it in their debates.

Council's Gratitude

In conclusion, Mr. Keswick took the opportunity of welcoming Mr. Phillips and Mr. Morcher, and remarked that he was sure that Mr. Fessenden and Major Ford would agree with Members of Council that they were lucky in having them as successors. Mr. Fessendan and Major Ford would take with them in their retirement the respect and gratitude and best wishes of the Council.

Mr. H. E. Arnhold, ex-Chairman of Council, also spoke and paid a tribute to the outstanding services of the two retiring officials.

Japanese Plan School Building Programme

Additional Accommodation Is Needed to Meet Demands

With a sharp increase in the demand for school accommodation among local Japanese, the Educational Affairs Committee of the Japanese Residents' Corporation on Monday adopted a plan providing for a vast increase in local Japanese educational facilities, the Japanese press reported yesterday.

In addition to the establishment of a girls' commercial school, a Second Central District Primary School will be built, while additional accommodation will be provided at the Eastern and Northern District Primary Schools.

The creation of a middle school for boys, planned for 1940, will be hastened, with construction starting this year. The plan needs the approval of the Japanese Residents' Corporation Council for enactment.

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WEDDING

Rhodes-Kvachadze

The wedding took place on Sunday at St. Nicholas's Church of Mr. George F. Rhodes, of the Shanghai Municipal Police and son of Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Rhodes, of Staffordshire, England, and Miss Nina Kvachadze, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. Kvachadze of Shanghai.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a Lucien Lelong model dress in crinkled georgette made with shirred bodice, high neckline and three-quarter length draped sleeves, the train falling from the waist. Her long tulle veil was fastened to the head by a bunch of lilies and she carried a shower bouquet of white Easter lilies tied with a wide ribbon.

The bridesmaids were Miss T. Kvachadze (sister of the bride) and Miss M. Pritchard. They wore frocks of light blue lace over blue taffeta made with full skirts and high waistlines trimmed with bunches of orange bolssoms, the shirred bodices with their high gathered necks and shirred sleeves being fastened with small buttons. Their wide-brimmed hats were of blue lace with velvet ribbon across the crowns and falling to the shoulders and they carried shower bouquets of pink carnations. Militza Varndell and John Crighton were flower girl and page. The little girl's frock was of blue taffeta made with a shirred bodice and trimmed with rosebuds. She wore a crown of rosebuds and carried a basket of roses. The page was in a white sailor suit. Mr. I. B. Williams was best man, the ushers being Mr. A. Wernberg and Mr. D. Pavloff.

The bride's mother wore a Lanvin model gown of pervenche blue georgette over satin, heavily draped from the shoulder. Her small pleated georgette hat was to match and she wore a string of pink pearls.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the Masonic Hall, 1623 Avenue Road. The bride went away in a two-piece ensemble of white Swiss linen worn with a wide-brimmed white hat to match. The honeymoon is being spent at Katsuza, Japan.

Russian Commits Suicide

David Kadish, a Russian, died shortly after being admitted to the Route Say Zoong Hospital of the Russian Orthadox Confraternity early yesterday morning. A victim of suicide, the man, who was about 43 years of age, jumped from the fourth floor of a building at 453 Rue Cardinal Mercier at 2.30 a.m. Motive for the action is unknown, but may have been despondency over lack of employment as Kadish had been out of work for about two years. A sum of four dollars was found in his pockets.

Jews Refused Asylum Returning to Reich

No Other Place to Go to; Cuba May Relent

New York, June 6.

The 917 Jews aboard German liner St. Louis will be returned to Germany, the Hamburg-Amerika-Line announced last night.

The St. Louis is returning to Germany "because there is not further hope of landing the passengers" in the Americas, the announcement said. —United Press.

Cuba May Allow Landing

Havana, June 6.

The Government of Cuba is considering the possibility of permitting the 917 Jewsh refugees stranded on the German liner St. Louis to disembark in Cuba and live in "provisional concentration" on the Isle of Pines, it was announced last night.

The announcement was made by President Federico Laredo Bru while the St. Louis was cruising slowly along the southern coast of the United States after being prevented from landing its Jewish passengers in Cuba last week.—United Press.

Robbers Seize Clothing

At about one o'clock yesterday morning, five men, three of whom were armed entered premises in No. 78 Tunsin Road and succeeded in obtaining clothing worth 200 dollars. The robbers, who fired no shots, worked quickly and left the scene of crime before inhabitants of the house were able to make any outcry.

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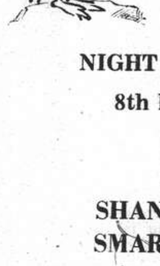

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Jersey City Mayor Charged With Illegalities

Prevention of Speeches By Liberals Said to Be Contrary to American Constitution

Washington, June 6.

THE Federal Government cracked down on another hard-fisted political boss yesterday when the Supreme Court ruled that Mayor Frank "I Am The Law" Hague's administration in Jersey City, N.J., had violated the constitutional guarantees of free assembly, free speech and a free press.

The Supreme Court, in a stinging condemnation of the Hague régime, upheld an injunction issued by a District Court which restrained Jersey City officials from interfering with rights guaranteed every American citizen under the Constitution.

In an almost unprecedented procedure, five separate opinions were rendered. The vote was roughly 5 to 2 against the Jersey City mayor. Only Associate Justices Pierce Butler and James McReynolds voted without qualification against the injunction. The two new Associate Justices, Felix Frankfurter and William Douglas, did not participate in the decision.

Pendergast Ill

Announcement of the Supreme Court's findings coincided with reports from Leavenworth Federal Prison where Tom Pendergast, Kansas City political boss who was imprisoned last month, was reported to have suffered a serious heart attack.

Pendergast was sentenced to 15 months imprisonment and fined $10,000 last month for evasion of Federal income taxes. Leavenworth Prison authorities reported to Washington that the Missouri political chieftain's condition was believed to be serious.

The Supreme Court decision in the Hague case charged that ordinances adopted by Jersey City authorities sought to prohibit American citizens from exercising their constitutional rights.

The case arose from the refusal of Jersey City authorities to permit liberal groups to meet in Jersey City. Several liberal speakers who attempted to address Jersey City crowds, have been arrested.

"Citizenship in the United States would be little better than a name if it did not carry the right to discuss national legislation and the advantages and opportunities which accrue to the citizens from such legislation," said the majority decision written by Associate Justice Owen J. Roberts. "All the proscribed activities in Jersey City had this single aim."

Communists Warned

Mayor Hague has frequently warned "Communists and radicals" to keep out of Jersey City where "the people will run their own affairs." He has said of himself that "I Am The Law."

Sven members of Congress who did not hold the stamp of approval from the Hague régime were prevented from speaking in Jersey City. Anti-Communist rallies, staged mainly by Hague government employees, frequently were organized and attacked speakers who attempted to deliver addresses in defiance of the city government's ban.

The press throughout the United States—except in Jersey City—has carried out a continuous campaign against Mayor Hague and his régime which has been labelled "Fascist."

A direct appeal to President Roosevelt to "clean up" Jersey City was made last year by two members of Congress, Mr. Jerry O'Connell, Democratic Representative of Montana, and Mr. John T. Bernard, Farm-Labourite of Minnesota, after they had been prevented from speaking in Jersey City by threats of violence from a hostile crowd headed by Mayor Hague.

Attorney General Intervenes

Although the President took no direct action against Mr. Hague and his hand-picked officials, the Attorney General's office soon entered the case by ordering an investigation of conditions in Jersey City.

The Supreme Court's decision yesterday appeared to open the way for possible criminal action against Jersey City officials. The Attorney General's office has indicated that such action might be taken under a Federal law of 1870 which provides that if two or more persons conspire to deprive any citizen of rights guaranteed by the Constitution or laws of the United States, they shall be subject to a fine and imprisonment.

Other charges against Mayor Hague and other Jersey City officials also are believed possible. The Federal Government, it was understood, is investigating the possibility of invoking the Lindbergh kidnapping law against Jersey City officials for their action in escorting Mr. Norman Thomas, Socialist Presidential candidate, out of Jersey City last year.—United Press.

Australia Defence Prepared

Country to Be Britain's Base in South Pacific; Industries Fostered

San Francisco, June 6.

Australia is being whipped into shape to become the great British arsenal for food and munitions in the South-west Pacific, according to a survey by the Institute of Pacific Relations.

The imperial plans are being worked out and executed through joint co-operation of the British and Australian governments. It is now proposed to turn Australia from a liability into an asset.

Instead of Australia being entirely dependent upon Great Britain, the plans now being worked out tend to make Britain instead, in any great international crisis in the Far East, dependent upon Australia, according to the survey.

"Australia's part in the plan of provisioning the empire in time of war," the survey states, "involves the extension of storages in country districts where reserves will be reasonably safe from attack, the examination of domestic requirements in relation to the needs of other empire countries, and a special study of the problem of distribution in the event of wartime dislocation of the export trade."

To Be Self-sufficient

One aspect of turning Australia into a food and munitions arsenal for Great Britain in the South-west Pacific, according to the survey, is the formidable defence programme, and the creation of a munitions and armaments industry that will make Australia self-sufficient.

"Essential industries already established are being strengthened," the survey states. "New industries such as automobile, aircraft, munitions and guns are being developed.

"Apart from the expansion of local armaments and the armed forces, the new defence programme launched in May, 1938, and greatly expanded since the Munich agreement, provides for strengthening and extension of the Australian industrial structure as an additional measure of self-protection.

"In the execution of these defence plans, Australia is receiving the whole-hearted co-operation of Britain, including extensive technical advice, particularly in the development of armaments and aircrafts industries.

"As a consequence, while the outside world thinks of Australia as essentially an agricultural country, producing mainly wheat and wool for export, secondary industry, under tariff protection, has risen to a position of very great importance in Australia's internal economy," the survey concludes.—United Press.

The China Year Book

CHINA YEAR BOOK, edited by H. G. W. Woodhead, C.B.E. North-China Daily News and Herald, Ltd., Shanghai. $25.

In an introduction to the 20th issue of the China Year Book (the series commenced in 1912) Mr. H. G. W. Woodhead illustrates the vast difficulties which he has had to face during the compilation of the 1939 edition with the hostilities still raging throughout vast tracts of Chinese territory. Nevertheless this edition embodies within its 600 odd pages, despite chaotic conditions throughout the country, in administrative quarters and in communications, highly accurate information, probably the most accurate information available, about China today. The 1939 edition will add yet another volume to the series which constitutes a very remarkable contemporary history of China. It provides all the material necessary for forming correct judgments on the Far Eastern question and embodies all important documents and statistics of the year. The China Year Book has become an institution which is indispensable to all those residing in the country and to those whose business connections extend to this part of the world or who are keen to study all aspects of Chinese life.

In the 1939 edition the Editor has been assisted, as in former years, by a group of experts whose contributions are at once interesting and extremely valuable. Numbering among their ranks both Chinese and foreigners, these experts have dealt with many topical subjects, among which are the Sino-Japanese hostilities (documented), Japan's programme of economic development in China, Shanghai and other foreign concessions, the refugee problem, foreign trade during 1939, finance and currency and the Kuomintang and the Government. This year several maps have made their appearace among the pages of the edition and these will help the reader to follow more closely events and conditions as they have materialized throughout the land.

Among the staff of experts who have lent their assistance to Mr. Woodhead in the compilation of this indispensable volume are Mr. E. E. Kann, who has written in a fluent style about China's finance and currency, Mr. A. de C. Sowerby, who has dealt with flora and fauna, the Rev. Father E. Gherzi of Siccawei Observatory (climate), Mr. Owen Lattimore (Mongolia), Miss Phyllis Ayrton (the refugee problem), the Rev. C. L. Boynton (Protestant Missions), Bureau Sinologique Zikawei (Catholic Missions), the Secretariats of the French Concession and Settlement Councils, and the Colonial Secretary, Hongkong. In addition there is a "Who's Who" section in which the careers of all the prominent Chinese officials, businessmen and others, are accurately outlined. Excellently bound and printed, the China Year Book is the "Open Sesame" to a really accurate knowledge of China past and present.—R.S.

Rome-Berlin Axis Will Not Be Split

Dr. Goebbels Speaks on Nazi, Fascist Ideals

Vienna, June 6.

Any Anglo-French attempt to split the Rome-Berlin axis is doomed to failure from the outset, Dr. Joseph Goebbels, German Minister of Propaganda and Public Enlightenment, said in an address here yesterday in the presence of the Italian Minister of Press and Propaganda, Sr. Dino Alfrieri.

"Both peoples know that together they are invincible and that for reasons of ideology and common interests they must march together for better or for worse," Dr. Goebbels warned.

"Together and in complete security and tranquility they face the dangers which may develop from a nervous and uneasy Europe.

"We know Europe's stability depends upon the happiness of all peoples, and the peace of this sorely tried continent depends on relations between Germany and Italy.

"We carry the fate of this continent in our hands. A terrible spiritual process is now going on in Europe. Its background we know, indeed, but its development we cannot foresee absolutely in all its phases.

"In this development, we National Socialists and Fascists stand not only as the servants of our own people, but as the pioneers of a new epoch."—United Press.

A GARDENER, cook, chauffeur and a parlour-maid served between them for 198 years under the late Miss Rae of Redcourt, Birkenhead; Miss Rae died recently, and the four servants rode to her funeral in one car. Their ages total 289 years. Each of the four is or will be pensioned.

Extensions to Southampton Dock Progress

Work in connection with the widening of Southampton Dock is progressing rapidly, and, when completed, will facilitate discharge of passengers and cargo from the Union Castle boats. The extensions will cost £3,500,000.

Unusual Action in Appeal Court

Hearing to Be Continued From Stage Reached in October 1936

After it had been pointed out that Mr. J. B. Manley, managing director of the China Land & Finance Co., respondent firm, had not filed written authority, as required by Article 157 of the Order in Council 1925, to represent his firm in Court at the original hearing, an appeal lodged by the First Trust Co. of China was not heard in H.M. Supreme Full Court yesterday, the Judges decreeing that the action must be treated as it was on October 13, 1936 when an order was made to adjourn the case *sine die* with liberty given to either party to re-instate it on four days' notice.

Represented by Mr. M. Reader Harris, the First Trust Co. of China appealed from a decision of the Assistant Judge on the taking of an action to damages. At the original hearing judgment was obtained by the company by consent of defendant company, which was represented by Mr. Manley. The amount of damages awarded not being considered sufficient an appeal was lodged, and this came up before Judge Sir Allan Mossop, Judge Athol MacGregor and Judge P. Grant Jones yesterday.

Mr. Manley, who appeared in Court, was asked by Judge Sir Allan Mossop if, as he had appeared in Court on February 16, 1937 for defendant company and had submitted to judgment as claimed by plaintiff in his statement of claim, he had filed written authority under the seal of the company empowering him to take on action on behalf of the company before he had submitted to judgment.

Mr. Manley replied that he did not recall having done so and His Lordship stated that they had not been able to find any evidence of his having done so. Mr. Manley also stated that he had not filed written authority to appear on behalf of the firm in the Full Court as he had thought that it was not necessary.

Mr. Reader Harris stated that he had no objection to Mr. Manley appearing in Court provided that he did not give evidence, but His Lordship pointed out that it was not a question of hearing but of submitting to judgment. He asked that if the company went into liquidation would Mr. Harris be prepared to argue that this judgment was binding on the liquidator. Mr. Harris replied that respondent, represented by Mr. Manley, was ready to submit to judgment.

He submitted that there was no obligation on him to ascertain whether the authority had been filed in Court and the Judges agreed that he was entitled to presume that such authority had been filed. The decision was then entered.

British Ship on Fire

London, June 6.

Fire broke out today in the ss Llandaff Castle, a British cargo-boat which is in drydock here.

The fire was mastered after a few hours of strenuous effort by firemen, but the vessel was damaged considerably.

It may be realled that the Llandaff Castle was seized by the Spanish Nationalist Fleet during the civil war in Spain.—Havas.

Reich Protests Against Spy Film

Washington, June 5.

The Reich protested to the State Department against the Hollywood film production, "Confessions of a Nazi Spy," it was learned here today. The protest was made through the German Chargé d'Affaires here, Dr. H. Thomsen.

The picture in question is based on the German spy scandal uncovered in the United States last year and is now being filmed. The Administration, in replying to the Berlin protest, pointed out that the Constitution forbade any censorship of either the moving picture industry or the press, it was reported.—Havas.

French Minister of Education in U.S.

Message to Youth of Both Nations Delivered

New York, June 5.

"I bring cordial and friendly greetings to America's Youth from the Youth of France," M. Jean Zay, French Minister of Education, asserted today on landing here from the Ile de France.

"I also bring a message of intellectual solidarity and strong friendship for American universities from universities in France," he added.

While on his visit in the United States, M. Zay will be awarded a doctorate *honoris causa* from Columbia University and will inspect Harvard, Princeton and Yale Universities.

He will then go to Washington to meet President Roosevelt.—Havas.

Famous Medical Man Attacked by Lunatic

Sofia, June 6.

Professor of Medicine Dr. Angel Popoff, well-known throughout Europe, lies near death here today following an attack yesterday by a young man who invaded the Doctor's study at the University of Sofia and struck the doctor several times with an axe.

The would-be assassin was arrested shortly after the crime and refused to give his name or to reveal the motives of his attack. His mother later identified him as a law student named Petzkanoff.

Police believe Petzkanoff is mentally deranged.—Trans-Ocean.

Fatal Assault Alleged

Charged with assault causing death, two vegetable hawkers Chu Hung-yuen and Chao Se-ying were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday in connection with a fight in which they and the victim were involved in the Fukien Road Market early yesterday morning.

The dead man Wang Shing-fu, alias Wang Ah-kang, had a dispute with the two accused in the market over the question of priority in occupying stalls. The dispute soon developed into a fight in which blows were exchanged. Wang collapsed and before he could be attended by doctors he died. The police arrested the two accused who, it was alleged, had beaten Wang.

Drive for Third Term for Roosevelt

Supporters Back President In Coming Election; Garner Faction Angered

New York, June 6.

Efforts to draft President Roosevelt for a third term in the White House were launched yesterday by an all-party progressive coalition which will hold a conference here June 28-30.

Mr. Raymond Schwartz, publicist and secretary of the new organization, announced plans for the conference last night. He said the current boom for Mr. John N. Garner had "forced the Vice President's hand."

Mr. Schwartz said about 1,000 progressive leaders would assemble here this month to outline plans for a Roosevelt campaign in 1940. He said no third party would be formed and indicated the purpose of the organization was to secure Mr. Roosevelt's renomination by the Democratic Party. He said the movement planned to draw most of its strength from the Democrats.—Unified Press.

To Split Democrats

Dallas, June 6.

The proposal for a progressive coalition to draft President Roosevelt for a third term as President is designed to "split the Democratic Party," Mr. E. B. German, co-chairman of the Garner for President Organization, alleged here last night.

He said that such an effort would split the party into liberal and conservative camps and give the Republican Party a rare opportunity to triumph in the 1940 elections.—United Press.

JAMES Bridge (playwright) defines the perfect bedside manner according the British Medical Journal as follows: "Gravity must be expressed on the countenance of the physician, and the god-like calm that comes from deep knowledge that must be combined with a subtle suggestion that the ills from which the patient is suffering hurt the doctor as much as they hurt him."

Puerto Rico Wants to Join U.S.

Wishes to Become State In The Union

San Juan, P.R., June 6.

Puerto Rico's formal petition for admission to the union as a state was sent to the United States yesterday for immediate delivery to President Roosevelt.

The petition was sent to the Resident Commissioner in Washington, Mr. Santiago Iglesias, by the President of the Puerto Rican Senate, Mr. Martinez Nadal.

The petition asks for admission to the United States as soon as possible. In the meanwhile, it is requested that the organic law be liberalized to permit popular election of the Governor of Puerto Rico in 1940.—United Press.

Government Will Buy All British Ships

London, June 5.

The British Government was ready to buy all ships registered in Britain and which the owners intended to sell either for destruction or to foreign purchasers, the Board of Trade announced officially today.—Havas.

GRASS MATS
Various sizes and colours in stock
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Dinner and Supper Dance
LEO ITKIS
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with
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"CRIME Over LONDON" (CENT 'A')
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	142 MUSEUM RD.	745 AV. FOCH	239 KWEICHOW RD.	550 AV. JOFFRE
	2.30, 5.30, 9.15	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
	THE STORM	HER JUNGLE LOVE	MYSTERY OF THE WAX MUSEUM	LOVE UNDER FIRE
	NAN GREY PRESTON FOSTER CHARLES BICKFORD	IN TECHNICOLOR DOROTHY LAMOUR RAY MILLAND	FAY WRAY LIONEL ATWILL	Only To Be Shown at This Theatre
FRI. SAT.	THERE'S THAT WOMAN AGAIN	THEY MADE ME A CRIMINAL	TROPIC HOLIDAY	TRADE WINDS
SUN. TUES.	ALEXANDER'S RAGTIME BAND	ARTISTS and MODELS ABROAD	ALGIERS	THE SISTERS
WED. June 14	LOVE IS NEWS	UP THE RIVER	THE GLADIATOR	Bull Dog Drummond In Africa
	$0.33 $0.55 $0.75 $1.10	33 cts. 55 cts. 85 cts.	33 cts. 55 cts. 85 cts.	$0.33 $0.44 $0.65 $0.85

COMING SOON!
Darryl F. Zanuck's production of
JESSE JAMES
in TECHNICOLOR
TYRONE POWER
HENRY FONDA
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Henry Hull · Slim Summerville
J. Edward Bromberg · Brian Donlevy
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John Russell · Jane Darwell
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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 3/32 ..... $ 29.20
U.S. $100 @ 16 ..... $625.00

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 5/32 ..... $ 28.87
U.S. $100 @ 16 5/32 ..... $617.76
London—demand 8 5/16
4 months' sight credits 8 5/16
4 months' sight docts 8 3/16
6 months' sight credits 8 1/8
6 months' sight docts 8 1/32
New York—demand ..... U.S. $16 5/32
4 months' sight credits 16 1/4
4 months' sight docts 16 3/16
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. 626

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 8 1/4 U.S. $16.3/32
Hongkong/London 1/2 3/32

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders .....Buying 30 1/2
Java Guilders 30 1/2
Netherlands Guilders .....Selling 30
Java Guilders ..... " 30

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$617.76 £1=$28.372
Selling U.S.$100=$622.57 £1=$29.201

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.94=$1 Belgas 27.40=£1

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 3.01=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.71=$1
Tourist Lire 3.32 .....$1

Other Quotations

Berlin/Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 40.00
$100=U.Mk. 80.00
$1000=Reis. Mk. 70.00
incl. License fee

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	8 1/4	8 1/4
U.S. G.$	16 3/32	16 3/32
Yen	—	—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING Cash	SELLING June	BUYING June
£ T.T.	8 3/32	4 m/s. l.c.	8 1/32
G.$ T.T.	16 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	16 1/32
Fcs. T.T.	606	4 m/s.	615
Rs. T.T.	46	15 d/s.	46 3/8

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20	19 13/16
N.Y., cents per oz. troy	42 3/4	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	52.11	—

Bombay offtake 25 bars.

London silver was 1/16 up both ready and forward, being 20.— for ready and 19 13/16 forward. New York was unchanged at 42¾ and Bombay was unchanged at 52.11.

It was reported there were small offerings, while there was a little Indian and American trade buying. Market ruled quietly steady. After the official fixing conditions were quiet. Buyers were satisfied.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8 3/32 sterling and 16 1/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market was very quiet and rates were steady. There was a tendency to sell forward at slightly over the rates quoted below, but these were so few buyers that sellers ceased to offer.

8¼	sterling	16 3/32 U.S.$	Cash
8 1/32	"	16 1/16 "	June
8 1/32	"	16— "	July
8 1/32	"	15 15/16 "	Aug.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay, Rupee T. T. on: June 5.

Japan	78¾	London	1/5 55/64
New York	287	2 mths	
Shanghai	48	" (sellers)	1/5 55/64
Hongkong	85½	" (buyers)	1/5 54/64

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	468.50	Shanghai	8 5/16 d N
Paris	176.71	Bombay	1/5 31/32
Berlin	11.67½	Hongkong	1/2 1/16
Amsterdam	8.79½	Singapore	2/3 3/32
Brussels	27.51½	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	42.25	" (buying)	Unq.
Milan	89.06	C'slovakia	136.50 S
Berne	20.74½	S.—sellers.	
Bangkok	1/10 1/4		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.13	Japan	27.33
Spain	Unq.	Shanghai	16.12
Holland	53.26	Austria	Unq.
Paris	2.65 1/8	C'slovakia	Unq.
Brussels	17.03	Hungary	19.75
Italy	5.26 1/4	Rumania	0.72
S'zerland	22.59	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	24.13	Greece	0.85 7/8
Norway	23.54	Bulgaria	1.20
Denmark	20.91½	Finland	2.07
Montreal	99.900	Poland	18.83
Brazil	5.50		

London	4.68 3/8
" Demand	4.68 1/2
" Bankers' 60 days bills	4.68 3/8
" Commercial 60 days bills	4.68 7/16
Buenos Aires Paper	29.07
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate	23.15
Montreal on London	4.69 1/16

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: June 5.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	0 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/8%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	3 1/4%
Fine Trade Bills	6 months	3 3/4%
Call Money		0 1/2%
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0 1/2% B
		0 5/8% A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0 1/2% B
		0 1/2% A
Call Money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Int. Investment Trust Values

The statistical value of the International Investment Trust Co. of China Ltd. shares as at noon on Friday, June 2, was $7.62.

Yangtsze Finance Shares

The statistical value of the Yangtsze Finance Co. Ltd. shares as at noon on Friday, June 2, was $10.08. The directors announce that they will recommand payment of a dividend of 50 cents per share to the annual meeting of shareholders.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, June 5.

The tendency on the share market today was hesitating and weak with practically no turnover. Buderus lost 1 to 97, Siemens 1¾ to 185.25, Bavarian Motors 1 to 130 while Niederlausitz Coal stood ¼ higher at 156. When the exchange closed prematurely owing to the state farewell given to Prince Regent Paul of Yugoslavia some of the share losses were made good.

Call money went down 1 per cent. to 2.25-2.5.—Trans-Ocean.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

There was an easier tone evident at the opening of the market but this tendency did not last long as buyers quickly appeared and before long the market was again active and firm. Ewos, after several weeks of narrow and indecisive movement came into prominence, and with buyers keenly competing rose from 18.80 to 19.60. Trusts and Yangtszes were likewise strong rising to $5 and $8 respectively. Docks were fractionally better at 110 ex the dividend of $4 while Lands were steady at 9.80. Explorations, in spite of a large turnover, shewed very little change. Kaipings advanced to 31½ in sympathy with London while Power Prefs which have been adversely affected by the liquidation of two estates now believed completed rose to 128½.

Rubber shares were quieter, but there was no pressure to sell and Anglo-Javas and Rubber Trusts changed hands at about the previous day's prices. Stocks of rubber in the U.K. increased 998 tons to a total of 65,508 tons.

There was a spectacular rise in China Realty Debentures from Tls. 60 to Tls. 73 and even at the latter price the debentures are priced much lower than the Common shares now quoted at 40 cents. For the convenience of those interested Tls. 100 of China Realty Debentures are equivalent of 264 existing Common shares. Therefore at the ruling price of 40 cents the debentures are worth Tls. 105.60. One of two things must take place, either the Common shares decline to the level of the Debentures or the debentures advance to the Common share parity.

Official Averages

1939 High	1939 Low		Today's Averages	Change
166.34	105.32	General	154.98	+0.79
154.68	95.55	Rubbers	149.93½	—0.24½

Total 130,365 shares, 560 bonds.

Morning Session

$1,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 88.00
$1,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	87.50
$4,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	$ 65.00
$3,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	70.00
$5,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	73.00
$7,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	73.50
$2,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	73.00
$1,000	Brit. Country Club Debs.	85.00
2,300	Anglo Java	$ 16.70
1,000	Chemor	1.32
2,000	Java Consolidated	2.65
1,000	Kota	2.90
1,000	Kroewoek	1.32
1,000	Rubber Trust	4.92½
2,000	Rubber Trust	4.95
1,000	Rubber Trust	4.90
1,000	Pahang	2.65
2,000	Tebong	0.94
2,000	I. I. Trust	4.95
6,000	I. I. Trust	5.00
2,000	S'hai Loan	6.70
3,500	S'hai Loan	6.75
500	Yangtsze Finance	7.70
500	Yangtsze Finance	7.80
600	Yangtsze Finance	7.90
500	Yangtsze Finance	8.00
1,500	Yangtsze Finance	7.95
500	Yangtsze Finance	7.90
2,500	Yangtsze Finance	7.95
500	Int. Assurance	8.85
4,600	China Realty	0.30
4,800	S'hai Land	9.85
4,500	S'hai Land	9.90
1,000	S'hai Land	9.85
500	New Eng. (Ord)	8.35
150	S'hai Dock	110.00
100	Wheelock	39.50
250	Wheelock	39.75
110	S'hai Telephone	101.00
100	S'hai Telephone	101.50
300	Tram (Bearer) £1	41.25
100	Kaiping	31.50
1,000	Metal Ind. of China	6.40
12,000	Exploration	7.30
4,000	Exploration	7.35
3,500	Exploration	7.30
10	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.50
4,600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.90
1,900	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.00
1,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.10
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
2,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
2,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
1,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
400	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
700	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
2,100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50

ODD LOTS

200	Yangtsze Finance	$ 7.85
100	S'hai Land	9.95
290	S'hai Land	9.80
67	Int. Assurance	8.95
6	S'hai Telephone	100.50
120	Metal Ind. of China	6.30
370	Cheng	0.47
100	China Import & Export	19.00
57	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.90
500	China Realty	0.30
200	Exploration	7.40
430	S'hai Land	9.80
500	Kota	2.87½

Afternoon Session

$5,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	$ 73.75
$5,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	73.50
$11,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	73.25
$8,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	73.00
$3,000	S. W. W. 5½% Debs.	$ 91.00
200	Central Prop.	14.70
100	Central Prop.	14.80
2,500	S'hai Loan	6.75
500	S'hai Loan	6.80
2,500	Yangtsze Finance	8.00
1,000	China Realty	0.37
1,000	China Realty	0.38
11,000	China Realty	0.39
1,000	China Realty	0.40
2,000	S'hai Land	9.85
1,500	S'hai Land	9.80
100	S'hai Dock	110.00
1,200	Wheelock	38.75
100	C. G. Omnibus	39.50
50	S'hai Telephone	102.00
500	Tram (Bearer) £1	41.00
200	Kaiping	31.75
500	Metal Ind. of China	6.40
2,000	Metal Ind. of China	6.45
3,000	Exploration	7.30
1,000	Exploration	7.25
100	S'hai Power (Pref)	126.50
3,600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
2,100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.60
3,000	Cheng	0.48
1,000	Kota	2.95
100	Central Prop.	14.70

ODD LOTS

500	Ayer Tawah	$ 3.65
100	S'hai Loan	6.70
200	S'hai Land	9.75
100	China Realty	0.36
30	Tram (Bearer) £1	41.50
6	S'hai Telephone	101.00

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, June 5.

Commodities, generally, ruled quietly steady.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 8¼ unchanged; sellers 8 3/8 unchanged; July delivery, buyers 8 5/16 unchanged; sellers 8 3/8 unchanged;

London Sugar (Buyers): August 6/9 —1; December 5/11¾ —¼; March 6/0¼ —¼;

Liverpool Wheat: July 4/2 5/8 —5/8; Oct. 4/5 3/8 —½; December 4/7 —3/8;

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: July 4.97 +13; Sept. 4.68 +12; Oct. 4.62 +10; Nov. 4.51 +8; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 contract: July 6.53 +12; Sept. 6.53 +12; Oct. 6.55 +11; Nov. 6.58 +11;

London Metals: Copper, Standard, cash, sellers £42 1/16 —1/8; 3 mths sellers £42 1/8 unchanged; Electrolytic, buyers £48½ +1/8; sellers £49 +1/4; Tin, Standard, cash, sellers £226½ —3/4; 3 mths sellers £224¼ —½; Lead, Foreign, Official price, sellers £14 7/16 —1/8, 3 mths delivery, official price, sellers £14 3/4 —5/8; Spelter, Ordinary, official price, sellers £14 1/8 —1/8; 3 mths delivery, official price, sellers £14 5/16 —1/8.—Reuter.

May Rubber Outputs

	lb.
Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plant., Ltd.	122,785
Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd.	164,906
Java Consolidated Rubber & Coffee Estates, Ltd.	47,643
Kroewoek (Java) Plant., Ltd.	83,728
Ziangbe Rubber Co., Ltd.	85,591

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 5.

Fractional losses were recorded on the Stock Exchange today in a session characterised by sluggish dealings. There was nothing in the news to affect the market either way, and traders showed a disposition to await clarification of the outlook both here and abroad. Favourable steel news, indicating another increase in estimated mill activity for this week, was virtually ignored. The volume of trading amounted to only 350,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	137.36	136.34	137.06	—0.06
20 Rails	27.97	27.78	27.90	—0.04
15 Utilit.	23.61	23.40	23.46	—0.06
40 Bonds	—	—	89.52	—0.10
11 Commod.	—	—	50.53	—

	June 3	5
Adams Express	7¾	8
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	17¾	17½
Allied Stores	9	9¼
Allis Chalmers	35⅝	35⅝
Amerada Corp.	—	66½
Amer. Can	94	93½
Amer. & For. Power	2½	2½
" " $7 pfd.	19⅛	19
Amer. Gas & Elec.	B 34¼	34½
Amer. Locomotive	B 18⅛	18⅛
Amer. Metal	30½	B 29¾
Amer. Radiator	12¼	12
Amer. Rolling Mill	14½	14¼
Amer. Smelting	41⅞	42
Amer. Sugar Refining	—	18
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	164¼	165
Amer. Tobacco "B"	85	84½
Amer. Waterworks	9¾	9½
Anaconda Copper	25	*24¾
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	29¼	29⅜
Auburn	—	—
Baltimore & Ohio	5⅜	5¼
Barber Asphalt Corp.	13⅞	B 13½
Barnsdall Oil Co.	14½	14⅜
Bendix Aviation	23½	23½
Bethlehem Steel	58⅛	58⅛
Bliss (E.W.)	10¼	10
Boeing Airplane Co.	23	22¾
Borg Warner	24	23⅞
Briggs Mfg. Co.	21⅜	21⅜
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	11½	11⅞
" $6 cum. pfd.	—	40
Can. Pacific Rly.	4⅞	4¾
Case, J.I.	—	—
Celanese Corp.	18½	18
Chase Nat. Bank	B 33	B 32¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	B 33	33¾
Chrysler	69⅞	69¾
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6⅛	6
" 6% "A" pfd.	89	88¾
Comi. Credit	47	47
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1¼	1¾
" $6 cum. pfd.	59¼	59¼
Consolid. Edison	31	30¾
Consolid. Oil	7½	7⅝
Continental Can	B 37⅜	37¼
Continental Oil	24	23½
Corn Products	62	62½
Curtiss Wright (com.)	5½	5½
" " "A"	26½	26½
Deere & Co.	20⅝	20¼
Distillers Corp.	18¾	18¾
Douglas Aircraft	69	69
Du Pont de Nemours	146¾	147¼
Eagle Picher Lead	B 9	B 9
Eaton Manufacturing Co.	B 22	22
Elec. Auto Lite	28¾	28⅝
Elec. Bond & Share	8⅛	8⅛
" $5 pfd.	—	55
" $6 pfd.	B 64¼	64⅝
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	27⅛	27⅞
Flintkote	B 20⅞	20¾
Food Machinery Corp.	B 27½	28½
Gen. Amer. Trans.	B 47	47⅞
Gen. Elec.	35⅝	35⅝
Gen. Motors	44⅛	44⅛
Gen. Rly. Signal	B 17¼	18
Glidden Co.	—	17½
Goodrich (B.F.)	17½	17½
" $5 pfd.	—	69
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	27¾	27⅛
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	15⅛	15
Great Nthrn. Rly.	21⅞	21½
Great Western Sugar	26	26⅛
Greyhound Corp.	18¾	18½
Hecker Products	—	12
Homestake Min.	63	62¾
Indus. Rayon	B 20	B 20⅜
Int. Harvester	60	59½
Int. Nickel	49½	49½
Int. Tel. & Tel.	7½	7⅝
Johns Manville	75	B 73½
Jones & Laughlin	B 44½	B 44
Kennecott	32⅝	22½
Libby-Owens-Ford Glass	47	46⅞
Lockheed Aircraft	26	27¾
Loew's Inc.	44¼	43¾
Manhattan Shirt Co.	—	—
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	34⅞	34⅜
Mckesson & Robbins Inc.	13¾	B 13⅜
Monsanto Chemical	97½	97½
Montgomery Ward	51	50⅞
Nat. City Bank	B 25¼	B 25¼
Nat. Dairy Products	16	16
Nat. Distillers	26⅛	26¼
Nat. Gypsum	—	11½
Nat. Lead	20⅜	21
Nat. Power & Lt.	7⅞	7¾
Nat. Steel Corp.	64	63½
Nat. Supply Co.	8½	—
New York Central	15⅛	15¼
Niagara Hudson Power	6⅞	6¾
North Amer. Aviation	15⅞	16
North Amer. Co.	22	21⅞
Northern Pacific	9	8⅞
Pacific Gas & Elec.	30½	30⅞
Pacific Lighting	48½	48½
Packard Motors	3½	3½
Paramount Pictures Inc.	9⅝	9½
Pennsylvania R.R.	18½	18½
Phelps Dodge	33¼	32⅜
Phillips Petroleum	35½	36
Public Serv. of N.J.	37	37
Pullman, Inc.	26½	26¼
Pure Oil	7½	7⅝
Radio Corp.	6⅜	6⅜
Republic Steel Co.	16⅜	16⅝
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	37¾	38¾
Richfield Oil Corp.	8⅛	8
Safeway Stores	42⅜	42⅛
Schenley	14	—
" 5½% pfd.	71	71
Sears Roebuck	75½	75⅛
Seversky Aircraft	3⅝	3½
Shell Union Oil	12⅛	12¼
Socony-Vacuum	11⅝	11⅝
Sthrn. Pacific	13⅝	13½
Sthrn. Rly. 5% Elec.	3	2⅞
Sperry Corp.	42¾	42¾
Stand. Brands	6⅛	6¼
Stand. Gas & Elec.	3	2⅞
Stand. Oil of Calif.	26⅜	26⅜
Stand. Oil of N.J.	43¼	43⅜
Stone & Webster	11⅝	11¼
Swift International	—	27
Technicolour	B 16¼	16½
Texas Co	39½	39½
Texas Gulf Sulphur	28½	28¼
Transamerica	6	6
Tw. Century Fox	21½	21⅝
" " pfd.	—	—
Un. Carbide & Carbon	77	77⅜
Un. Pacific	94½	B 94¼
Un. Aircraft	37¼	37
Un. Air Lines Trans.	10½	10⅜
Un. Corp.	2½	2⅜
Un. Corp. $3 cum. pfd.	—	35¼
Un. Gas Corp.	2	—
Un. Gas Improvement	12⅛	12⅞
U. S. Rubber	41⅜	41⅛
" 8% pfd.	110	109
U. S. Steel	48⅞	49
Vanadium	20⅜	20¾
Warner Bros. Picts.	5⅛	5
Westinghouse Elec.	96	95½
Woodward Iron	17¼	B 17¼

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	65	63½
Brazil	17¼	17
Baltimore & Ohio	21⅛	21⅛
Cities Serv. Pwr.	82	B 82⅞
Erie R.R.	B 10	10½
Int. Tel. & Tel.	69	69
Minas Geraes	B 11½	B 11½
New England Gas & Elec.	B 67¼	67¼
Peru	B 9⅞	10
Rio Grande do Sul	B 11⅛	B 11⅛
Sao Paulo	B 9½	B 9½
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	43	43⅝
Stand. Gas & Elec.	65	65½
B—Bid.		

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtsey of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Conditions on Wall Street today were irregular, with the volume of trading one of the lightest recorded for a fortnight. Prices opened slightly higher, but then drifted lower until the market met with support during the third hour when steel operations were reported at 54.2 per cent. of capacity, being up 2 points, which was better than anticipated. In the bond market, corporates moved irregularly upward, while fourteen Government issues touched new highs.

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

The market has displayed surprising equanimity over several adverse developments, such as the continued deadlock over the Anglo-Russian negotiations for a triple alliance and the precipitant drop in automobile production. The lack of effective selling was more surprising, in view of the unmistakable deterioration of the technical position through wholesale shortcovering during the previous week.

Unquestionably the lack of genuine liquidation, chiefly due to the money case, private refinancing at sharply lowered rates and the Government's five-year note issue at the lowest cost yet recorded, testify to the pressure of idle money seeking an outlet.

Business news is more reassuring than it seemed possible a month ago. However, business recovery and the profits curve, comparable to that of the second half of 1938, are still undiscernable.

If the market within about a fortnight fails to develop real weakness, especially in steels and oils where the earnings outlook is completely discouraging, and, if short selling remains the main market depressant, the probable conclusion is that liquidation cannot be forced into the open, but that the buying urge is likely to be confined to the consumption goods industries.

Barron's Index, adjusted for trend, is placed at 68.2.

Unless news or developments are received of a market character, we expect a continuance of the recent action.

British Oak Insurance Co.

Annual Meeting of Company Recently Acquired By Union Ins. Society of Canton Ltd.

THE 31st annual ordinary general meeting of the British Oak Insurance Company was held on April 19, 1939, at the head office of the Company at 81 and 82, Cornhill, London Mr. H. C. Gray (the chairman of the Company) presided, and in his speech said :—

During the year 1938 several events of major importance to the company took place. The Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., of Hongkong, one of the best known and certainly the oldest British Colonial insurance company, acquired practically the whole of the share capital, an acceptable offer having been made to Messrs. Spillers, Limited, and to the other shareholders. The association with the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., which Society was founded as long ago as 1835, will give to our company an added permanence and stability and to our executive an encouragement still further to strengthen the foundations of the Company and to build for the future.

Change in Control

This change, important as it is and involving the control of the company by a body well versed in our business, does not, I am very glad to say, mean that the company will lose the active and helpful co-operation of Messrs. Spillers, Ltd.; such co-operation will continue to be enjoyed by the Company as in the past, and we are fortunate in having retained for our board the valuable knowledge and experience of Sir Malcolm Robertson and of Mr. A. F. Forbes.

Membership of F.O.C. and A.O.A.

During the year the company has become a member of the Fire Offices' Committee and of the Accident Offices' Association and this cannot but be of ultimate benefit to our results. The Company has disposed of the whole of its shareholding in Merchants' & Manufacturers' Insurance Co., Ltd.

During the year under review the Company's total premium income, excluding that of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Insurance Co., Ltd., declined by about £21,000. This decline was largely in the marine account and was in accordance with the policy of your board; there was also a reduction in the premium income of the accident, motor and general account due to the restriction of acceptances in view of the unsatisfactory nature of motor business generally.

Fire Business

This account shows a welcome increase of premium income and although the loss ratio at 54.26 per cent. is somewhat higher than in 1937, the amount carried to profit and loss account is not unsatisfactory. Our facilities for handling this class of business have increased considerably and it is hoped that this fact, coupled with our membership of the Fire Offices' Committee, will lead to a further development of this class of business, especially at home.

Accident, Motor General Account

This account, owing to the increasing cost of motor claims both at home and abroad, results in an underwriting loss. Claims in respect of loss of expectation of life continue to be numerous, and the Courts have now awarded damages for shock suffered by witnesses of an accident despite the fact that such witnesses were not themselves in physical peril. In view of the indeterminate position in regard to the assessment of liability it is desirable to make provision for outstanding claims on the fullest possible basis and upon this principle it was decided to strengthen the provision hitherto made in this respect.

As was stated by the chairman at our last annual general meeting, motor insurance must, in the interests of all concerned, be placed upon a sound economic basis, but apart from increases in the rates for motor cycles, there is as yet little evidence of such a general rise in the cost of motor insurance as is commensurate with the constantly increasing hazard. This hazard, quite apart from the larger amounts awarded by the Courts, continues to increase in conformity with the ever growing number of vehicles on the roads and unless some drastic improvement in road conditions and usage can be brought about, a general rise in the cost price of motor insurance appears to be inevitable. In the meantime, your Company will conserve its interests by declining to be interested in the heavier types of this class of business and by increasing the rates charged for the less hazardous sections where such a course is demanded by results,

I am glad to say that our miscellaneous accident business has given satisfactory results and it is hoped to develop this profitable account.

Marine Account

The general condition of the marine market is still far from satisfactory and rates remain on an uneconomic basis. The management of the marine account has now been passed over to the Union Insurance Society of Canton, who, as you will be aware, have over a century's experience in this class of business.

Profit and Loss Account

The balance brought forward from 1937 (subject to the dividend for that year) amounted to £28,053 and after charging the dividend for 1937, together with sundry expenses and other outgoings, there remains a balance of £18,690 which the board recommend should be carried forward. The net amount received as interest, dividends, etc., on investments would much more than cover the cost of a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. and by the yard-stick commonly adopted by insurance companies, the declaration of such a dividend would be amply justified. Your directors are of the opinion, however, that at this stage of the company's development it is preferable to continue to strengthen the financial structure and for this reason they do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

It may be asserted with confidence that the company's business has never been on a sounder footing than at present but a period of reorganization is before us and this, coupled with a restricted policy of motor insurance underwriting, is likely to lead to an increase of the expense ratio which at present is on a very moderate basis.

During the year 1938 there occurred a further general decline in the prices of British Government stocks, and of other securities quoted on the London Stock Exchange. The value of the marketable securities of the Company as at December 31, 1938, therefore showed some further depreciation as compared with their cost. The amount of depreciation is more than covered by the investment reserve fund.

I now beg to move : "That the report and accounts of the Company for the year ended December 31, 1938, as presented, be and are hereby approved and adopted" and I will ask Sir Malcolm Robertson to second the resolution. The resolution was seconded by Sir Malcolm Robertson and adopted.

The directors now retiring at the first ordinary general meeting after their appointment (Mr. Herbert Castell Gray, the Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh and Mr. Hinton Arthur Stewart) and the director retiring by rotation (The Rt. Hon. Sir Malcolm A. Robertson, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.B.E.) were reelected, and Messrs. Impey, Cudworth & Co., and Messrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths & Co., were reappointed as joint auditors of the company.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, June 5.

Trading on the Stock Exchange opened the week quietly.

The announcement of the pending flotation of a £6,000,000 Australian 4 per cent. loan at 96½ imparted easiness to the gilt-edged section, where the premium on the new South African loan declined from 1/8 to 1¼.

Industrials met with provincial support, while Kaffirs closed quiet, following earlier Cape support.—Reuter.

	June 2	5
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	£ 95 3/4	95 5/16

JAPANESE BONDS

Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	37½	37
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	45	45

Osaka, June 6.

Kogo 5%	Y.104.34

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Allied Ironfounders	19/6	18/9*
Armstrong Stevens	6/6	6/6
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	39/4½	39/3
Austin Motors, ord.	32/6	32/6
Bristol Aeroplane	22/1½	22/1½
British American Tob.	100/7½	100/-
Cable & W., new form	54 7/8	55 3/8
Cammell Laird.	8/7½	8/4½
Courtaulds	28/3	28/4½
Distillers	95/3	95/3
Dunlop Rubber	29/10½	29/-
General Elec. (Eng.)	79/6	79/4½
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	112/6	113/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	19/9	19/6
Imp. Chem. Indus.	32/-	31/10½
Imp. Tobacco	134/4½	133/9
Leyland Motors	93/9	94/4½
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	65/7½	59/6**
Pressed Steel, com.	19/11½	19/11½
Rolls-Royce	112/6	112/6
Smethwick Drop Forgings	15/6	16/-
Tate & Lyle	63/7½	63/9
Turner & Newall	81/-	81/-
United Steel	24/7½	25/-
Vickers, ord.	20/3	20/1½
Woolworths	65/1½	65/1½

MISCELLANEOUS

Anglo Dutch	27/4½	27/9
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust.	28/7½	28/9

MINES

Burma Corp.	8/7½	8/9
Commonwealth Min.	1/-	1/-
Marsman Invest.	16/3	16/6
Randfontein Ests.	39/7½	40/-
Sub-Nigel	228/9	230/-
Tanami Gold Min.	4½d.	4½d.
Western Holdings	13/7½	14/-

OILS

Anglo Iranian	83/1½	81/3
Burmah	79/4½	75/7½
Mexican Eagle	9/-	8/9
Shell Trans. & Trad.	87/6	86/3*

*—Ex dividend. **—Ex Bonus.

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4½% Gold Loan, 1898	£ 65	64
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	62	61½
4½% Anglo French Loan,	57	54
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	35	33
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	50	49½
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	17½	16½
5% Honan Rly., 1905	21	20
5% Hukuang Rly., 1913	21½	21
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	20½	19½
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	17½	18
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	25	24
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	17	17
5% " " G.	17	17
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B

Democracies Accused of Not Aiding Spain After War

Nation's Economic and Financial Policies Explained by General Franco

Burgos, June 6.

SPAIN'S new foreign and economic policies were outlined last night by General Francisco Franco, speaking before the National Council of the Spanish Phalanx.

In the first part of his address, he thanked those countries who helped Spain in her hour of need, Germany, Italy, and Portugal.

"Mention must be particularly made of our sister Portugal, so united to our cause, and also Germany and Italy, the nations which formed a front in support of our movement," the Generalissimo stated. "To many, the importance of our struggle went unnoticed. Our privileged geographic position was, from a strategical point of view, the object of envy of certain people. The issue of our crusade, however, could not remain a subject of indifference on the part of the false democracies, free-masonry, and International communism."

"After our victory," he added, "it seemed that with official recognition of new Spain the difficulties and suspicion would disappear. This, unfortunately, did not prove to be the case. The agreement between General Jordana and M. Leon Berard was reached after much delay and with considerable prejudice for our economy. In Britain, a part of the holdings of our banks was confiscated and the matter is still being disputed."

Triumph of Principles

"Our victory," the General continued, "constituted the triumph of certain economic principles opposed to the old liberal theories under the protection of which the colonization was established of many sovereign states. This characteristic of our revolution was no doubt the one which caused most suspicion."

Outlining the difficulties being met with abroad by Spain, General Franco declared:

"There is at present in existence against our country a secret offensive directed by those who sought to prevent the creation of new Spain supported actively by international masonry which has been entrusted with the dissemination throughout the world of an anti-Spanish doctrine based on the cunning exploitation of the beliefs of the Spanish people. We must therefore prepare to defend ourselves against and resist encirclement. Our foundation is solid and the law is with us, but in any struggle, no matter on what battlefield it may take place, we must have faith in victory and observe unity and discipline in our ranks."

Spain has been misunderstood by the world and deprived of foreign credits, General Franco pointed out.

"Before us stood an enormous power and the entire gold reserves and currencies of nations, and a complete absence of confidence abroad in us," he said.

"Produce, Produce, Produce"

Spain's economic and financial situations were then outlined by the Generalissimo.

"Our motto must be: Produce, produce, produce," he exclaimed. "We must drastically suppress the import of products not indispensable to the life of the nation, and gradually replace imports with goods manufactured in Spain. The system of credits abroad would be most convenient, but it has been refused us."

The National Council met from 5.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. It adjourned following the formation of a committee entrusted with the draft of a plan for the organization of a union. The committee will meet at 10 a.m. today.

The Council will meet for a plenary session on Wednesday to examine the plan submitted by the committee.—Havas.

National Service Call Answered

Nearly One Million Have Volunteered; Registration Of Militia Praised

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, June 6.

Up to the middle of May, there had been nearly 1,000,000 enrolments for the various sections of national service, according to figures released today by the service departments.

Recruits joining the Royal Air Force for the week ending May 3 totalled 1,154, compared with 326 for the corresponding period last year.

The total entry since April 1 has been 9,538, compared with 3,118 for the corresponding period in 1938.

In the registration of militiamen on June 3, the Ministry of Labour had completed the most brilliant and successful administrative achievement in the history of the Government, declared Mr. Ernest Brown, Minister of Labour, in the House of Commons last evening in the course of a speech on his Ministry's estimates.

The registration, he added, had had the willing co-operation of all concerned.

Turning to industrial relations in the country, Mr. Brown said they had never been on a more satisfactory basis than now.

Last year, he asserted, the number of trade disputes was one of the smallest since 1923.

Speaking of unemployment, the Minister said the latest figures revealed that 156,000 more people were employed on May 15 than on April 17, and that 440,000 more people were employed on April 15 this year than on the same date last year.—Reuter.

Returned Volunteers Will Parade

To March Past Herr Hitler In Berlin

London, June 6.

Today will be a day of triumph for the German and Italian volunteers returned home from Spain.

Some 18,000 Germans, according to a Berlin telegram, are expected to goose-step past Herr Hitler in the German capital this morning. Standing with the Reichsfuehrer at the saluting base will be six Spanish Generals.

Italy will also officially welcome home her Legionaries this morning. It is reported from Naples that the first ships of the convoy carrying 20,000 Italian Legionaries and 3,000 Spanish troops from Spain arrived yesterday afternoon.

At the same time, the escort cruiser Duca d'Aosta brought a large Spanish mission, including the Minister of the Interior, Senor Suner, and ten leading Spanish Generals.

The Legionaries will disembark this morning and be reviewed by King Victor Emmanuel.

Signor Mussolini has issued an order of the day thanking the Italian volunteers for their services in Spain.

"For 30 months," the order says, they were the "nightmare of the pluto-democracies."—Reuter.

American Drive Against Foreign Spies

Severer Punishments to Be Meted Out

Washington, June 6.

The United States Government intensified its drive against foreign espionage agents yesterday when the House of Representatives approved a bill providing heavier penalties for espionage in time of peace.

The bill contained an amendment, passed by a voice vote of 353 to 17, providing a $5,000 fine and imprisonment for advocating the forceful overthrow of the United States Government. This was the first time in history that such a statute has been approved by either house of Congress. The bill now goes to the Senate.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Attorney General's office disclosed last week that anti-espionage efforts had been intensified on the west coast, particularly in the San Francisco area.—United Press.

More Equitable Taxes Sought in U.S.

Administration's Answer To Business Appeals

Washington, June 6.

The House of Representatives Ways and Means Committee yesterday heard Mr. John W. Hanes, Under-Secretary of the Treasury, endorse tax revision suggestions recently made by the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, and urge early revision of the fiscal structure.

Mr. Hanes said such action would provide new incentive to private industry and promote economic recovery.

The committee later instructed a sub-committee to draft a bill based on Mr. Morgenthau's suggestion. The bill is expected to represent the Administration's answer to demands for business appeasement.—United Press.

Yugoslav Prince Ends Visit

Herr Hitler Present to Bid Farewell; No Pacts Arranged

Berlin, June 6.

Herr Hitler was personally present at the station to say goodbye when Prince Paul, Regent of Yugoslavia, and his wife, Princess Olga, left Berlin last evening on the conclusion of their four-day state visit.

According to German official circles, no political agreement of any sort has been concluded between Germany and Yugoslavia as a result of the visit.

They describe as "unfounded newspaper speculations" suggestions that Yugoslavia was asked to link herself more closely to the Reich, or was induced to join the Anti-Comintern Pact.

Economic talks at Cologne between German and Yugoslav representatives are said to be continuing.

A communiqué published after the departure of Prince Paul states that the exchange of views between the Yugoslav guests and authoritative German circles, which was held in a cordial and friendly spirit, covered all questions affecting the two countries.

"Both nations," the communiqué asserts, "see in the trusting friendship and close co-operation which unites Yugoslavia with Germany and Italy a positive element for the appeasement of Europe and for a policy having real constructive work as its aim.

"Both governments are firmly determined to deepen their relations on this clear, firm basis in political, economic and cultural matters.

"In full agreement with the Italian Government, they are convinced that, with this clear policy, they will serve the task of removing the political tension now burdening Europe and securing a peaceful development which will guarantee the vital rights of nations.'—Reuter.

Brazil Willing to Repay British Debts

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, June 6.

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, announced in the House of Commons today that the Brazilian Government had informed the British Ambassador in Rio de Janeiro, Sir Hugh Gurney, that they were considering a method of resumption of debt payments. He hoped to make some announcement before July 1.

The Brazilian Government, Mr. Butler added, had given assurance that all creditors would receive equal treatment.—Reuter.

Plane Crashes Into Bull Ring

Madrid, June 6.

A plane which dropped propaganda leaflets over the bull fight arena at Murcia where the first bull fight since the outbreak of the civil war was held yesterday, crashed and its two occupants, both army aviators, were killed. The bull fight was immediately broken off.—Trans-Ocean.

Czech Securities Held In London

Nearly Equal to Total of Commitments

London, June 5.

Czech securites and deposits in England amount to between £14,000,000 and £15,000,000 according to a statement made in the House of Commons today by Captain Crookshank, Financial Secretary to the Treasury.

By a special law, this wealth has been impounded and cannot be withdrawn from the country, Captain Crookshank declared further, adding that British claims against the former Czecho-Slovak state amount to about £15,250,000 at the present time, while additional claims are expected to be filed before June 17.

The most important claim, Captain Crookshank said, is a Treasury claim for £6,000,000, representing the first instalment due on a loan of £10,000,000, advanced to Czechoslovakia last spring.

Other claims were listed by Captain Crookshank as follows: £3,250,000 of unutilized money from the British Refugee Fund, £3,500,000 in British deposits held by former Czech banks, and £2,250,000 for the redemption of Czech securities held by British investors.—Trans-Ocean.

THE Royal Society of British Sculptors has awarded its medal "for the best work of the year by a British sculptor in any way exhibited to the public in London" to Mr. Alfred F. Hardiman for the Earl Haig memorial erected in Whitehall. This is somewhat surprising since Mr. Hardiman's original models of the statue the centre of controversy, and the Countess Haig was among the critics. The third model, which was accepted by the Office of Works under Mr. George Lansbury, then First Commissioner, was unveiled in 1937, but the Countess Haig declined to attend the ceremony as she said that her husband "would never have ridden" the horse depicted. Among other work of Mr. Hardiman are the sculptured heraldic lions which symbolise Britain's might at the New York World's Fair, flanking the main entrance to the British Pavilion.

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Cargo ex ss. Ranpura, arrived Shanghai May 27, 1939

B/L No. 22 — M P 19 F D — 1/5 5 C/s Whisky and Bottling Material from London
"15" 2 Hhd Whisky

" 95 H C Kian via Shanghai 7520 1/5 5bls 6/7 8 C/s Medicines from Marseilles

Cargo ex ss. Shirala, arrived May 28, 1939

B/L No. 8 — TTC — ex 1001/2000 10 B/s India Tobacco ITNC

" 22 214 or TNC 1 Bdle Tobacco Primings TIVC

" 23 214 or TNC 3 " Tobacco leaf

" 24 — DN&SCo — 1 C/- Tobacco

" 31 — F S — 1 " Cigarettes from Rangoon

ex ss. "Chilka" from Cocanada

Customs examination of contents, at which consignees' representative must be present, will be held prior to the above cargo being placed in Bond.

The Shipping Company accepts no liability whatsoever for damage thereby sustained either at time of entry into Bond or at any subsequent date, and consignees are accordingly requested to present their Bills of Lading without delay for countersignature and take delivery or alternatively to attend the examination in order that damage may be noted.

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Admiral Leahy Not to Join Cabinet

Washington, June 6.

High Administration sources last night denied reports that Admiral William Leahy, Chief of Naval Operations and proposed Governor of Puerto Rico, would be named Secretary of Navy.

Rumours current yesterday said that Admiral Leahy would succeed Mr. Claud Swanson, who is 77 years of age and unable to attend regular Cabinet meetings because of ill health.

Administration quarters indicated the delay in nominating Admiral Leahy for the governorship of Puerto Rico was the result of the necessity for special legislation to permit a former Navy officer to assume the civilian post Admiral Leahy retires from the Navy in August.—United Press.

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(Shanghai-Java by J.C.J.L.) (Shanghai-Singapore by "Interchange" Line)

	Tonnage	Leave Batavia	Leave Singapore	Arrive Genoa/Marseilles
		1939	1939	1939
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	June 14	June 16	July 5
ms. Baloeran	17,000	June 21	June 23	July 12
ss. Jan Pieterszoon Coen	11,140	June 28	June 30	July 22
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	July 5	July 7	July 26
ms. Sibajak	12,000	July 12	July 14	Aug. 2
ss. Slamat	11,600	July 19	July 21	Aug. 9
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	July 26	July 28	Aug. 16
ms. Dempo	17,000	Aug. 2	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	Aug. 16	Aug. 18	Sept. 7
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Sept. 13
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 26
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Oct. 3
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Sept. 27	Sept. 29	Oct. 17
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 24

SINGAPORE—GENOA/MARSEILLES . . . 18 DAYS

For further particulars apply to:

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Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, June 7.	Per	Reg.	Ord.
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Shanghai M.	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	Hoten M.	*20.00	7.15
Japan H'lulu U.S.A. Canada Europe via Pacific	Pres. Coolidge	*20.00	7.30
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. Ceylon India Suez Europe	Conte Verde	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	Conte Verde	7.30	8.00
Swatow and Hongkong ..	Kwaisang	10.30	11.00
Kwangtung	Kwaisang	10.30	11.00
Swatow H'kong Haiphong	Soochow	11.30	12.00
Aust. N.Z. and Indo-China	Asama M. x	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	Asama M. x	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei Offices via Tsinglungchiang	Tejo	16.30	17.00
Swatow H'kong Haiphong	Taisang	19.30	20.00
Kwangtung	Taisang	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, June 8.			
Aust. N.Z. Manila Java	Tjinegara A	*20.00	8.00
Amoy Hongkong Canton .	Tjinegara	7.30	8.00
Tsingtao	Anshing	7.30	8.00
Swatow and Hongkong ..	Kanchow	11.00	11.30
Kwangtung	Kanchow	11.00	11.30
Tsingtao and Tientsin ...	Newchwang	11.30	12.00
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Taiseunhong	11.30	12.00
Ningpo	Tembien	12.30	13.00
Foochow via Ninghsien .	Tembien	12.30	13.00
Nantung	Nantung M.	14.30	15.00
FRIDAY, June 9.			
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez Europe via Suez	Agamemnon B	14.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	Agamemnon	15.30	16.00
Swatow and Hongkong ..	Pronto	19.30	20.00
Kwangtung	Pronto	19.30	20.00
Weihaiwei C'foo Tientsin	Taksang	19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 7th.
B Parcel mail for S.S., Gt. Britain and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 9th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per ss. Asama Maru, on June 7, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary, due Marseilles June 18, London June 19.

Pan American Airways Service per ss. Agamemnon, on June 9, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary, due San Francisco June 21.

Air France per ss. Bhutan, on June 13, at 8 a.m. for registered and at 9 a.m. for ordinary, due Marseilles June 23, London June 24.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m. Mails for America may be sent to-day by air mail to Japan for connection with ss. Pres. Coolidge leaving Yokohama June 10.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei Offices west and north of Jukao 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows :—

P. Coolidge, via Pacific, June 7, due London July 5.
Conte Verde, via Suez, June 7, due London July 4.
Agamemnon, via Suez, June 9, due London July 16.

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, June 7, 1939 (20th day of 4th moon)	SICCAWEI June 5 16.00	21.00	June 6 4.00	9.00
Barometer inches	29.86	29.89	29.86	29.88
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.02	+0.02	—0.02	—0.03
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.02	—0.02	0.00	—0.01
Wind (direction)	SE	SSW	S	SE
" (miles per hour)	14.3	11.2	13.1	15.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	85.8°	75.2°	71.1°	69.3°
Humidity %	29	60	90	86
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	10	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report June 5	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.89	+0.04	29.78
Temp. Min. 65.°1 Max. 91.°9	78.°5	+2.°1	71.°1
Total rainfall January to 1 midnight before last (inches)	13.67	—	15.64

Time and Tide	7/6	8/6	9/6	10/6	11/6
Sun rises at Shanghai ..	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.49	4.49
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.56	18.56	18.56	18.57	18.57
Moon rises at Shanghai ..	22.35	23.09	23.41	—	0.14
Moon sets at Shanghai ..	9.14	10.07	10.59	11.52	12.45
Flood makes Shal. 6 to 18	13.15	14.00	15.00	16.05	17.12
Ebb, makes Shal. 6 to 18	6.02	6.50	7.40	8.39	9.40
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	14.58	15.54	16.47	18.26	6.38
Ht. above LLW. (feet) ..	10.48	9.80	9.20	8.36	8.10

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per **Taisang**, June 6, from **Tientsin and Ports:** Capt. & Mrs. S. Riou, Master Riou, Mr. Lokan, Mr. Marshall, Miss Broad, Mrs. Robin, Mr. Fetner, Mr. McFarlane, Mr. Gabbott, Capt. Fleurant, Mrs. J. V. Botelho, Miss R. Del Rivero, Mr. W. H. Train, Dr. B. C. Chan, Dr. F. W. Law, Mr. R. Perry, Mrs. W. J. Harris, Mr. C. C. Chen, Mr. T. N. Soh, Mrs. T. N. Soh and 2 children, Mr. & Mrs. T. W. Shih, Mr. Ku Yu Hsuan, Mr. G. M. Chen, Mr. D. T. Toong, Mr. C. T. Chang, Mr. S. Y Sun.

DEPARTURES

Per **Aramis**, June 6, for **Hongkong:** Colonel & Mrs. C. B. Cates and child, Mr. & Mrs. M. Chadourne, Mr. J. R. Guinn, Mr. C. N. B. Aall, Capt. & Mrs. C. C. Coffman and 2 children, Capt. & Mrs. K. K. Louther and 2 children, Capt. & Mrs. W. M. Greene and 2 children, for **Saigon:** Mr. & Mrs. A. Sadoc and 2 children, Mrs. E. Molies, Miss H. Sournine, Capt. & Mrs. Riou and child, Mr. & Mrs. Lewoult, Mrs. J. Dagorne, Mrs. G. Bigot and child, Miss V. Vodovocova, Mr. Nong Van Vuong, for **Singapore:** Mr. Hahn Lee, Mr. Ng Kong Llao, Mrs. Hsu Ching Yueh, Mr. Ling Yew Hwau, Miss Yoh Ling Wha, for **Marseilles:** Mr. & Mrs. F. Knobel and Child, Major & Mrs. A. Fabre and child, Mr. A. Van Cutsem, Mr. & Mrs. L. Mayor and 3 children, Mrs. Jobez and 3 children, Mr. & Mrs. Pontet, Mrs. P. Cousyn and 3 children, Mrs. Wang Yu Che, Mr. & Mrs. R. Courthial, Mrs. Brelivet and child, Mrs. J. Baldensperger and 2 children, Rev. Father Legrand, Miss Chao Hsi Ling, Mr. & Mrs. F. Manneville, Mr. L. Durand, Mr. & Mrs. Hou Ki Tchouo, Mr. L. Berta, Miss M. Gordon, Mr. M. Clement, Mr. & Mrs. D. Susini and 2 children, Mr. P. Moran, Mr. L. Andre, Mrs. Hoac Huu, Mr. Lu Tchang Tchouen.

Per **Tsinan**, June 7 for **Amoy:** Mr. & Mrs. I. O. Stetsky, Miss E. Zapovitsky, for **Hongkong:** Miss B. A. Popova, Mr. J. Orr.

Per **Soochow**, June 7, for **Hongkong:** Mr. G. Minden, Mr. W. Keller, Mr. G. Pick, for **Haiphong:** Mr. & Mrs. Loh, Rev. C. Lacy, Mr. Nalberg.

Going Home?

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Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From LOS ANGELES: Asama Maru, with mail, due between 3-4 p.m. Wayside Wharf.

From BOMBAY: Alipore, due about 4 p.m. Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf.

From MELBOURNE: Nankin, with mail, due about 4 p.m. Old Ningpo Wharf. Passengers expected at Customs Jetty 5 p.m.

From TIENTSIN: Kanchow, due 6 a.m. B. & S. Pootung Wharf.
Shuntien, due p.m. French Bund.

From HONGKONG: Singkiang, due a.m. French Bund.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA

Teucer	2/5	26/6
Perseus	30/5	21/7
Menelaus	30/5	21/7

From COPENHAGEN

Africa	1/4	13/6
Panama	1/5	11/7
India	3/6	28/7

From OSLO

Triton	13/4	15/6
Peiping	27/4	17/6
Tarn	20/5	16/7
Ningpo	27/5	17/7
India	7/6	28/7

From HAMBURG

Odenwald	22/4	16/6
Oder	13/5	27/6
Tarn	1/6	16/7

From BREMEN

Preussen	18/4	9/6
Leverkusen	2/5	24/6
Rheinland	16/5	3/7
Burgenland	30/5	19/7

From ROTTERDAM

Fulda	19/5	10/7
Grootekerk	1/6	15/7
Ningpo	6/5	17/7
Menelaus	7/6	21/7

From ANTWERP

Zuiderkerk	17/4	10/6
Glengarry	15/4	11/6
Glenearn	29/4	24/6
Marburg	1/6	6/7
Glenogle	13/5	9/7
Grootekerk	22/5	15/7
Burgenland	6/6	19/7
Denbighshire	27/5	22/7

From GLASGOW

Deucalion	22/4	10/6
Patroclus	6/5	22/6
Memnon	20/5	6/7
Antenor	3/6	20/7

From LIVERPOOL

Lycaon	22/4	8/6
Calchas	6/5	16/6
Eumaeus	20/5	5/7
Memnon	27/5	6/7

From LONDON

Rawalpindi	5/5	11/6
Soudan	29/4	11/6
Kasima M.	12/5	20/6
Chitral	19/5	25/6

From LONDON

Hakone M.	26/5	3/7
Glenogle	27/5	9/7
Corfu	2/6	9/7
Burdwan	27/5	10/7
Cyclops	3/6	17/7

From MARSEILLES

Athos II	12/5	9/6
Chenonceaux	26/5	27/6
Hakone M.	2/6	3/7

From GENOA

C. B'camano	31/5	27/6
Mosel	7/6	7/7

From TRIESTE

Volpi	30/4	15/6
Cortellazzo	25/5	12/7

From PORT SAID

Oder	28/5	27/6
C. B'camano	4/6	27/6
Fulda	5/6	10/7
Burdwan	7/6	10/7
Panama	30/5	11/7

From SUEZ

Glennearn	25/5	24/6
Teucer	23/5	26/6
Rheinland	6/6	3/7

From ADEN

Chitral	4/6	25/6

From P. SWET'HAM

Odenwald	2/6	16/6

From COLOMBO

Volpi	26/5	15/6
Kasima M.	3/6	20/6
Patroclus	4/6	22/6
Leverkusen	5/6	24/6

From SINGAPORE

Glengarry	2/6	11/6
Triton	1/6	15/6
Calchas	7/6	16/6
Peiping	3/6	17/6

From SOERABAIA

Tjibadak	29/5	15/6

From BATAVIA

Tjibadak	2/6	15/6

From MANILA

C. of Derby	5/6	13/6
Tai Yin	6/6	14/6

From HONGKONG

See "China Ports" below.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

Silveryew	24/4	9/6
G. Maersk	25/4	10/6
C. of Derby	13/4	13/6
Tai Yin	30/4	14/6
Grete Maersk	10/5	24/6
Slesvig	28/5	26/6
Eskbank	6/5	4/7
Silverwalnut	23/5	7/7
H. Maersk	25/5	10/7
Glaucus	26/5	18/7
Tweedbank	6/6	25/7

From PANAMA

H. Maersk	5/6	10/7

From SAVANNAH

Silverwalnut	26/5	7/7
Glaucus	31/5	18/7

From LOS ANGELES

Tatuta M.	29/5	24/6
Grete Maersk	31/5	24/6

From VANCOUVER

Emp. Russia	27/5	12/6
Ixion	4/6	29/6

From HONOLULU

Tatuta M.	6/6	24/6

From HONGKONG

See "China Ports" below.

From YOKOHAMA

Agamemnon	2/6	8/6
Duisburg	6/6	9/6
G. Maersk	7/6	10/6
E. of Russia	7/6	12/6
Harona M.	4/6	12/6

From KOBE

Agamemnon	6/6	8/6

From NAGASAKI

Nagasaki M.	8/6	9/6

From KEELUNG (Formosa)

Hukuken M.	5/6	9/6

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN

Boissevain	17/5	24/6

From MELBOURNE

Nankin	3/5	8/6
Nellore	3/6	10/7

From MOMBASA

Boissevain	4/6	24/6

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN

Tsingtao M.	6/6	8/6
Duisburg	30/5	9/6

From TIENTSIN

Dahpu	6/6	10/6
Fooshing	8/6	12/6
Mingsang	8/6	12/6
Esang	10/6	15/6

From HONGKONG

Taksang	4/6	8/6
Lycaon	3/6	8/6
Pronto	6/6	9/6

From HONGKONG

Preussen	6/6	9/6
Zuiderkerk	5/6	9/6
Athos II	7/6	9/6
Kaying	6/6	10/6
Deucalion	6/6	10/6
Tingsang	6/6	11/6
Soudan	7/6	11/6
Rawalpindi	7/6	11/6
Taiyuan	7/6	13/6
Africa	5/6	13/6
Yatshing	9/6	13/6
Wingsang	11/6	15/6
Kwaisang	14/6	17/6

Vessels Discharging

MONI RICKMERS. This vessel having arrived from Antwerp and Hamburg via Singapore, Manila and Hongkong is now discharging her cargo at the Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their cargo. Damaged goods will be surveyed by our appointed surveyors, Messrs. Tesdorpf, Hannig & Co., at the Old Ningpo Wharf on June 8, at 9 a.m. All claims against this steamer must be presented within fifteen days after steamers arrival, or they will not be recognized. No insurance effected. Rickmers-Linie, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 83308. 8-6

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

SHUNTIEN June 10. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Saturday, June 10, at 10 a.m. Calls at Tsingtao for passengers only. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 10-6

TINGSANG June 13. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, June 13. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 13-6

YATSHING June 15. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, June 15. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 15-6

WINGSANG June 17. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, June 17. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 17-6

SOUTH CHINA COAST

KWAISANG June 7. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, June 7, at 1.30 p.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 7-6

SOOCHOW June 7. SWATOW, HONGKONG, KWONGCHOWWAN, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, June 7, at 2 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 7-6

KANCHOW June 8. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Thursday, June 8, at 2 p.m. For freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 8-6

NANNING June 8. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Leaves on Thursday, June 8, at 2 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 8-6

TAISANG June 8. SWATOW, HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, June 8, at 6 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 7-6

TJINEGARA June 8. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MENADO, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjinegara sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, June 8, at 11 a.m., taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 8-6

PRONTO June 10. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, June 10, at 6 a.m. For freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 9-6

DAHPU June 12. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Monday, June 12. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
ASAMA MARU ..... June 14
TATUTA MARU .... July 1

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... June 27

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NAKO MARU ..... June 20

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Hongkong
ATUTA MARU ..... June 24

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HARUNA MARU .... June 13
KATORI MARU .... June 27

Nagasaki Express Service
SHANGHAI MARU .. June 7
NAGASAKI MARU .. June 10
SHANGHAI MARU .. June 12
NAGASAKI MARU .. June 15
SHANGHAI MARU .. June 17
NAGASAKI MARU .. June 20
SHANGHAI MARU .. June 22

Shanghai-Yokohama Service
KASIMA MARU .... June 21
HAKONE MARU .... July 4

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A SARPEDON June 24 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
C DEUCALION July 8 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
ANTILOCHUS July 18 Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough.
A PATROCLUS July 22 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
C MEMNON Aug. 5 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow

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ms. PANAMA	July 11	July 12	Japan Ports

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For Keelung and Takao
TYOSA MARU ..... June 6
TYOSA MARU ..... June 19

Hongkong Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
BUENOS AIRES MARU June 22
ARGENTINA MARU ... July 19
For South America via E. & S. Africa
AFRICA MARU ..... July 7
HAWAII MARU ..... Aug. 2
For Bombay
MELBOURNE MARU .. June 17
*MANSEI MARU ..... July 5

Keelung & Nagasaki Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... June 17
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
TAKAO MARU ..... June 24

Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
*TOSAN MARU ..... June 13
For European Ports via New York
*KINAI MARU ..... June 24
*TOKAI MARU ..... June 8
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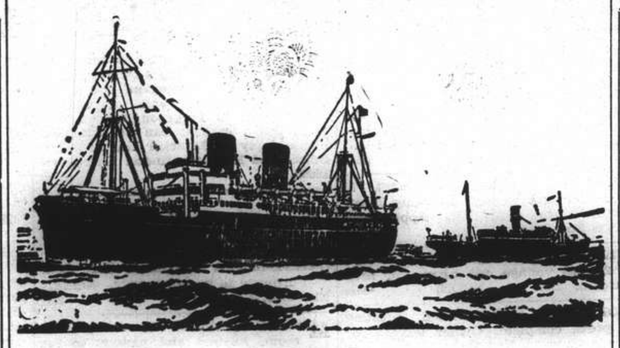

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	20	RANPURA	17,000
	27	‡*BEHAR	6,100
July	4	RAWALPINDI ..	17,000
	11	*SOUDAN	6,700
	18	CHITRAL	15,000
Aug.	1	CORFU	15,000
	8	*BURDWAN	6,100
	15	CANTON	16,000
	29	CARTHAGE	15,000

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Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NANKIN	E. T. Pilcher	June 9	June 30	July 19
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	July 11	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
TANDA	M. B. Skinner	Aug. 11	Sept. 2	Sept. 21

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SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
June 9	June 12	June 14	Athos II	June 17	June 19	June 20
June 27	June 30	July 2	Chenonceaux	July 4	July 6	July 7
July 7	July 10	July 12	Felix Roussel	July 15	July 17	July 18
July 21	July 24	July 26	MAREC. JOFFRE	July 29	July 31	Aug. 1
Aug. 4	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Pre. Doumer	Aug. 12	Aug. 14	Aug. 15

FREIGHT SERVICE
ss. SIKIANG .... will arrive at Shanghai about June 10 and will sail for Kobe on the same day

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mv. DUISBURG	June 16, 1939.	Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.
mv. SAUERLAND	June 27, 1939.	Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.

Outward vessels latest movements:

		Due Shanghai	
ss. PREUSSEN	Left Hongkong	June 6	June 9
ss. ODENWALD	Left Port Swettenham	June 2	June 16
mv. LEVERKUSEN	Passed Suez	May 25	June 24
mv. RHEINLAND	Left Rotterdam	May 25	July 3

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Cathay Hotel Book Stall, Cathay Hotel.
Palace Hotel Book Stall, Palace Hotel.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

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will leave Shanghai To-day, at 11 a.m.
from JARDINE'S POOTUNG WHARF, POOTUNG SIDE. for
BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE
via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay and Port Said
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ms. NINGPO	July 17	ms. PEIPING	July 25

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	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 5	June 7 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	June 8	June 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	June 11	June 13 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 13	June 15 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	June 16	June 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	June 19	June 21 at 9 a.m.

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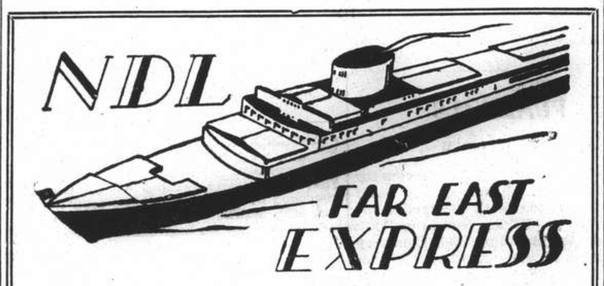

Homewards:
ms. **COBURG** for Marseilles, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. June 18
ms. **MARBURG** for Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. July 16
ss. **GNEISENAU** for Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. July 25
ms. **REGENSBURG** for Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Aug. 21

Outwards:
ss. ODER ..... Left Port Said May 28 Due S'hai June 27
ms. MARBURG ... Left Antwerp June 1 „ „ July 6
ss. MOSEL ..... Left Genoa June 7 „ „ July 7
ms. FULDA ..... Left Port Said June 5 „ „ July 10

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The News of the Week

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons and other features, and well illustrated by photographs — the "North-China Herald" is the newspaper to send to the family and friends abroad.

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 THE BUND, Shanghai TELEPHONE 11055

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EMPRESS

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Steamer	S'hai Leave	N'saki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	H'lulu Leave	Victoria Vancouver Arrive
Empress of Canada	June 11	—	June 14	June 16	June 23	June 28
Empress of Russia	June 25	June 27	June 27	July 1	—	July 10
Empress of Japan	July 9	—	July 12	July 14	July 20	July 25

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Empress of Russia	June 13	June 15	June 17
Empress of Japan	June 28	June 30	July 2

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PRES. PIERCE	July 17	PRES. CLEVELAND	Aug. 29

HONGKONG AND MANILA:

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
PRES. COOLIDGE	July 19	PRES. CLEVELAND	Aug. 17
PRES. TAFT	Aug. 3	PRES. PIERCE	Aug. 31

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ms. Triton left Hamburg Apr. 30, due Shanghai June 15
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ms. Triton loads Shanghai .. .. July 24
ms. Tarn loads Shanghai .. .. Aug. 18

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Activity in Heavy Trades

Boom in Iron, Steel, Coal and Mercantile Shipbuilding ; Canning Industry Problems

IN the boxing world the heavyweight section has long been a stock joke. Not so in industry, where the "heavies"—iron and steel, coal and now mercantile shipbuilding—are busy knocking the word slump out of the ring, states the "Financial News." The iron and steel output figures published recently confirmed that the revival of activity that began in the latter half of January is continuing.

The following are the figures for the year to date :—

STEEL OUTPUT

Month	Output (tons)	Daily average (tons)
Jan.	811,700	31,219
Feb.	971,100	40,462
March	1,170,900	43,366
April	1,058,200	44,091

PIG-IRON OUTPUT

Month	Output (tons)	Daily average (tons)
Jan.	500,500	16,145
Feb.	516,000	18,463
March	603,600	19,471
April	608,900	20,293

For the whole of 1938 the output of steel was 10,394,000 tons, against the previous year's peak figure of 12,984,000 tons. The 1937 output of pig-iron was 8,493,000 tons and the 1938 figure 6,763,000 tons, with monthly averages of 1,082,000 tons for steel and of 707,800 for pig-iron in 1937.

Present Boom

The present boom is expected to continue so that the current year may well see a turnover equal to that of 1937. Behind this marked expansion of output stand a number of customers whose need is urgent. There is the intensified armament programme, with its demand for special shipbuilding and structural steels. There is A.R.P., which lays emphasis on structural steels, whether for shelters or for evacuation camps. On the civil side, but only recently making its appearance, is the flood of orders for tramp and cargo liners let loose by the Government's shipping proposals. General industrial demand also is good, especially from the heavy machinery and engineering trades, from the collieries and from the motor industry.

Approach to Capacity

This rush of prosperity has, however, brought with it an attendant train of problems, quite apart from the fears of special taxation that have kept the investor away from Iron and Steel shares, despite the good output returns. In the first place, the steel industry, but not the pig-iron, is now working dangerously near the capacity line—estimated at 14,483,000 tons per annum at the end of 1938. Moreover, actual capacity is no more than 90 per cent. of this figure. In this case, to avoid overstrain, it would be well to increase supplies from the Continent, Australia and later from India. Steps have already been taken to do this. The special nature of the present demand hardly justifies large additions to the industry's present manufacturing capacity and, in any case, such additions would take time to complete.

Pig-iron capacity is adequate, for blast-furnace capacity is calculated at 10,024,000 tons per annum. A formidable bottle-neck has appeared, however, in connection with available supplies of scrap. Stocks have now exhausted and, in addition to the use of a larger proportion of pig-iron by the steel makers, it has been found necessary to draw upon American supplies of scrap to make good the shortage. There is the weak link in the iron and steel industry, and one that should be strengthened by the accumulation of adequate reserves of scrap and by improvement in the machinery devised for its collection.

At the same time, it is greatly to be hoped that the iron and steel industry will refuse to history its well-known prerogative of repeating itself. It must—and has already made arrangements to—fulfil the needs of the Service departments in priority to all other requirements. But, while taking steps to ensure adequacy of supplies it must avoid the over-accumulation of stocks of finished products and of raw materials that marked the close of the 1937 boom.

Finally, it is to be hoped that counsels of moderation will continue to rule its price policy. Prices of steel and of pig-iron come up for revision at the end of June. It has been suggested that they may be raised. To do so would be a serious tactical error.

Coal Expansion

The recent improvement in the affairs of the coal industry owes much less to the acceleration of defence measures than does its counterpart in the iron and steel trades. Nor, in actual fact, has the improvement been so marked. In the quarter ended March last production of saleable coal, at 61,359,000 tons, was rather below the corresponding 1938 figure of 62,605,000 tons. But, in the month of March, 1939, output rose more sharply above the February total than was the case in 1938—March, 1939, had an output of 21,829,000 tons, against 19,174,000 tons in the preceding month, while March, 1938, produced 22,006,000 tons, against 20,099,000 tons. Since March this relative improvement has continued, each week in April last bettering its counterpart of April, 1938.

In the case of coal, as of iron and steel, a warning note is necessary. Much of the recent demand, both from home and foreign consumers, has arisen from a desire to accumulate war reserves. Particularly is this true of the large shipment to Germany, Italy, Yugo-Slavia and Egypt. The demand from America has been entirely fortuitous. On the other hand, the disappointing trend of the coal trade with France may shortly be corrected, while, if negotiations with General Franco reach a successful conclusion, the Spanish market will be reopened. On the whole, however, the fact that much of the present activity arises from a special stocking movement, invites a cautious assessment of the longer-term outlook.

Bunker Coal

So, too, do the complaints of shipowners that bunker coal is too dear and is inadequately marketed. Between 1929 and 1938 exports of bunker coal fell from 16,391,000 tons to 10,489,000 tons. The Government has given encouragement to shipowners to order coal-burning vessels, but the differential of 1s. to 1s. 6d. per ton as against oil is not sufficient to bring owners back to steam in any large number unless bunker prices are brought into more active competition with fuel oil.

Nor, in the international export sphere, can it be overlooked that, as the Anglo-German coal agreement is not being enforced in view of present political tension, the whole European cartel scheme is in the melting pot. Germany's internal needs have been so insatiable of late that she has not greatly troubled the export market. But she will reappear when her own reserves are adequate.

Canning Problems

The name of war-preparedness covers a multitude of applications by industry for subsidies and special assistance. There can be no doubt that the United Kingdom canning industry, already expanding, would find the call upon its services almost overwhelming in the event of war. The industry has made no claim on the public purse and is to be congratulated on its forbearance, for it has encountered, and has not yet completely overcome, all the numerous difficulties that beset the path of the pioneer.

Some of these difficulties are described in a recent report of the Imperial Economic Committee entitled "A Survey of the Trade in Canned Food." There is the difficulty of ensuring adequate supplies; the difficulty of transport of perishable fruits to the canneries; and the difficulty of securing a sufficient labour force in rural areas at a time when the harvest is in full swing.

Measures have been undertaken to overcome these difficulties. The one most adapted to the moderate-sized undertakings of this country has been to pack other food products out of the fruit season and so reduce overheads by maintaining the labour force at a steady figure throughout the year. A method likely to be used more extensively in the future is that of cold storing fruits and vegetables over a short period prior to processing.

One these problems and those of marketing and distribution are successfully overcome, the British canning industry should make rapid progress. The "National mark" scheme has helped on the marketing side, but imports still hold sway over too large a proportion of the home market while exports hardly do justice to the demand for British fruits and vegetables that would spring up abroad, and especially in the Empire, were the price brought down to a more reasonable figure.

New York Market Irregular

New York, June 5.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed irregularly today in one of the quietest sessions in the past month. The market opened slightly higher but drifted downward until favourable steel operaiton estimates resulted in new support.

Wall Street hears that U. S. Rubber may vote common dividends late in 1939 or early in 1940. Some traders are bullish on coppers. Goodrich will pay around 75 cents per share for the first half of this year. New York Air Brakes' second quarters earnings should be somewhat ahead of the first quarter.

The market has about held its own in the past week. The composite average of 65 leading stocks last week was .03 of a point below the previous week.

Traders said the list's performance was good but some anticipate a moderate reaction which would meet support within the 130-135 level. This, it is said, would strengthen the technical position of the market and make it more susceptible to good news.

Favourable market factors today included :—

1. The further rise in steel operations.
2. Renewed talk of government-business appeasement.
3. Chicago steel scrap rose 50 cents.
4. Business failures for the week ending June 1 were the smallest in a year.

Among the unfavourable factors were these :—

1. The delay in the conclusion of the Anglo-Franco-Soviet pact.
2. The absence of extensive speculative interest in the market.
3. The continued deadlock in the Briggs strike.
4. Cotton mills are expected to curtail operations for the summer despite the recent improvement in demand for textiles.—United Press.

Cotton Subsidy Plan Delayed

Washington, June 6.

The Administration yesterday shelved plans for a cotton export subsidy this summer and formulated no other plan to aid cotton exports for the present.

Officials said the delay was necessary for "practical political reasons." The possibility was seen that the programme might be revived later.—United Press.

U.S. Pacific Fleet Off For Manoeuvres

San Pedro, Calif., June 5.

Eighty American warships and 400 naval planes of the Pacific Fleet left the naval bases of San Pedro and San Diego today for the large island of San Clemente, where they will take part in manoeuvres until June 20.—Havas.

Warsaw Station Burned

Warsaw, June 6.

The new railway station here, the construction of which was to have been completed within two months, was seriously damaged by fire at 6 a.m. today.

No information is yet available as to the origin of the fire or regarding the number of casualties.—Havas.

MR. Hsiao Fu-cheng, a prominent rice merchant and member of the Central Executive Committee of the Chinese Government, passed away in Bangkok, Siam, on June 1, says a Chungking Chinese message to the "Shun Pao." Condolences have been sent the bereaved family by Mr. Lin Sen, Chairman of the Central Government, the report adds.

New Instruments of War Sought

U.S. Appropriations Told To Committee ; Safety of Panama Canal in View

Washington, June 6.

Rapid scientific development of new instruments of war rather than any threatened war in Europe or the Orient necessitates President Roosevelt's $2,000,000,000 rearmament programme, the Secretary of War, Mr. Harry Woodring, told the House of Representatives Military Affairs Committee here yesterday.

He testified in support of the $300,000,000 bill which would provide funds for the expansion of the Army Air Corps to 6,000 planes.

Stressing that defence of the Panama Canal was vital to national security, Mr. Woodring disclosed that aviation units in Hawaii would be augmented soon to co-operate in the defence of the canal.

Mr. Woodring said increased aviation power on Hawaii will "give added security to the canal against attack from the Pacific."

Military aviation experts here believed patrol and fighting planes in the future would cruise through the south Pacific as far as their range from Hawaii would permit. Such patrols would enable the army and navy to observe sea routes from the Far East to the Panama Canal.—United Press.

Oceans No Security

Washington, June 5.

"Militarily, the Americas are no longer a continent apart," the War Secretary declared.

Speaking in the course of debates on credits for his Department, Mr. Woodring stated, "World tension and new armaments have made the American people understand that their security is no longer assured by the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans."

He advocated the grant of credits necessary for the construction of a third set of locks on the Panama Canal to serve only war vessels in the event of an emergency.—Havas.

Terrorists Dynamite Highway

Further Acts of Sabotage In Palestine

Jerusalem, June 5.

The highway between this city and Jericho was dynamited today. In the course of an investigation, the police found 250 pounds of explosives and several uniforms of Arab irregulars in the village of Silet Hartiya.

The Arab newspaper "El Djihad" has been banned for two weeks for printing an article denouncing the secret policy and activities of the Jewish Agency. The Agency was blamed for every crime committed in Palestine by Jews and, according to the paper, Jewish immigration is being financed on an extensive scale through the bribing of British officials.

The paper demanded that the Jewish Agency and its leader, Dr. Chaim Weizmann, be expelled in the same manner as Arab leaders.—Trans-Ocean.

FUNERALS

Mr. T. O. C. Freeman

The funeral (cremation) service for the late Mr. Thomas Otway Cuffe Freeman, whose death occurred at his residence on Friday evening, took place in the Bubbling Well Cemetery Chapel on Monday afternoon in presence of many friends. The chief mourner was the widow Mrs. Laura Freeman. Dean Trivett, of the Cathedral, was the officiating clergyman. On the coffin which was draped with a blue velvet pall rested a beautiful sheaf of white lillies from Laura. Among others sending floral tributes were:—

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Campbell and J. H Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Steffens, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Duff, Mr. and Mrs. Y. C. Locke, Mr. and Mrs. G. Abbass, Mrs. Ruth Linn and Jane, Mrs. J. R N. Montgomery, Madame and L. R. Hossenloff, Mr. E. P. Koller and family, Two Watchmen, etc.

The funeral arrangements were in the care of Messrs. Thomas Macdonald & Co.

Mrs. A. P. Nazer

In presence of a large attendance of mourners the remains of the late Mrs. Alice Mary Nazer, wife of Mr. A. P. Nazer, were laid to rest in Bubbling Well Cemetery yesterday afternoon, the casket having been brought from Peitaiho where Mrs. Nazer's demise took place on May 21. The chief mourners were Mr. A. P. Nazer, the husband, Mrs. Davidson and Mr. Thompson. The services were conducted by the Rev. C. Wilfred Allan of the Union Church. The pallbearers were:—

Messrs. N. E. Kent, F. G. Harrison, Eric Sampson, W. J. Milne, Hugh Middleton, F. W. Foster, I. A. Beith and R. G. MacDonald.

A beautiful floral tribute from the husband was lowered into the grave with the casket. In place of flowers friends were requested to send donations to either the King's Daughters Society or the Alexandra Hostel but wreaths were received from the following among others:—

Uncle Willie and Auntie Allie, May and George, Allan and Elsie, Mary and Cyril, Auntie Jane, Hugh and Vallia, Lily and Garry, Joan and Ivon Donnelly, L. J. Davies, K. M. Cumming, Paddy and "Father," The Committee and members of the Hungjao Golf Club, Cissy, The Chairman and Executive Committee of the British Women's Association, Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Gibson, Dr. B. P. Gringut, Chen Ken-dung (boy) Chang Yeh-zung, Tse Li-kung, Wu Soey-sung (cook) Tse Wang-kung (driver) Koo Teh-tsing, etc.

Messrs. Thomas Macdonald & Co. were in charge of the arrangements.

Mob Loots Stores in Jamaica

Kingston, Jamaica, June 6.

Chinese grocers barricaded their shops in the corporate area yesterday when a band of unemployed started looting various shops.

Five Chinese shops were entered. Money and food were taken and the shopkeepers were beaten.

Six arrests were made and police now have the situation well in hand.—United Press.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

COMPETENT stenotypist required by British firm. Salary $150. Write full particulars Box 4756, NCDN.

CHINESE Assistant wanted for Chinese Bookkeeping and English typing. Salary $40 per month. Address to Box, 4757 NCDN.

CAN anyone recommend chauffeur with first-class references. May commence duties immediately, or at later date, as convenient to present employer. Please address Box 4749, NCDN. 13307

YOUNG Chinese, with good English education, wanted who is willing to learn salesmanship. Salary and commission. State education and salary required. Address Box 4750, NCDN. 13308

EUROPEAN firm of first-class standing offers opening to educated Chinese of good family to handle imports of paper as departmental head. The employment would be with half a year's probation and subject to sanction by the Directors. Men experienced in the paper trade only need apply. Their application must be exhaustive and supported by testimonials and references which will be treated strictly confidential. Address Box 4742, NCDN. -8066

WANTED; well-educated Chinese lady, speaking fluent Mandarin, must be a good story teller and capable of translating English into Chinese. Applicants please state qualifications, experience, and salary required. Address, Consolidated National Advertising Co., 255 Shantung Road. 13309

ASSURE yourself of a successful business career by studying Gregg shorthand, typewriting, coding, filing, office routine, book-keeping/elementary accounting correspondence course, with Rodda's Commercial College, Flat 211, 314 Hardoon Road, telephone 33164. 13244

YOU can qualify locally for a high-salaried position. Our recent examination successes include Inter. and Final of the Corporation of Certified Secretaries (A.C.C.S.), and Associate and Fellow Stages of the Institute of Bookkeepers (F.B.I.). Send for free booklet. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant), Principal. -8053

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of four dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.65.

LADY chemist, 24, thorough chemical knowledge, specialised in organic synthesis with brome, acetyl. French, German, English. Seeks position. Address Box 4720, NCDN. -7997

YOUNG lady stenotypist seeks employment. Good references. Address Box 4727, NCDN. -8066

FOREIGNER, young and hard-working, expert for electrical motors, open for engagement. Box 4746, NCDN. -8093

YOUNG Chinese girl seeks position as typist or office assistant. Salary no object. Address Box 4652, NCDN. -7929

YOUNG Eurasian girl, steno-typist, desires extra work after office hours. Box 4642, NCDN. -7880

WELL-experienced expert lady secretary stenographer, intelligent, hard-working, knowledge of bookkeeping. Box 4656, NCDN. -7939

MIDDLE-aged Chinese educated lady with knowledge of English, music and typewriting, desires position in family or office as beginner. Salary unimportant. Address Box 4249, NCDN. -8020

COMMERCIAL artist desires position with local leading advertising firm. Eleven years experience in Europe. First-class references and at present employed in Hongkong. Please reply to Box 4651, NCDN. -7930

Educational

BOX 4412 thanks all applicants. The position has been filled. -8055

ENGLISH and shorthand lessons given by Englishman. Box 4721, NCDN. -8056

TEACHER in Spanish wanted. Address Box 4726, NCDN. -8065

VIOLIN lessons for beginners by professional teacher. Address Box 4732, NCDN. -8072

YOUNG lady wants to take English lessons in exchange for German. Address Box 4733, NCDN. -8072

JAPANESE class lesson pupils invitation, who has some knowledge of Romanized-Japanese reading. Twice a week 8-9 evening. $10 for a month. Appointment Telephone 72219. Miss Kadonashi. -7740

MATHEMATICS, Latin, French, German, by experienced teacher/tutor. Dr. S. Herz. Box 3290, NCDN. -6807

FRENCH lessons. Speedy and excellent results assured. Fully qualified gentleman-teacher. Twice weekly at pupils' home, $25. Box 3933, NCDN. -6689

PEIPING young lady gives pure Mandarin language lessons at pupils' homes. Reasonable rates. Box 4707, NCDN. -8034

PHILOSOPHY, German, English, by experienced teacher, with highest recommendations, moderate terms. Doctor of Berlin University. Box 4692, NCDN. -8002

REFINED Chinese lady, gives Mandarin and local dialect lessons to foreigners. Address Box 4708, NCDN. -8035

Miscellaneous

PRIVATE tennis lawn club, near Bubbling Well/Yu Yuen Roads, is taking few outside members. Telephone 21388, between 1-2 p.m. -8004

ANY responsible party going to Europe via Siberia, second-class, end of June, willing to take care of girl of 13 to Paris, please communicate for arrangements with Box 4179, NCDN. 12958

TYPEWRITERS bought, sold, rented, repaired, rebuilt Hermes-Baby Dealers, Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse, Telephone 11875. -7620

REFRIGERATORS G. E. repaired with guarantee. Also for sale. 6, 8 and 13 cubic ft. Russian Electric Co., Telephone 74816. -7144

Office Cars

LIFT available, Petain/Frelupt to Kiangse/Kiukiang Roads, thrice daily. Write Box 4751, NCDN. -8101

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE, used typewriter, Remington portable. Telephone 71468. -8077

FOR SALE, second-hand ceiling fans and desk revolving fans, apply Madier, Ribet & Co., 9 Avenue Edouard VII. 13300

FOR SALE at the best offers, 75 Auditorium Shares. 200 City Loan Bonds 7 per cent. 1932. Apply Post Office Box 4014. -8064

ELECTRO-motor slipring, Asea, 20 h.p., 220/380 voltage, 960 r.p.m., for sale. Bargain. Box 3525, NCDN. -8093

FOR SALE, old-established printing press, complete. Owner leaving for Home. Address Box 4745, NCDN. -8092

FOR SALE one share (1934 issue) of the N.Z. Perpetual Forests, Ltd. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. Address Box 4754, NCDN. 13312

A NEW shipment of featherweight English material for shirts and pyjamas on hand for making the summer more tolerable. Shirts made to measure, $6.50. Razon's, shirt specialist, 12 Central Road. 13193

CROCHET gloves, 60 cents; linen handkerchiefs, 25 cents, applique aprons, 85 cents; guest towels, 25 cents; bath towels, 21-in. x 42-in., 90 cents. Many latest laces and linens priced lowest in town. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 13212

SKEETERKILL is still selling at antebellum prices. H. B. Campbell, 1481 Bubbling Well Road. -7974

DO you know the world-known mosquito defence, Knockout? Apply to Périguaud, Fabrication des Production Cosmetiques. 454 Kinchow Road. -6987

CONVERTIBLE bed-sofa, English design, steel mattress, $60. Apply Telephone 32213. -8000

FURNITURE. Dining-room and bedroom set, Simmons bed. Apartment 1006 Hamilton House, Foochow Road C Entrance, 10th floor. Inspection any time. -8006

LAST days liquidation. Hurry to obtain dinner and tea sets, at bargain prices. Do not delay. General Commercial Co., 109 Route Vallon. -7616

CHAMOIS leather for automobiles, windows, silverware, glass-ware and gloves, best English make, 24-in. x 23-in., $7 per piece, 13-in. x 12-in., $2 per piece. Thompson Shoe Co., 331 Szechuen Road, Telephone 18215. -7749

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -8012

SHIRTS. Made to measure. Guaranteed fast colour. English Cellular, $7.50; Duro, $8.50; Tootal, $12.50. Razon's, Central Road. 13131

Business Opportunities

WANTED compradore with capital for expansion of profitable business representing European first-class shirt factory. Box 4728, NCDN. -8067

BIG opportunity. Bar-restaurant for immediate sale. Telephone 85027. -8083

ENGLISHMAN, single, 37, traveller, temporarily Shanghai, seeks companion British/American lady, £475, assist good proposition. Travelling may be required. Serious. Reply promptly Box 4694, NCDN. -8009

CHEMICAL engineer seeks capital to start business. Qualified in manufacturing toilet articles, canned food products, distilling wines, aerated water and pharmaceutical products. Address Box 4580, NCDN. -7838

FOR SALE, going business, old-established. Owner leaving for America. Address Box 4706, NCDN. -8027

Wanted to Purchase

CASH to purchase, four second-hand Underwood typewriters, any sizes and models, offer your lowest price. Address Box 4740, NCDN. -8082

WANTED to buy or hire for three months, small electric water pump 1/6 to ½ h.p., single phase, a.c., 220 volts. Address Box 4734, NCDN. 13299

WANTED, projector 8 mm. model 40 or 50. Address Box 4729, NCDN. -8059

WANTED to purchase Leica Contax, new or secondhand. Telephone 87711 during office hours. -7864

WANTED to purchase a second-hand first-class bed-sofa and a piano (baby-grand preferred). Price and particulars Box 4563, NCDN. -7804

PIANO wanted, any condition, willing to pay good price. Apply 149/1 Kiaochow Road, Telephone 32298 Cheng. -7217

WANTED to purchase all kinds of second-hand goods, all districts, willing to pay good price. Apply George Yang, 510 Peking Road, Telephone 96967. -6448

SMALL size Electrolux refrigerator and direct current radio. Both second-hand but good condition. Must be cheap. Address Box 4687, NCDN. -7991

USED upright or grand piano. Reply stating lowest price and make to Box 4711, NCDN. 13280

Animals

WANTED Irish red setter dog or English setter dog. Preferably young. Good home. Address Box 4739, NCDN. -8080

HANDSOME chestnut cross bred 14-2 for sale to experienced rider. Address Box 4741, NCDN. 13302

FOR SALE, fox-terrier puppies, 2 months old, please telephone 33564. -8097

LOSS by death through accident or sickness is recoverable under special pony insurance cover. Apply Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance) Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road. 13132

FOR SALE: Two thoroughbred Airedale puppy-bitches, one month old. Apply: Renacre, Telephone 13705-12487. -7980

TRAINING School for dogs. Any kind of training. Also boarded, $18 monthly. 1866 Avenue Haig. -7626

FOR SALE, two well-marked fox-terrier pups (males). Two months old. Good homes essential. Mrs. King, Telephone 12737 between 10.30-12 noon or 3.30-5 p.m. -8016

WANTED: Stud services of male Siamese cat. Telephone 72266. 13273

Houses and Land

FOR SALE or long lease at moderate prices. Four, 2- and 3-storied houses in course of construction and eight ready for building, with or without land, in Route Ferguson/Dupleix district. Extra gardens can be arranged. Please apply to Debecker Law & Estate Offices, 262 Hamilton House. Telephone 16660. 13208

Furnished Apartments

THREE-roomed apartment for rent. Furniture to be taken over. Address Box 4752, NCDN. -8102

MODERN apartment, 2½ rooms, bathroom, kitchen and pantry, to let from middle of June. Rent $200 includes water and taxes. Foreigners only. Furniture new, bedroom, drawing room, dining room, radio, canteen set, carpets and curtains, to be taken over, below cost price. Owner leaving. Box 4461, NCDN. -8017

TO LET, furnished, July 1, for 2 or 3 months. Four rooms. Brookside Apartments, 433 Avenue Haig. Address Box 4689, NCDN. -7995

CENTRALLY located, one-roomed flat, kitchen, bathroom. Rent $130. Zenith radio, pickup, and furniture to be taken over. Box 4713, NCDN. -8046

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE. One Morris car 1932, just overhauled and newly painted, reasonable price. Call 20 Baikal Road, Telephone 50812. -8074

SECOND-hand, moderate size motor car required, not earlier than 1936. Offers to Box 4737, NCDN. 13298

FORD, 1929/1930, excellent condition, Can be seen at Park Apartments' garden. Make offer. Address Box 4744, NCDN. 13301

CASH for 1934/35 Ford or Plymouth sedan. Address Box 4755, NCDN. 13313

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -8418

WANTED used motor cars, any model, pay cash. Telephone 39935. -7691

SALE Austin 7 tourer, 1930, new battery, paint and five new tyres. Excellent engine. Address Box 4704, NCDN. -8024

FORD V8, 1935 sedan, excellent condition, owner leaving. Address Box 4700, NCDN. -8021

VAUXHALL saloon 1935 model, 6 cylinders, 14 h.p. perfect condition, like new. Address Box 4701, NCDN. -8021

REQUIRED sedan, 7/10 h.p., 1934 or later. State price and particulars to Box 4717, NCDN. 13290

Personal

ZWEI Wiener, Emigranten, im Erwerbsleben stehend, sind auf der Suche nach zwei lieben Wiener Maedeln, die ihnen gute Kameradinnen sein moechten. Box 4723, NCDN. -8061

FROM 4471. Anxious. Regret could not locate you, 12.15. Please give means communicate. Write Post Office Box 1034. -8089

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before June 15, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 3250, 3531, 3946, 3951, 3954, 3963, 3979, 4012, 4016, 4019, 4077, 4137, 4141, 4145, 4197, 4233, 4265, 4288, 4303, 4360, 4375, 4409, 4414, 4415, 4421, 4423, 4438, 4444, 4450, 4456, 4472, 4477, 4491, 4497, 4506, 4511, 4523, 4534, 4559, 4582, 4613, 4614, 4620.

Chinese Servants

EXCELLENT cook-boy available immediately. Recommended to be absolutely trustworthy and remarkably careful by a German family now going Home, by whom he was employed for the last three years. Address Box 4724, NCDN. -8062

GOOD and reliable cook and coolie recommended. Clean, honest and hard-working. Telephone 31250 during office hours. -8065

FIRST-class cook-boy, honest, clean, hardworking, speaking good English, seeks position. Address Box 4725, NCDN. -8063

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency! Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -7572

HIGHLY recommended cook-boy, honest and reliable. Telephone 29605. -7806

COOK-boy with good reference, seeks position. Telephone 70119, Apartment 32. -8051

PICKED, experienced servants with best references. Also cashiers, clerks, office-boys. American Employment Agency, Telephone 84196. -8042

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). The one and only with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. 13140

Dancing

MCAWAY Dancing Academy, young ladies teach ballroom dancing and give private lessons. 427 Yu Yuen Road. -7659

LADY gives private lessons in ballroom dancing from 11-12 and 2-7 at 378 Roi Albert, Apartment 11. -7679

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given, readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, 10-7 p.m. 153 Nanking Road, Flat A2, fourth floor. Room 401. Telephone 12160. -7663

354 SEYMOUR Road, House 5, Flat 7, near Avenue Road, massage; removed from 1205 Bubbling Well. -7511

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 13142

Rooms Without Board

JUST redecorated, well furnished room, balcony, all conveniences. 455 Rue Lafayette. Park Apartments. Apartment 104, Telephone 82912. -8076

ROOM to let. 455 Rue Lafayette, Apartment 303. -8059

SPACIOUS room with private bath and kitchenette. Central. $95. Telephone 18938. -8064

NICELY-furnished, big room, French Concession, near tram stop. All modern conveniences, 3rd floor. Single person. Cool and quiet. Telephone 72355 or 1230 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 21. -8099

LARGE south room, balcony. Board optional 59 Paul Henry. Telephone 12635. -8091

FURNISHED rooms in private house, all conveniences, vicinity Route Sayzoong. Rent $40/$65. Telephone 76941, mornings. -7998

COOL rooms in quiet, clean house for transient guests available. Daily terms $3 to $5. Telephone 74982. -7985

FROM June 10, furnished room, in family. All modern conveniences. Single person. Telephone 81670. 455 Rue Lafayette, 304 Park Apartments. -8029

TO LET, large, well-furnished, cool room in modern apartment. Avenue Apartments 113 (314 Hardoon Road.) -8005

FOR RENT, large room on third floor, southern exposure, best part of Concession. Telephone 75224 from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m. -8032

SOFORT zu vermieten. Modern moebliertes grosses Zimmer und schoenes Atticzimmer fuer $50 in Privatvilla, Suedseite, Garten, Bad, Telefon. Amherst Avenue 74 Ecke Columbia Road. Autobus 2 vor der Tuer. -8012

Rooms with Board

MARRIED couple offers accommodation consisting of two adjacent rooms and private bath in an exclusive apartment. Telephone 17310 office hours. -8057

WELL-furnished room with verandah, south, private bathroom, garden. S. Eriksen, 335 Rue Bourgeat. -7779

BEVERLEY House, 30 Boissezon. A select boarding house, in residential section of French Concession. All rooms screened and with private baths. Telephone 70787. -13201

TO LET, nice, furnished room, bath, telephone, roof-garden. Board optional. Telephone 76793, from 8-1, 7.30-9 p.m. -7992

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable, very large rooms and big verandah, facing south. Also single room. Private bathroom, big garden. Telephone 35534. -7886

Unfurnished Apartments

TWO-roomed apartment, all conveniences, sixth floor, to let. Apply 2032 Avenue Joffre, Villa Victor. -8100

Furnished Houses

SIX-roomed house, in best part of French Concession; two bathrooms, garage. Rent $150. Lease can be had. Good furniture to be sold for US$1,000. Only serious replies will be considered. No agents. Address Box 4730, NCDN. -8070

TO LET for summer. Fully furnished foreign house, 100 yards off Yu Yuen Road, with attractive garden of over two mow. Rental $350 per mensem including servants. Address Box 4480, NCDN. 13141

SIX-roomed house, two bathrooms, western district, $250 monthly, 6 months or longer. Box 4620, NCDN. -7865

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET. Jukiang Road, Lane 138, near Woosung Road, Houses Nos. 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20 and 21, Chinese houses, also No. 106 Jukiang Road, factory and vacant land. Moderate rental. Apply Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd. 391 Kiangse Road. Telephone 11169. 13311

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET in Arnhold Building, 4th floor, 320 Szechuen Road, office space 1,300 sq. ft. about. Available end of month. Telephone 14834. -8048

TO LET, St. Anne Building, 25 Rue du Consulat, office rooms. Apply 34, third floor. -8038

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Holiday Resorts

WANTED, double room with bath and board at Peitaiho, July/August. Address Box 4716, NCDN. 13295

TSINGTAO: best part Iltus Huk. Modern, furnished apartment, dining room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, servants' rooms, garage. Crockery, cutlery, etc, $650 for four months. Plans, photos available. Telephone, tiffin time, 74844. -7831

TSINGTAO, Iltis Huk. Villa Lucia, first-class Italian pension. Large rooms with sea view. Garden. Home-grown vegetables. 4 Chih Chuan Road, Tsingtao. -7172

Wanted to Rent

WANTED by foreigner, house or flat, 5-6 rooms, w.c., kitchen, bath, unfurnished/furnished. Address Box 4731, NCDN. -8071

WANTED, three/four-roomed apartment or four/five roomed house; unfurnished or furnished. Address Box 4722, NCDN. -8060

ENGLISHMAN, responsible position, requires well-furnished room, board, private bath, garage. Quiet essential. Apply with terms. Box 4747, NCDN. -8095

AMERICAN missionary family wishes to rent house or apartment for summer or longer. Box 4743, NCDN. -8090

WANTED furnished apartment or house. Willing pay best price for furniture and key-money. Telephone 74850. -7646

WANTED, from October or earlier, by Swiss couple, three or four-roomed apartment, small house or part of one, furnished or unfurnished. Address Box 4548, NCDN. -7744

ONE-roomed apartment, with all conveniences, western district, wanted. Reasonable rent and no key-money. Box 4617, NCDN. -7874

WANTED: one large, furnished room or small apartment, private bath, kitchen, Bubbling Well Road area, on or about July 1. Box 4684, NCDN. -7982

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Vienna University

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